"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair to-day and to-morrow; moderate northwest winds.
For full weather report see Page 18.

VOL. LXIII...NO. 20,351. NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1913. TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT. In Greater New York. | Elsewhere, Jersey City, and Newark, TWO CENTS.

BENCH WARRANT FOR J. K. M'GUIRE

Ex-Mayor of Syracuse Indicted for Soliciting Campaign Funds from a Corporation.

BASED ON "BAGMAN'S" TALK

Record of His Request to Conduit for Funds for Democrats Is Introduced.

TAMMANY HALL BROUGHT IN

"Fourteenth Street" Was to Pass on McGuire's Authority to Collect Funds.

James K. McGuire, ex-Mayor of Syracuse, was indicted yesterday morning by the General Sessions Grand Jury for soliciting a campaign contribution in 1912 from the Union Oil Company of California, a corporation doing business in this State. The offense, under Section 44 of the General Corporation Laws, is a misdemeanor, and the maximum punishment is a year in the penitentiary and a fine of $1,000.

McGuire is the leading member of the firm of McGuire & Co., Incorporated, of Syracuse, which has done much of the bonding business for contractors on the barge canal and State highways. His firm, according to testimony given by his brother, George H. McGuire, had a business arrangement with Charles F. Murphy, Jr., also in the bonding business. James K. McGuire for years has been a leading figure in the Democratic politics of the State.

A bench warrant for his arrest was issued by Judge Crain at 1 P. M. yesterday, but District Attorney Whitman's men had not found McGuire up to a late hour last night. Mr. Whitman has been informed that McGuire has sailed for South America or the West Indies. He thinks that he will return to his home in New Rochelle sooner or later, and when he does the warrant will be served on him.

Mr. Whitman left town last night to attend the White House wedding without giving much thought to the capture of McGuire. He acknowledged before he left, however, that he was well pleased to learn that he expected important developments to follow the indictment.

The basis of the indictment against McGuire, as told in THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday, was the testimony of Fillmore Condit, for ten years the New York representative of the Union Oil Company of California. Condit testified, it is understood, that James K. McGuire came to him on Aug. 5, 1912, and asked his company for $5,000 for the Democratic State Committee. McGuire, according to Condit, said that he would have the oil and asphalt products of the Union Oil Company approved by the State Highway Department, thus making it possible to sell them to State contractors if this contribution were made, and if a commission of 1 cent a gallon on all material sold were paid to George H. McGuire of Syracuse, his brother. This brother furnished the necessary corroboration of Condit's story, making it possible to find the indictment. He unknowingly set the trap for the ex-Mayor.

Following the indictment of James K. McGuire there were important developments at the John Doe inquiry into graft which was resumed in the afternoon before Chief Magistrate McAdoo. Incidentally the name of Paul McLoud, former chief engineer of the Department of Highways, was brought into the case.

The new developments make it certain that the trail of graft has been followed a little nearer to Tammany Hall. It came out in the course of the proceedings that Mr Whitman's chief witness, Mr. Condit, was approached as late as Sunday afternoon and that he was warned not to mention the Democratic Party if he were called to testify.

It was also brought out in the John Doe proceedings by eight up-State contractors that Everett P. Fowler of Kingston, against whom an indictment for extortion has been returned, was a most active bagman for the Democratic State Committee.

One of the checks introduced in evidence yesterday came from a corporation and was made payable to Arthur A. McLean, State Treasurer of the Democratic State Committee. The check bears the indorsement of McLean and was cashed at the Fourth National Bank of this city.

The new information, it is held by the District Attorney's office, makes the case against Fowler much stronger. It means, it was said yesterday, that Mr. Whitman will have at least a dozen witnesses to call upon in the trial.

Arthur B. Chamberlin, asphalt broker and agent for a number of corporations which sell products to the State, is the man upon whom a great deal may depend as the John Doe inquiry proceeds. He was a most unwilling witness in the proceedings yesterday.

Chamberlin was employed by the Union Oil Company about a year ago to sell asphalt and road oils. The Union Oil Company had sold some material to a State road contractor, but it was notified from Albany that its product did not "measure up to the specifications." Chamberlin went to Albany and there saw Paul McLoud, then chief engineer of the Highway Department.

"I showed Chief Engineer McLoud that the products did meet the specifications," said Chamberlin. "Then the Union Oil Company's asphalt was accepted."

Made Record of McGuire Visit.

Chamberlin had been employed by Condit. He remained with the Union

Continued on Page 3.

MITCHEL SHUNS POLITICS.

Won't Discuss Appointments Until His Return—Visits Culebra Cut.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PANAMA, Nov. 24.—John Purroy Mitchel, Mayor-elect of New York, refused to-day to discuss any political appointments.

"That will be trouble enough," he said, with a smile, "when I get back to New York. I am resting here from the strain of the campaign, and my only thought is to enjoy my vacation."

Mr. Mitchel was worn out with yesterday's sightseeing. He remained in his hotel most of the day. Late this afternoon he visited Culebra Cut as the guest of Col. Goethals, with others of his party. At 7:45 o'clock he went by special train to visit the locks at Pedro Miguel and Miraflores. Then the party embarked in a launch and cruised about the Pacific entrance to the canal at Balboa.

Mr. Mitchel will leave Panama tomorrow for the Gatun Dam and for Colon to visit the Atlantic end of the canal. He will sail at five o'clock tomorrow afternoon on the fruit liner Tenedores for Bocas del Toro and Fort Limon, visiting Costa Rica and its capital. He will stay a week there and return to Colon on Dec. 2. He will sail the same day for New York, arriving on Dec. 9.

ARMY-NAVY TICKETS UP.

$50 Paid for Two Seats, with $20 Each the Ruling Price.

Interest in the Army and Navy football game to be played at the Polo Grounds on Saturday caused an unusual demand for tickets at fancy prices last night in the hotels, clubs, and Broadway cafes, and in most cases the available supply was quickly exhausted. The highest price reported was paid by a guest at the Hotel Woodstock, who obtained two seats from another guest for $50. The average price was $20 a ticket and the lowest $25 for two tickets. The tickets are issued at the uniform rate of $8 apiece.

At the Army and Navy Club it was said that not enough tickets had been obtained to supply even a small proportion of the demand for seats. Through the New York Baseball Club the Army and Navy Club had obtained ten boxes, seating four persons, for $500 for the lot. But the club had not been able to get more than 25 individual tickets, though many of the members had been provided for individually. At the Hotel Belmont an offer of $100 was made for a box, which could not be supplied. At the Waldorf the few tickets on sale were quickly taken. Some of the hotels were unable to provide any tickets.

RUTGERS STUDENTS RIOT.

Storm a Moving Picture Show and a Vaudeville Theatre.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., Nov. 24.—Between 300 and 400 students of Rutgers College, after a dinner and a bonfire rally on the campus in celebration of their victory over Stevens Institute in the football game on Saturday, started in a procession down George Street, the Great White Way of New Brunswick, last night. The first thing that occurred to them was to visit a moving-picture show. They brushed aside the gatekeeper, usher, and others who wanted them to pay for their seats, and filled the showhouse to overflowing.

The angry proprietor shut off his moving-picture machine and called a couple of policemen, who, after looking into the theatre, decided that the situation was too serious to be met by the civil authorities. But when the moving pictures stopped, the students gave a few Rutgers yells and poured out into George Street again.

The night was still young, and the students swarmed around their leaders and organized another theatre party—this time at the New Brunswick Opera House in George Street. They overcame the feeble resistance at the gate there, and filled the opera house. The vaudeville show on the boards was stopped, and several student performers took the stage and executed clog dances, while most of the audience joined in yells and songs of praise of Rutgers.

This time the entire police force was called out. There were not enough police to stop the proceedings in the theatre, but they arrested four of the students, and the rest, becoming interested in the fate of their fellow-students, quit the theatre and went to the police station, where they stayed on the outside, threatening to mob the jail, but compromising by throwing stones through the windows of the station. At midnight efforts to get bail for the students had been unsuccessful. The four prisoners said they were R. Brevier, R. Sherman, L. Thompson, and E. Prince.

BLEASE FREES 100 CONVICTS

South Carolina Governor in Three Years Has Released 882.

Special to The New York Times.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Nov. 24. Setting a new record for South Carolina and bringing the list of pardons and paroles he has issued since he entered the office of Governor three years ago up to 882, Cole L. Blease has signed papers that free 100 convicts from the State prison and chain gangs of the counties of South Carolina.

With the 90 paroles and one pardon signed the documents go to the Secretary of State to-morrow morning, and Wednesday 100 men now in prison will be free. Blease has made it a rule to free many prisoners just before Thanksgiving Day. Last year he pardoned and paroled 75 men.

Among those who will be paroled are 28 men serving life terms for murder, 28 for manslaughter, 7 for burglary and larceny, 10 for assault and battery with intent to kill, 3 for assault and battery of a high and aggravated nature, 5 for housebreaking and larceny, 1 for highway robbery and larceny, 1 for larceny of livestock, 2 for obtaining goods under false pretenses, 1 for gambling, disorderly conduct and larceny; 3 for criminal assaults on women, 2 for breach of trust, 1 for larceny of a bicycle, 1 for grand larceny, 1 for safe cracking, 1 for larceny and forgery, 1 for bigamy, 3 for violation of the dispensary law.

Latest Ship News.

88 Baltic, 1,700 miles E. of Sandy Hook at 7:40 P. M. 24th; due Saturday, forenoon. 88 Lusitania, was 1,936 miles E. of Sandy Hook at 5:25 P. M. 24th; due Friday, forenoon.
ARRIVED—88 Byron, Rio Janeiro, Nov. 5. 88 San Juan, San Juan, Nov. 19.

RAILROADS APPEAL FOR HIGHER RATES

Hint to Commerce Board That Nation Otherwise May Have to Shoulder Burden.

PROFITS DWINDLE YEARLY

Urgent Pleas of Eastern Lines for Five Per Cent. Advance Supported by Detailed Statistics.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—That the Government will be placed in the position of having to take over the railroads and run them itself unless relief from present conditions be granted was the prospect held out at the preliminary hearing by the Interstate Commerce Commission to-day on the proposal that a general increase of 5 per cent. be permitted in all interstate freight rates of railroads in the region north of the Ohio and the Potomac Rivers and East of the Mississippi River.

The case of the railroads was presented by Daniel Willard, President of the Baltimore & Ohio and Chairman of the Railroad Committee of Presidents, and by Frederic A. Delano, President and receiver of the Wabash system.

Approximately 250 representatives of the railroads and of shippers' organizations were present. Louis D. Brandeis of Boston and Frank Lyon of this city appeared as counsel for the commission to develop facts in opposition to the proposed advance in rates.

President Willard presented arguments and figures tending to show that, as a result of constantly diminishing net revenues, the normal development of railroad facilities in the territory affected had been checked, if it had not been stopped altogether.

President Willard related that the railroads had spent in property investment something like $600,000,000 during the past three years, or at the rate of $200,000,000 a year. Nevertheless, because of the increased cost of operating expenses, the roads during 1912 earned $16,311,321 less than in 1910. The railroads not only failed to earn any return whatever upon the new capital invested, but saved even less from gross earnings, as return upon the original property investment, than they were able to show before this large additional expenditure was made.

Mr. Delano said the evidence would show that the lines in the Central Freight Association territory would have to spend in the near future millions of dollars in improvements on which they would receive no adequate return, and that many of the lines did not have the credit necessary to raise this money.

The statements of Messrs. Willard and Delano were supported by statistical data in great detail, presented by George M. Shriver, Second Vice President of the Baltimore & Ohio, as Chairman of the committee of statisticians for all the roads joined in the proceedings; W. C. Dewhurst, Assistant to the Vice President of the New York Central system, and C. M. Bunting, Controller of the Pennsylvania lines.

Helpless to Fulfill Obligations.

Mr. Willard's intimation that unless the railroads were permitted to increase rates Government ownership must follow, was made at the opening of his address. He said:

> While the carriers fully recognize and acknowledge their obligations to the public and are alive to the duties so imposed, they are helpless to fulfill these obligations unless the financial result of their operation is such as to inspire the confidence of private capital and encourage the support of private enterprise, and the result of operation during the last three years is not such as to inspire the one or encourage the other.
>
> The problem is a broad and true sense affects all interests, and the outcome of this particular case—whichever way it is decided—will mark an epoch which, in effect, will largely determine whether we shall, as in the past, continue to look to private capital and private enterprise for our transportation requirements, or be compelled finally to accept the only alternative possible.

Mr. Willard said that during the two years following the refusal of an advance in 1910 the commerce of the country showed little, if any, change, but during the last fiscal year there was a marked activity in business of all kinds and the gross earnings of railroads generally for the year ended June 30, 1913, were the largest in their history. Notwithstanding the increased gross, however, the railroads in official classification territory continued to show decreases in net earnings. He continued:

> During the fiscal years ended June 30, 1911, 1912, and 1913 the railroads interested in this movement increased their property investment $659,862,000. The gross earnings of these roads during the last fiscal year were $1,424,119,000, or $186,775,000 greater than they were in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1910.
>
> The operating expenses and taxes during the last fiscal year for the same roads at $1,087,365,000 were $203,087,000 greater than they were in 1910; so that even though these railroads earned in gross during the last fiscal year $186,775,000 more than was earned three years previous, the net result, after paying operating expenses and taxes, was actually $16,311,000 less than it was in 1910, notwithstanding the fact that over $659,000,000 of additional money had been spent in the meantime for additions, betterments, and equipment. These companies apparently not only failed to earn any return whatever upon the new capital invested, but saved even less from gross earnings, as return upon the original property investment, than they were able to show before this large additional expenditure was made.

Normal Development Checked.

> The result, as might be expected, of this constant tendency toward diminishing net returns has been to seriously check, if not altogether stop, the normal development of railroad facilities in the territory affected. The tables show that during the ten-year period these railroads found it necessary to increase their property investment approximately $2,000,000,000, an average of about $200,000,000 per annum, and it is certain that an equal if not greater amount per annum will be necessary to meet the requirements of the future.
>
> Railroad managers would hardly be expected, under the circumstances just stated, to continue large capital expenditures for betterments and additions, if possible to avoid doing so, at least unless they had reason to believe that something had happened, or was about to happen, which would materially change the situation.
>
> It is believed that the preceding statements, if confirmed, are sufficient in themselves to justify the request which the carriers now make for advanced rates, unless it can be shown that the causes which have operated to bring about such results are of a temporary character, or have now ceased to exist. As already stated, while the matter has only recently reached an acute stage, the influences which have as a whole served to bring about the present condition have been operating for a number of years. Evidence will be submitted to show some of the contributing causes and their effects.

Expenses Steadily Piled Up.

Mr. Willard cited the increased wages awarded to the different classes of railroad labor in the Eastern territory since 1910, the increased cost of materials, increases in taxes and in ex-

Continued on Page 2.

The Hundred Best Books of the Year
Selected by Prof. John Erskine, Dr. H. R. Steeves, and Dr. Carl Van Doren, together with important articles by Dr. C. B. Davenport, Ellen Glasgow, Algernon Lee, Henry M. Alden, Mary S. Watts, Theodore Dreiser, Coningsby Dawson, Jules Guerin, and others will be features of the
Holiday Number of the Book Review
IN NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

WILSON REHEARSES FOR THE WEDDING

Leads His Daughter Through "Lohengrin" March as Played by the Full Marine Band.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—The President and Mrs. Wilson entertained at dinner this evening complimentary to Mrs. Robert H. Sayre, mother of their future son-in-law. The company was strictly a family gathering, all the guests being members of the Wilson or Sayre families.

At the same hour Miss Jessie Wilson and Mr. Sayre, with the members of their bridal party, were being entertained at dinner aboard the Mayflower with Commander Douglas C. McDougal and the other officers of the vessel. Informal dancing followed the dinner. The company broke up at a comparatively early hour, allowing the bride and her sisters to return to the White House in time to participate in the closing moments of the family dinner party.

Miss Jessie Wilson has accepted few invitations, and except for to-night's dinner did not leave the White House to-day, even to accompany Mr. Sayre to the luncheon given by his aunt, Miss Blanche Nevin, at the Shoreham. Miss Nevin, in whose charming old country place in Pennsylvania Miss Wilson and Mr. Sayre first met, entertained several friends and relatives.

Following the luncheon Mr. Sayre and his best man, Dr. Grenfell, the latter having previously been entertained at breakfast by the Secretary of State, went to the White House for the final rehearsal of the wedding ceremony.

The full Marine Band was present, giving the bridal chorus from "Lohengrin." The President, escorting the bride, the four ushers, and five bridal maids, walked from the state dining room to the platform that served as an improvised chancel just before the great east window of the East Room. The President laid aside all care this afternoon and entered into the joyous spirit of the occasion as merrily as the youngest member of the company. The progress from the dining room to the place of the ceremony takes in nearly the entire width of the White House. This, and the length of the East Room, where an aisle is formed by heavy white silk cord, is quite as long as the aisle of any Washington church, thus affording time for the Wagner music to be played at the best. Mr. Sayre and Dr. Grenfell descended the grand stairway from the second floor, entering the East Room from the corridor.

Diplomats in Uniform.

By a decision reached late this afternoon, the diplomats invited to the wedding will attend in full uniform, thus establishing a new precedent for White House weddings.

According to one of the Envoys, the Ambassadors and Ministers are invited in their official relation to this Government and as representatives of their own sovereign or ruler. The invitation comes through the State Department, and is in the name of the President of the United States. Few, if any, of the diplomatic guests invited to-to-morrow's ceremony have any but an official acquaintance with the Presidential family, and are not personal friends of either bride or bridegroom. Hence it is an official affair to them, and the formal attire is necessary.

This decision was communicated to the members of the corps late this afternoon by the dean M. Jusserand, Ambassador from France.

The army and navy officers among the guests will wear full-dress uniform, making the occasion one of the most brilliant ever known in any Administration.

Gifts on View.

Tea was served following to-day's wedding rehearsal, which was witnessed by the house party and friends who came in to see the wedding presents.

The silver service presented by the United States Senate which had not reached the White House in time for this private view, was shown to-day at the Capitol. It is to be placed with the other numerous gifts early to-morrow morning.

The gift of the President and Mrs. Wilson to their daughter will take the practical form of furniture, this decision being reached this afternoon when it became obvious that any addition to the plate, china, glass or linen of the most exacting young housekeeper would be more than superfluous.

The bride's parents will furnish the dining room of the new home in Williamsburg. Mr. Sayre's family already has supplied a large supply of flat silver.

A present received to-day was a folding mirror of antique Persian workmanship, brought from Teheran by the Chargé d'Affaires of Persia and Mme. Ali Kuli Khan. It is a toilet mirror 12 by 12 inches, with frame and backs of lacquer inlaid in birds, flowers, and small cupids. There also is a superb traveling bag that is coming in for much admiration, and is to be used by the bride on her wedding journey. It is of black leather, with all the bottles, boxes, and other receptacles mounted in solid gold.

An unusual gift sent to the White House to-day was a wedding cake made at a local cooking school by a class of thirteen young women, who sought in this way to show their admiration for the thirteenth White House bride. This cake weighs thirty-five pounds and is very prettily decorated in a white and pink icing with many orange blossoms. The young women who sent the cake were Miss Mary Greenwood, Miss Ethel Barnes, Miss Gertrude Innes, Miss Florence Long, Miss Edith Woodruff, Miss Helen Rouse, Miss Mildred Makley, Miss Stella Cable, Miss Alice Enright, Miss Maud Rummell, Miss Alma Gaub, Miss Jessie Balentine, and Miss Edith Reese.

At the luncheon complimentary to Dr. Grenfell at the home of the Secretary of State and the additional guests were Alfred Harding of the Protestant Episcopal Church; Bishop Earl Cranston of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and the Rev. W. R. Wedderspoon, the Rev. J. F. Kelly, the Rev. Charles Wood, the Rev. Wallace Radcliffe, the Rev. S. H. Greene, the Rev. Randolph H. McKim, the Rev. Charles S. Steck, the Rev. J. H. Taylor, the Rev. Henry Austadt, the Rev. Earl Wilfley, the Rev. C. F. Lathrop, Mgr. William T. Russell, Chamlain Coudon of the House, and Chaplain Prettyman of the Senate. William Knowles Cooper, and Henry B. F. McFarland.

SAYS VAIL SOUGHT GRIP ON LAWMAKERS

Proposed Wire Merger to Enable Independents to 'Handle' Legislatures, Witness Charges.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—Testimony that H. P. Davison of J. P. Morgan & Co. offered in 1911 to purchase for cash those independent telephone companies capitalized at $400,000,000, which agreed to merge with the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, to end enormous losses due to competition, was given at the anti-trust hearing to-day by Richard Valentine, general manager of the Rock County (Wis.) Telephone Company. Mr. Valentine was testifying about a meeting here when the independents were addressed by Theodore N. Vail, President of the American Company.

"Mr. Vail, during his talk, said that one of the benefits of the merger would be that the State Legislatures could be better handled by the independents than by the Bell Company," said Mr. Valentine. "He said his company was having a good deal of trouble with the Legislatures in a number of States. He added that we independents all over the country stood nearer to the Legislatures than they did and that we could handle them better. In fact, he proposed that, in the event of a merger, the handling of Legislatures would be turned over almost entirely to us."

"There was mention of several Legislatures that needed handling. The Texas Legislature, I remember, was one that he said especially needed to be handled, as they (the American company) had not been able to do much with that crowd themselves.

"The lining up and handling of Aldermen and all local boards within the State was to be put up to us also, as I recall the suggestion of Mr. Vail," Mr. Valentine continued.

At this meeting in 1911, when it was suggested to the independents that the field be divided between them, Mr. Valentine said H. P. Davison of J. P. Morgan & Co. joined Mr. Vail in making the proposal.

The independents were informed, according to the witness, that hundreds of millions of dollars were being lost by competition, and that under noncompetitive conditions the capitalization of the telephone business might be increased.

"Mr. Vail's plan," said the witness, "was that his company should monopolize the business in sections where they had a present preponderance of it, and the independents were to have a monopoly where they were in the ascendant.

"Mr. Vail was asked," said Mr. Valentine, "what was to become of the independents who were to be driven out of business by this scheme, and he said his company was prepared to purchase all companies which could be absorbed, which would be wiped out of the map. He was asked also how the unfair competition of his company could be stopped and he said agreement to the merger was the only way.

"In a general way, Mr. Vail's plan was to control all of the cities, leaving a fairly free rein to the independents in the country," said Mr. Valentine.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—Theodore N. Vail, President of the American Telephone and Telegraph Company, was in his box at the opera to-night when shown the testimony given in Chicago to-day relative to his alleged attempts to buy up independent companies in 1910. After reading the dispatch he had nothing to say except "Piff."

FIANCE FAILS TO APPEAR.

Bride-Elect, Dressed for Altar, Gets Wire Asking Postponement.

Cornelius Hoare of 115 Nostrand Avenue, Williamsburg, scoured Brooklyn yesterday for some trace of John W. McCann, who on Sunday night was to have married his daughter, Elinor, at the Roman Catholic Church of St. Ambrose. The wedding supper was in readiness to serve, the wedding guests had begun to arrive, and the bride with her sister, Catherine, was ready in her wedding gown when a telegram came from McCann asking that the ceremony be postponed, as he had been called out of town. The bride fainted.

Messengers were sent out immediately, even while the disappointed wedding guests were putting on their things to leave, but they could learn nothing of McCann's whereabouts, and yesterday's search was unavailing. Inquiries made at his place of business, the Mergenthaler Linotype Company, in Brooklyn, and at his home, 243 Lee Avenue, Williamsburg, brought no light on the matter. McCann had been at the Hoare home Sunday morning and had gone with his fiancée to communion at St. Ambrose.

Miss Hoare is only 19 years old. McCann had been courting her for three years.

CUBA WOULD SELL DIRECT.

Seeks Sugar Consumer by Finishing Product Without Refiners' Aid.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Nov. 24.—President Menocal sent Dr. Gasteona Cuadrado to Louisiana to-day for the purpose of studying the process of making pure white sugar direct from cane juice.

The Government desires to find a method whereby Cuban sugar producers can refine the product sufficiently to sell directly to the consumer or retailer, thus obviating their present necessity of selling everything through American sugar refiners, who, they say, do not pay the prices current in the world's markets.

Kinsman's Headache and Nerve Powders never fail. 10c. and 25c. at Drug Stores.—Adv.

MOVING PICTURES TO FIND STOVER

Missing Park Commissioner's Portrait to be Shown in 10,000 Film Houses.

WALDO TO MAKE SEARCH

Friend Fears Stover May Be Amnesia Victim—Checks Sent Here on Nov. 11 to Settle Bills.

Friends of Park Commissioner Charles B. Stover, who has been missing since Oct. 16, when he went on a vacation without telling any one his destination, are now seriously alarmed over his continued absence, and one suggested yesterday that Mr. Stover might be suffering from amnesia. Police Commissioner Waldo, it was announced, had decided to send out inquiries, in an unofficial way, for the vanished Commissioner.

The fact came to light yesterday that Mr. Stover on Nov. 11 sent a number of checks from Philadelphia to New York to settle up certain personal accounts here. These checks, although mailed on Nov. 11, were dated Nov. 13. It was J. L. Lavery of 119 West Seventy-first Street, with an office at 99 Reade Street, who discovered the Commissioner's check transactions.

Mr. Lavery has been a close friend of Mr. Stover for years, and for three years was associated with him in the University Settlement work, with which Mr. Stover has long been connected. Mr. Lavery admitted yesterday that he had been carrying on a systematic search for his friend for several weeks. He came to the conclusion that the best way to discover his whereabouts would be to find out if Mr. Stover had drawn any money to pay his personal expenses. Mr. Lavery has an account at Mr. Stover's bank, and learned that while the latter had drawn no money for himself since he had been gone, he sent a check made out to Morris Rosenfeld, a photographer, of 116 Nassau Street, for $20. Mr. Rosenfeld has taken many Park Department pictures for Mr. Stover, and the latter apparently considered the work as personal.

Traced Four More Checks.

Mr. Lavery then found traces of four more checks, all in payment of personal bills. It was recalled yesterday that the only other letters that had been received from the missing Commissioner also came from Philadelphia and at the same time. One was to Louis F. La Roche, an Examiner in the Park Department, designated Acting Commissioner by Mayor Kline, and the other was to Robbins Gilman of the University Settlement, another friend. The letter to Mr. La Roche gave instructions concerning certain matters in the department and ended with the words:

"Best regards to all, and regretting that my travels keep me away, I am," &c.

The letter to Mr. Gilman contained instructions regarding the payment of a bill.

Mr. Stover's friends admitted that the sending of the checks by Mr. Stover under the circumstances looked ominous.

"On the surface," said one, "it may look as if Mr. Stover was planning not to come back. He is apparently anxious to settle all his outstanding bills and to cut himself off from all communication with his friends."

Mr. Lavery said that he was greatly worried over the Commissioner's continued absence.

"Mr. Stover was so devoted to his duties," he said, "and so wrapped up in serving the Park Department that he is certainly not staying away if he has any idea that his absence is interfering with the work of the department. Therefore, the one conclusion than can best be drawn in the face of the wide publicity given to his disappearance is that he is the victim of some mental malady, perhaps amnesia.

"This might result in his forgetting his official life of the past few years, and in his looking on himself as a private citizen with the right to go and come as he pleases. A blow on the head or an excess of grief over the death of Mayor Gaynor might produce this."

Moving-Picture Search.

Mr. Lavery conceived the idea that moving pictures might be profitably employed for finding Mr. Stover, and he communicated with the proprietors of Pathe's Weekly with the result that on Thanksgiving Day picture films showing Mr. Stover's activities in the Park Department will be sent to 10,000 moving-picture places all over the United States. A large portrait of him will first be flashed on the screens, with these words of explanation:

"Friends of Charles B. Stover, Park Commissioner of New York, who mysteriously disappeared on Oct. 16, have not had a trace of him since."

It is hoped that some one or more of the thousands of persons who will see the films will have seen Mr. Stover recently, and that in this way a clue can be obtained to his present whereabouts.

Commissioner Stover has been absent from his duties thirty-eight days, and it was rumored yesterday that Mayor Kline would remove him unless he returned at once. The Mayor would not discuss this phase of the matter, but it is said that unless he learns something definite from the Commissioner within a next few days he will take removal action and allow Acting Commissioner La Roche to finish out the Commissioner's term. The Mayor is disposed to be lenient with Mr. Stover, as he realizes that it is his first vacation in four years and that he is entitled to a rest.

Acting Commissioner La Roche called upon the Mayor at the City Hall during the day, but he said that his visit was for the purpose of informing the Mayor that he had received no news from his chief, and to discuss certain matters affecting the department. Friends of Samuel Parsons, Jr., who was removed as landscape architect of the Park Board in the second year of Mr. Stover's administration, started a campaign yesterday to have Mr. Parsons appointed Commissioner in Mr. Stover's place.

The dedication of Gaynor Park at 151st Street and Amsterdam Avenue, which was to have been held this week, has been postponed indefinitely. Commissioner Stover conceived the plan to perpetuate the name of the late Mayor by the founding of a park, and the plan may now be abandoned.

Earthquake Shock in California.

EUREKA, Cal., Nov. 24.—An earthquake shock was reported from towns between Eureka and Fort Seward, Cal., at 7:05 o'clock to-night. The shock at the fort caused a lamp to topple from a table. No damage was reported.

Deerfoot Farm Sausages.
Made of the tender meat of little pigs and choice spices. You have never tasted perfect sausage unless you have tried them. New York store, 172 Chambers Street.—Adv.

WARRANT OUT FOR ZELAYA.

Ex-President of Nicaragua Charged With Murder—Disappears.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 25.—Attorney General McReynolds issued a warrant to-day for the arrest and extradition of Gen. Jose Zelaya on the charge of murder committed the Nicaragua. It is understood that the allegation on which the warrant is based is that Zelaya murdered Leroy Cannon and Leonard Groce, two American citizens. But it is reported also that Zelaya is charged with having killed a Nicaraguan, José Sixto.

The warrant was sent to the United States District Attorney in New York for execution, but the report came back to Washington to-night that a Deputy Marshal had been unable to find Zelaya. Groce and Cannon were shot by Zelaya in order when he was President of Nicaragua in 1909.

The warning that he would be sought by Government agents seems to have reached Gen. Zelaya, for when anxious friends went to the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel yesterday, they found that he had given up his rooms there and had disappeared. No one seemed to know where he was. Even the close friends of the former Nicaraguan President, who were daily visitors at his rooms last week, could not be found yesterday.

HARRIMAN LEARNING JOB.

Young Millionaire Starts to Acquire Railroad Experience in Omaha.

Special to The New York Times.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 24.—William Averill Harriman, son of the late E. H. Harriman, began his education in practical railroading in Omaha to-day. Mr. Harriman arrived from the West in his special car and went to work in the locomotive department of the shops here. While in Omaha he will be the guest of the President of the road and live in the President's home.

Mr. Harriman will spend several weeks in the shops and headquarters to learn something of railroading at first hand without depending upon employes for information.

Some years ago he spent a Summer pulling a chain with an engineering crew, and later acted as fireman on a locomotive. Because of the experience he will spend no time now in the engineering or mechanical operating department.

ILL, RACES HOME IN TRAIN.

Doctors Accompany President Emerson of Atlantic Coast Line.

Special to The New York Times.

WAYCROSS, Ga., Nov. 24.—Seriously ill from acute indigestion, President T. M. Emerson of the Atlantic Coast Line, was placed on board a special train here to-night to be taken to his home at Wilmington, N. C. He was accompanied by two physicians and a trained nurse. The special is expected to reach Wilmington to-morrow morning.

The physicians believe Mr. Emerson will recover if no complications are caused by the trip. It is understood that the physicians objected to the trip, but that Mr. Emerson insisted upon being taken home.

President Emerson and other Coast Line officials had been on an inspection trip. While en route to Montgomery, Ala., yesterday Mr. Emerson was taken ill at Dupont, Ga. He was brought here after midnight and was taken to a hospital, where he spent the day.

VOTE SCHENECTADY STRIKE.

Negotiations Fail and 12,000 General Electric Workers Quit To-day.

Special to The New York Times.

SCHENECTADY, N. Y., Nov. 24.—At a meeting of the Electrical Workers' Trades Alliance to-night, a vote was taken for 12,000 employes at the local plant of the General Electric Company to go on strike to-morrow morning.

This action was taken after a five-hour conference between representatives of the union and James A. Smith, general superintendent of the plant, had failed to result in a settlement of the trouble. Mr. Smith offered to attempt to find employment in the plant for Frank Duval and Miss Mabel Leslie, discharged union workers, whose removal caused the differences, if they would ask for a transfer to a different department from that in which they formerly worked. No absolute promise was made to give them new employment, however.

MRS. H. H. JENKINS, FARMER

She Joins Prof. Pupin in Big Stock Raising Venture.

Special to The New York Times.

WINSTED, Conn., Nov. 24.—Prof. Michael Idvorsky Pupin of Columbia University and Mrs. Helen Hartley Jenkins, both of New York City, who maintain large estates at Norfolk, in this county, have filed with the Secretary of State articles of association of the Hemlock Hill Farm of Norfolk, and will engage in stock raising on an extensive scale.

They have acquired 1,800 acres in Norfolk, Canaan Valley, Bald Mountain, Grantville.

DE VILLERS GOES TO JAIL.

Larceny Charge Rises Out of Deal for Aeroplane Motor.

Yves de Villers of 1,780 Broadway, was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detective Edmund Leigh of the District Attorney's office on an indictment charging grand larceny in the first degree from the Curtiss Aeroplane Company of Hammondsport, N. Y. In default of bail, de Villers was sent to the Tombs.

The larceny charge grew out of an order for a 140 horsepower Gnome motor placed with de Villers in March. The motor was to be used in an aeroplane constructed by the Curtiss Company for the United States Army. It is charged that by fraudulent representations regarding his relations with the Gnome Company, the horsepower of the motor and the amount paid for it. De Villers obtained from the Curtiss Company a bank draft for $5,239.67, with intent to appropriate it to his own use.

Thaw Must Pay His Own Expenses.

CONCORD, N. H., Nov. 24.—Harry K. Thaw's sojourn in New Hampshire while he is fighting extradition, will be at his own expense. That was the order entered to-day by Judge Aldrich in the Federal Court.

KRYPTOK TORIC EYEGLASSES set in stylish mountings at SPENCER'S, 7 Maiden Lane.—Adv.

FEDERALS HURL ARMY AT JUAREZ; BIG BATTLE ON

Attack Rebels Along Whole Front and Fierce Fighting Follows.

2,000 MEN IN A CHARGE

Villa's Forces Surprised, but Are Said to Have Hemmed In Wing Led by Gen. Salazar.

U. S. TROOPS HOLD BRIDGE

All Americans Ordered to Leave Juarez and Fall of City Seems to be Near.

RUMORS FILL MEXICO CITY

Report That Powers Are Restive and Encouraging Huerta —Refugees Returning.

LIND GOING TO TAMPICO

Will Sail with Fletcher for Oil District—Admiral to Take Command There.

BRITAIN FULLY REASSURED

Sir William Tyrrel's Visits to Wilson Said to Have Cleared Away All Doubts.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, Nov. 24.—The Federal Army, moving to recapture Juarez from the Constitutionalists under Gen. "Pancho" Villa, began a general attack at 5 o'clock this afternoon along the whole rebel front, stretching for ten miles between Bauche and Lamesa, which is twelve miles south of the border. The roar of cannon and the rattle of rifle fire are plainly heard in El Paso and the smaller towns up and down the river for several miles.

To-night the Federals appear to be attempting to flank the rebels east and west, as well as engaging their centre. A heavy rain has fallen all day and both armies are struggling in the mud.

Rebels Depend On Artillery.

The rebels say they have fourteen cannon planted in a semi-circle around Juarez to guard the town and bridges, and a rear guard sufficient to hold the Federals in check, should they break through the lines.

A train carrying ten dead and seventeen wounded rebels arrived in Juarez at 8:30 o'clock to-night. The cars had been riddled by rifle and cannon fire. Robert Dorman, an American photographer, who was with Villa when the battle started, returned on the train. He said Villa's men began the battle by opening fire on the Federals as they approached the main body of rebels near Tierra Blanca.

The Federals immediately retreated to await reinforcements, and later they returned, both armies keeping up a continual artillery fire during the remainder of the afternoon. At dusk Villa started a flank movement in the direction of Bauche, and the Federals did likewise. The two armies met at the little hamlet and a desperate hand-to-hand struggle ensued.

At 11 o'clock to-night Gen. José y Salazar's command was completely surrounded south of Saragosa and his capture was expected momentarily.

Gen. Pancho Villa has ordered his soldiers to take Gen. Salazar alive, so he may be publicly executed as an example to Federal officers and Federal sympathizers.

Reports from all sides at 7 o'clock said that the engagement was general along the whole rebel front. At that hour word was received from Villa that he was holding the Federals back at the front and ordered ammunition and provisions rushed to Tierra Blanca.

Auxiliary hospitals are being fitted up in Juarez to-night, a large quantity of medical stores being exported from here.

Before the development of the Federal assault Villa reported that the Federals

American Troops Alert.

On the American side all troops at Fort Bliss were made ready for imm

withdrew ten miles from their position at Samalayuca early this morning, reoccupied the position at 3 o'clock, and immediately began an advance on the rebel positions seven miles north.

Late advices said the Federals were reinforced during the day by troops from Chihuahua and reports reaching Juarez to-night said that Gen. Pascual Orozco and Gen. Salvador Mercado brought 2,000 additional Federal troops from the State capital and they engaged in the battle.

The United States border patrol heard to-night that Orozco with 2,000 men attempted a charge from Samalayuca around the left wing of Villa's army, with the hope of entering Juarez, but the rebel wing on the left was reinforced by troops from Villa's main body, and Orozco's forces were driven back.

The patrols also heard that Chihuahua had been evacuated by the Federals, and that the city had been occupied by rebel troops under Gen. Manuel Chao.

Americans were ordered out of Juarez to-night by Col. Juan N. Medina, commander of the rebel forces there. Detachments of rebel soldiers went through the streets arresting all Americans they met and escorting them to the international bridge, where they were deported.

Col. Medina explained this action as necessary to protect foreigners in case the rebel army met with defeat.

Late to-night Villa reported to the Courtel General in Juarez that his forces had driven the Federals from the centre and that firing had ceased. The attack on the rebel right flank also was repulsed, Villa reported. He also said he hoped to cut the Federal forces to pieces by a cavalry charge, which he intended to execute under cover of darkness.

Further reinforcements sent to Rancho Flores to-night were commanded by Capt. Emel Holmdahl, an American.

LIND ORDERED TO TAMPICO.

Going with Fletcher on the Rhode Island to Investigate.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VERA CRUZ, Nov. 24.—All the Waters-Pierce and Mexican Eagle Oil Companies' employes and their families are returning to Mexico City as well as many others who fled from the capital recently.

All are greatly disgruntled over being led to leave their homes and have decided to see things out in the capital.

The battleship Rhode Island is now in the outside harbor coaling. Rear Admiral Fletcher having orders to proceed with her to Tuxpam to give every protection to the oil fields.

VERA CRUZ, Nov. 24.—Clarence A. Miller, the Consul at Tampico, reports that his special messenger, bearing a letter from Capt. Wood of the Nebraska to Gen. Aguilar, the rebel commander at Tuxpam, has returned with assurances from Aguilar that the lives and property of foreigners will be protected, and that any of his men molesting Americans will be shot.

John Lind, President Wilson's representative, went aboard the battleship Rhode Island to-night and will proceed to Tampico in accordance with instructions.

FLETCHER GOES TO TUXPAM.

Admiral Ordered There After British Aid Visits Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24—The need of protecting foreign interests at Tampico and Tuxpam has produced a situation that may have a serious bearing on the relations between Mexico and the United States. Under orders telegraphed by Mr. Daniels, Secretary of the Navy, after 10 o'clock last night, Rear Admiral Fletcher, commanding the United States naval forces on the east cost of Mexico, has started for Tampico and Tuxpam aboard the battleship Rhode Island to take charge of affairs at both these places. The orders to Admiral Fletcher were issued following a visit paid to President Wilson last night by Sir William Tyrrell, private secretary to Sir Edward Grey, the British Minister for Foreign Affairs.

No official was willing to-day to admit that representations made to the President by Sir William Tyrrel were responsible for the orders to Admiral Fletcher. The semi-official explanation is that Nelson O'Shaughnessy, Charge d'Affaires in Mexico City, telegraphed that there was much excitement in the Mexican capital over a report that American marines were to be landed at Tampico and Tuxpam and the Administration thought it best to send Admiral Fletcher to those places to ascertain conditions and to give assurance that the landing of forces was not contemplated.

It was admitted that conditions at Tampico and Tuxpam, where British and American capitalists have plenty investments in oil fields, were confusing and it was regarded as desirable to have Admiral Fletcher on the spot. At the Navy Department it was said that his only instructions were to make a full investigation and report by telegraph.

No Forces to Land.

In the dispatch Admiral Fletcher was told that the Government had no intention of permitting armed forces to be landed at either Tampico or Tuxpam. A similar message was sent to Mr. O'Shaughnessy. Admiral Fletcher acknowledged his instructions by telegraph to-day. While official confirmation was lacking, everything went to show that British concern over danger to the great oil wells was responsible in large measure for the instructions to Admiral Fletcher. There is mystery outside of official circles over the matter, and this is intensified by the fact that an American flag officer, Rear Admiral Boush, second in command to Admiral Fletcher, already is at Tuxpam with the battleship Louisiana. It is believed that the purpose of Sir William Tyrrel's visit to the White House was to ask the President to provide adequate protection of British interests at Tampico and Tuxpam. The great British syndicate, headed by Lord Cowdray, has heavy investments in the Tuxpam oil fields, and there have been reports that oil wells and machinery were to be destroyed by the revolutionary forces in the vicinity. It was because of these reports that Rear Admiral Boush was sent to Tuxpam.

Why Admiral Fletcher should be sent to Tuxpam when Admiral Boush was there, was something that officials would not explain.

Around the Navy Department it was reported that Admiral Boush contemplated landing bluejackets and marines to protect Americans and other foreigners and their property, and it was suspected that this was the basis of the rumor that had caused excitement in Mexico City.

Lends Irony to Situation.

The action of Secretary Daniels in ordering Admiral Fletcher to go to Tampico and Tuxpam, assumes primary importance on account of its apparent bearing on the visit of Sir William Tyrrel to President Wilson a short time before the instructions were drafted. It derives additional interest from the fact that some Government officials have suspected the Cowdray syndicate of having furnished funds to Huerta at a time when there was reason to suspect that the Huerta Administration was in need of money. The irony of the situation is obvious if it be true that Sir William Tyrrel, acting under instructions from his immediate chief, the Minister for Foreign Affairs, asked President Wilson to utilise the naval forces of the United States for the protection of the Cowdray properties.

Thorough Exchange of Views.

Little doubt remains that there has been a thorough exchange of views between the British and American Governments over the Mexican situation, with particular reference to the irritation in Washington on account of the recognition of Huerta's administration by Great Britain, the criticisms of President Wilson's Mexican policy by Sir Lionel Carden, and the suspicion that Huerta was obtaining money from the Pearson syndicate. Whatever Great Britain's indifference may have been at the beginning, it is now apparent that the Ministry is anxious to have this Government understand that Great Britain is not antagonizing the United States, but is willing to work toward the establishment of law and order in Mexico without coming in conflict with the programme of President Wilson.

At both the White House and the State Department it is admitted that Sir William Tyrrel discussed the Mexican situation with President Wilson and Secretary Bryan. Sir William is in this country on a personal visit, according to the authoritative explanation, but all that could be learned to-day tended to prove that he had taken up in an official way with President Wilson and Secretary Bryan the matter of adjusting condit ons in Mexico. It is believed here that as a result of these conferences he will be able to give Sir Edward Grey an intimate understanding of what the President is seeking to accomplish, and that the attitude of Great Britain in the future will be in harmony with the purposes of this Government—at least as to the extent of being non-antagonistic.

If guess may be hazarded as to the immediate effect of Sir William Tyrrel's visit to Washington, it is that, notwithstanding the presence of British warships in Mexican waters, the United States will undertake to give particular attention to the lives and property of British subjects in Mexico. The matter of co-operation between the British and American forces has not been discussed, and the fact that Admiral Sir Christopher Cradock, who commands the British squadron sent to Mexico to watch outbreaks Rear Admiral Fletcher, has no bearing on the situation. Admiral Fletcher will act independently of the British Admiral.

President Wilson let it be known today that his address to be read to Congress on Dec. 2 would be comparatively brief and would be devoted to several subjects, one of which would be the Mexican situation.

REPORT POWERS ARE RESTIVE.

Rumors in Mexico City That They Are Now Encouraging Huerta.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 24.—Rumors were persistent in political circles to-day that several European powers had given Huerta comforting assurances during the last few days. It was asserted that these nations were tired of waiting for Washington to act and thought themselves forced to do something to safeguard their own interests.

One diplomat was quoted as saying: "The United States made certain promises to Europe in order to insure that we would not interfere in the Mexican problem, thus relieving the pressure on Washington.

"When this pressure was relieved because of the belief inspired in Europe that the United States was prepared to take the situation in hand, Washington calmly decided that there was no further reason to do anything, since Europe appeared satisfied."

It was reported to-day that France was greatly incensed over the alleged fact that French citizens had been forced to flee from Santa Rosalia, in Lower California, after France had asked Washington to give them protection. Considerable feeling has been caused among Frenchmen here.

The War Department issued an announcement to-day that military operations would be started in earnest beginning Dec. 7.

The reasons for setting this date are not stated, but it is believed that operations are being held back at the present time on account of lack of ammunition, which will arrive this week.

The belief is current among diplomats here that Huerta has held back operatio... during the last few weeks with a view to the possibility of trouble with the United States. This is thought to account for the progress made by the rebels. The general theory now is that Huerta has definitely decided that Washington is not prepared to back up its demands, and that consequently the best thing to do is to continue the campaign against the rebels.

Several of the European legations are secretly arming their nationals and otherwise preparing to defend the foreign colonies in case of trouble here, due either to local uprisings or intervention on the part of the United States.

Great secrecy is being observed regarding this, particularly among the German and the French, who are considered to be the leaders in the movement. The Spanish also are expected to participate, although probably not so prominently.

The German and French Ministers communicated at length with their Governments to-night, and while the matter contained in these communications was not divulged, it is believed that they related to this movement.

The Clearing House Association today began settling accounts with certificates, according to the agreement made a week ago by all of the seventeen banks which are members of the Clearing House.

A high official of one bank said to-day that this was merely putting the Mexican Clearing Houses on the same basis as others. It was stated that this would have no effect on the banking conditions of the country. In fact, however, the action was due to the lack of strong reserves in specie.

The banks prefer to have transactions conducted on a credit basis, thus making unnecessary the circulation of large sums of currency at the present time.

Want Decrees Validated.

The Finance Department to-day sent a bill to Congress asking approval of the decrees of that branch of the Government which were enacted during the time that no Congress existed. The bill was referred to a committee.

It is expected that bills of a similar nature will be presented covering the decrees of other branches of the Government. The approval of these measures by Congress is certain according to prominent political leaders.

Such approval would absolve Huerta from any legal responsibility for his acts in this regard.

The presentation of these measures before the general consideration of the recent Presidential elections has caused much comment here.

One report circulated here to-day was to the effect that one demand by Washington was for a concession to establish a naval station in Magdalena Bay. It was stated that if Huerta acceded to this Washington was prepared to allow him to fill out his term, on condition that he would not be a candidate for re-election.

A report was current to-day that Manuel Garza Aldape had gone to Paris to try to obtain intervention by the French Government as it is believed that Huerta would be willing to accede.

The feeling here is that Washington is unprepared to do anything to bring about a solution of the present difficulties.

Many Americans are returning here from Vera Cruz, bringing their wives and families from the United States. They seem to have a general impression that the present conditions will continue indefinitely and that there was no reason why heavy expenses should be incurred for the purpose of safety when there was no probability that anything would happen.

Some of those coming from Vera Cruz circulated a rumor to-day of tension between John Lind and Washington officials which was nearing the breaking point, since, it was asserted, Washington had refused to support him in his stand and had put him in a ridiculous position by not keeping him advised as to what progress the negotiations were making here.

It was further asserted that Lind was considering leaving Vera Cruz for the United States this week and breaking off all connection with the administration.

Adverse comment continues here regarding the action of the United States in giving refuge to the Maderos and their party at Vera Cruz and transferring them to foreign soil. Some Americans were among the critics.

Several business men stated to-day that they saw nothing but bankruptcy ahead unless some definite steps were taken in the immediate future. Several managers of large business houses declared that the uncertainty made it impossible for them to do business.

Huerta Sorely Needs Money.

The Mexican Government is forced to meet heavy payments on Dec. 1 amounting to millions of dollars. This includes interests on several State debts which already are overdue. Some of these are guaranteed by the Federal Government. A heavy payment also is due on the debt of the national railroads.

Bankers here are unable to see where the Government is going to obtain the money unless a loan is placed in Europe, which is considered very improbable. This will force Huerta to take drastic measures practically amounting to confiscation.

LIND MESSAGE FOR WILSON?

Ship Passenger Said to Have Dispatch—Chester Nears Havana.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

HAVANA, Nov. 24.—Daniel and Evaristo Madero were not aboard the Ward liner Morro Castle when she arrived to-day. It had been thought they would be transferred from the cruiser Chester to that vessel. Capt. Hough said he had neither seen nor heard from the Chester since leaving Vera Cruz. The Havana Marconi wireless station picked up the Chester this evening and she reported that she would arrive at noon to-morrow.

The Morro Castle had among her passengers Joseph A. Robertson, who, while appearing on the list as a merchant, was said to be the bearer of important dispatches from John Lind to President Wilson.

Felix Diaz, accompanied by Señor Ocon, visited the various Havana newspapers this afternoon and expressed their gratitude for their treatment of Diaz after the attempt to assassinate him.

HEAVY LOSS AT MONTEREY.

Refugees Report 850 Killed and Many Wounded When City Fell.

LAREDO, Texas, Nov. 24.—Deplorable conditions and a total loss of life approximating 850, with hundreds wounded, during the recent Constitutionalist attack on Monterey, were reported here to-day by fifty American refugees who reached the border on the first train run from Monterey in six weeks. Besides the Americans the train brought 150 of the better class of Mexicans.

Some of the Americans came from Durango and Torreon. They report food scarce and exorbitant prices asked for what little there is. There was an undercurrent of anti-American feeling, but no American has been molested in those regions, the Americans said.

Very few of the refugees appealed to the representatives of the State Department for financial aid, preferring to pay their own fares to their homes.

MARINES FOR PENSACOLA.

Daniels Carries Out Advanced Base Idea in Transfer of Men.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—In line with the policy announced last Spring of establishing an advanced base station for the Marine Corps at Pensacola, Fla., Secretary Daniels to-day ordered a detachment of 750 marines to proceed from the Philadelphia Navy Yard to Pensacola and take station there. Other marines probably will be ordered to Philadelphia in connection with the expeditionary training school work, so that the number of marines there will not be diminished because of the establishment of the advanced base at Pensacola. The men probably will sail the latter part of this week on board the transport Prairie.

Hereafter the tendency will be to keep the larger garrisons of marines in stations on each coast, where they will be available for the protection of the Panama Canal. The garrisons in the most northerly stations on each coast will be gradually depleted as the process of rearranging stations goes forward.

Train Marines to Run Engines.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—United States Marines from Camp Elliott in the Panama Canal Zone are being trained in running locomotives and operating trains on the Panama Railroad. It was said at the Navy Department that this was being done so the men would be able to handle troop trains in foreign countries in case of emergency.

RAILROADS APPEAL FOR HIGHER RATES

Continued from Page 1.

penses due to legislation, such as employers compensation and liability acts, full crew bills, semi-monthly pay laws, safety appliance and standardisation of equipment acts and acts requiring the elimination of grade crossings. One other very important influence upon the expense of railroad operations, when considered in a broad sense, was the higher rate of interest which the companies have been obliged to pay in recent years for new money raised for improvement purposes. He added:

It is believed that in the case of the carriers particularly the cost of new capital has been made higher than it otherwise would have been by the constantly narrowing margin between income and outgo, as it is upon this margin chiefly that the railroads in this territory must rely as the basis for raising additional capital.

In short, the railroads have felt the burden of the increased cost of living like all other enterprises or individuals, but unlike all others have not been permitted so far to raise their prices or adjust their charges in recognition of that burden.

The continuous decline in the value, that is to say the purchasing power of money, for a number of years past has had the effect of diminishing still further the burden of the rates to the shipper, while at the same time increasing the burden of the carriers. This influence, reflected in the higher cost of operations, has been worldwide and has been recognized by rate advances recently made by railroads in England, Italy, Switzerland, Belgium, Denmark, Russia, Austria, Hungary, and other countries.

Increased Charges Only Solution.

The relief needed, Mr. Willard argued, could not be afforded through further economies or through increased gross earnings, which would involve much greater traffic and greater capital expenditure in order to handle it. The only solution, he said, was increased charges. Inasmuch as passenger fares were fixed by law and mail pay and express rates were beyond the control of the roads, an advance in freight rates was the only available source of increased earnings. While an increase of 5 per cent. was not adequate to meet the situation, it had been determined upon as small enough not to upset existing commercial adjustments and large enough to be of material assistance to the roads.

Mr. Delano spoke specifically for the Central Freight Association lines, embracing one of the three distinct railroad territories and rate zones in the Eastern classification territory. The official classification territory as a whole includes everything east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio and Potomac Rivers. Its three divisions are the New England territory, embracing the New England States; the trunk line territory, embracing that portion west of the Hudson and the Atlantic seaboard and east of Buffalo and Pittsburgh, and the Central Freight Association territory, embracing the portion from Pittsburgh and Buffalo west to the Mississippi.

Mr. Delano took exception to the conclusion of the commission in 1910 that in Pennsylvania, New York Central, and Baltimore & Ohio systems were typical of the roads in the entire official classification territory. Those systems, he believed, were entitled to an increase, but if the ruling that they were typical should be affirmed, application would cause irreparable injury to the Central Freight Association lines.

Central Association Problems.

The conditions in the Central Freight Association territory, he said, were different from those in the other two divisions, as the population was largely rural, the traffic more diversified and different in character and the development more affected by water competition, resulting in relatively lower rates. Continuing, he said:

The influences I have mentioned, which we will show in detail in the evidence, have resulted in the bankruptcy of a substantial portion of the railroad mileage in the territory, and in depleting the earnings and debilitating the credit of other railroad lines on which, unless relieved by prompt and substantial advances of rates, will naturally result in impeding the commerce and transportation of that section of the country.

Mr. Delano divided the territory into four railway groups, the third of which he said was typical of the whole. This embraced such lines as the Big Four, Vandalia, Chicago & Eastern Illinois, Nickel Plate, Grand Trunk Western, Grand Rapids & Indiana, Pere Marquette, Cincinnati, Hamilton & Dayton, Illinois Central Alton, and Wabash, and went on:

We believe a mere glance at the map of this large mileage will indicate that it is fairly representative of the territory. In any event, we may be assured that if this mileage is not influential in determining the reasonableness of rates, the prosperity, commerce, and development of the whole territory will be placed in jeopardy.

This great network of railroads covering the entire territory during the year ended June 30, 1913, earned $270,000,000, or a gross increase of about $30,000,000; but in the former year the operating expenses and taxes were $142,000,000 and in the latter year $227,000,000, or an increase in expenses of about $40,000,000, resulting in a decrease in net revenues, after payment of taxes, of over $9,000,000 and in net corporate revenue of more than $10,000,000.

As stated in other words, the ratio of operating expenses and taxes to earnings during the seven period increased from 70.3 per cent. to 82.8 per cent.

The evidence will show that the lines in Central Freight Association territory are confronted with the expenditure in the near future of millions of dollars in the separation of grades in various cities, on which they will receive no adequate return, and many of the lines have not the credit to raise this money.

This circumstance, in view of the present condition of the roads, Mr. Delano argued, presented a serious situation which called for prompt relief.

Statistical Data as Proof.

The statistical tables submitted by Messrs. Shriver, Wishart, and Bunting developed the whole situation, year by year, for the past eleven years, and showed the actual operating results during the past three years. They demonstrated that the forty-nint principal trunk lines in the territory affected, owning 53,070 miles of track, have total capital obligations of $6,389,000,000, of which the funded debt is $3,820,000,000 and the rest capital stock.

These forty-nine companies earned last year in gross $1,424,000,000. Their net earnings, after deducting expenses and taxes, were $347,000,000. Their income after the payment of interest on their funded debt was $200,000,000.

Out of this income the companies declared dividends of 5.10 per cent. on the capital outstanding amounting to $130,000,000, which was $10,000,000 less in dividends than was paid out in 1912 and $7,000,000 less than was pa'd out in 1910.

Mr. Shriver in his analysis of property investment, income accounts, operating revenues, and expenses and taxes for the combined systems of forty-nine roads, said their gross earnings from 1910 to 1913 increased $150,000,000, while operating expenses and taxes increased $201,000,000. Tax payments alone increased from $42,000,000 in 1910, to $54,400,000 in 1913, while the net operating income actually decreased $14,000,000. Consequently, he said, even if these companies had made no increase in capital expenditures in the period they would still have been worse off in 1910 by this amount of over $14,000,000.

Mr. Shriver said it required about $3.50 new property investment for each dollar of increased gross earnings, and for each $1.80 of increased gross earnings the increased expenses and taxes were $2.01, without any allowance for the new money spent to supply facilities to earn the increased gross revenue. In 1910 these companies showed net operating income equal to 6.28 per cent. on their property investment, but in 1913 this percentage had fallen to 5.36 per cent.

New York Central's Showing.

The financial status of the New York Central Lines was set forth during the examination of Mr. Wishart. He showed that since June 30, 1910, the New York Central Lines had added $150,000,000 to the property they devote to public use, the gross earnings had increased $40,000,000, the net operating income had increased $3,765,000, and other income slightly. Yet the whole system in the year just closed had $3,284,730 less net corporate income than in 1910.

Mr. Wishart said the New York Central dividends declared in 1913 were over $4,000,000 less than in 1910, notwithstanding the increase of $40,000,000 in gross operating revenue. In other words, he explained, there had been added to the New York Central property investment about $1,000,000 a week, while the net corporate income of 1913 was less by about $85,000 a week than in 1910, indicating that the expansion of business had caused a net loss to stockholders. Continuing he said:

The road has been extended less than 60 miles and only about $16,000,000 of the amount spent has gone into the Grand Central Terminal district. During the time the money has been spent for improvements and additional facilities required to render adequate public service and the additional facilities have been necessary to enable the road to handle the enormous increase in traffic. In the freight service alone this increase represents the addition of 67 tons to the load of every train and the running of 28,711 more freight trains than in 1910. And yet there is left to show for this service $6,000 a day less than in 1910.

The consolidated statement filed by Mr. Wishart demonstrated the low average rate of return which the whole New York Central system is able to earn upon the investment in road and equipment. The highest rate for any year of the last eleven was 5.89 per cent. in 1910. The average for the first ten years was 5.67 per cent., and for 1913 the rate was only 5.47 per cent.

"This rate," said Mr. Wishart, "is based upon a property investment that will compare favorably with any road in the United States. This reached $52,142 per mile of all tracks and $78,740 per mile of all main tracks. These lines served twenty-two of the fifty cities having 100,000 population or over."

In 1903, the speaker said, the New York Central was able to borrow money with which to make improvements at the rate of little over 3½ per cent. per annum. To-day the road was paying nearly 5 per cent. upon borrowed money. Moreover, taxes had grown at a greater rate than either revenues or operating expenses. In 1913 they absorbed 14.4 per cent. of the net operating revenues of the road, or an amount equal to 64.5 per cent. of the total dividend disbursements.

Burden of the Pennsylvania.

C. M. Bunting said that the Pennsylvania system had increased the amount of wages about $36,000,000 since 1910, approximately $15,000,000 of which was due to increased rates of pay. The return on the property investment of the Pennsylvania system showed a declining tendency since 1903, and a steady decline since 1910.

"Between 1903 and 1913," said Mr. Bunting, "there has been an increase in property investment account of $530,750,073, and an increase in net operating income of $11,800,533, or only 2.23 per cent. on the increased property investment. Indeed, between 1910 and 1913 there was an increase of $207,185,010 in the property investment of the Pennsylvania, and a decrease in the net operating income of $1,486,511. In other words, the Pennsylvania system was $11,486,511 short of even receiving one cent additional return on its enlarged investment."

The net corporate income of capital stock was 14.07 per cent. in 1903, 13.17 per cent. in 1910, and 9.04 per cent. in 1913, or a drop of nearly one-third between 1913 and 1903, and of over one-quarter between 1913 and 1910. The dividends paid (percentage of all stock outstanding) were 5.62 per cent. in 1903, 6.53 per cent. in 1910, and 6.7 per cent. in 1913.

OBJECTION TO BRANDEIS.

Freight Payers' League Counsel Protests to Commerce Board.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 24.—Formal protest against the participation of Louis D. Brandeis of Boston, sometimes designated "Attorney for the People of the United States," in the pending case before the Interstate Commerce Commission involving the proposed 5 per cent. increase in freight rates, was filed with the Interstate Commerce Commission to-day by Thomas C. Spelling, a lawyer of 115 Broadway, New York. One member of the commission said last week to THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent that it would be the special province of Mr. Brandeis to "apply the acid test" for the commission, to the data submitted by the carriers.

Mr. Spelling, who has asked that his appearance be entered in the advance rate case as attorney for the Freight Bureau Committee of the United Lines, and whose protest is signed by him in that capacity and also as "T. C. Spelling, per se," also filed his objection "to the appearance or participation herein of any person assuming to represent the people or any part or parcel of them, except as shall see fit to employ him in some proper and legal way, or for himself alone."

This objection, Mr. Spelling explains, is not raised to bar attorneys now regularly employed by the commission to represent it, nor against any sworn officer of the Government. He bases his objection on the ground "that neither the Constitution nor any law gives any person any authority to so appear nor is there any law which gives even the semblance of authority to the Interstate Commerce Commission to employ any one to represent the public, otherwise than as an attorney or other employe of the commission."

Mr Spelling argues that such a practice, if adopted would "open the way to the grossest frauds and oppressions, and open the door to perversions of official power and authority which might be thereby prostituted to base purposes."

TRIBUTE TO JOHN H. MARBLE.

Late Member of Commerce Commission Eulogized by Chairman Clark.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—When the Interstate Commerce Commission assembled to-day Chairman Clark delivered this tribute to the late John H. Marble, a member of the commission, who died here on Friday night:

"The commission assembles this morning under extremely sad and very trying circumstances. Yesterday we laid to his last rest a colleague who, by his genial, helpful, and splendid personality, indefatigable industry, sterling integrity, unswerving loyalty, and broad fair-mindedness, won our affections, regard, and esteem to a superlative degree.

"Were we to follow our personal wishes and inclinations we should suspend business affairs for a time, but the demands of the public service are such as to lead us to forego those inclinations and to proceed with the work, knowing that no formal action which we could take would add to the honor and esteem which he so fully and ably earned, and realising that neither formal action nor words could adequately express the profound sorrow that has entered deeply into each of our hearts and that can never be overcome."

INSURGENTS TO CONTROL.

Assemblymen-elect Count on 52 in Independent Movement.

Thirty Assemblymen-elect, representing the Republican, Progressive, and Democratic Parties, who have organized to carry out an independent programme at Albany during the next session of the Legislature, held their second meeting last night at the Hotel Brevoort and appointed committees. Twelve others who were not present letters indorsing the independent plan. It was stated that ten more are expected to join in the movement, thus making at least fifty-two Assemblymen who will break away from party rule, if necessary, to carry out their programme.

It was the consensus of opinion of those present that the revision of the Assembly rules was of more importance than the personality of the Speaker, although the independents will try to select their own Speaker. The Committee on Speakership took up the consideration of these candidates who have announced themselves as being in the race: H. V. Hinman of Albany, Michael Schaap of the Thirty-first District, New York; John L. Sullivan of Chautauqua, Clinton D. Horton of Buffalo, Alexander McDonald of Franklin, and Thaddeus C. Sweet of Oswego. It was told that Assemblyman-elect William Sulzer has sent each Assemblyman a letter announcing that he also was a candidate. Mr. Sulzer is lecturing in the West.

Andrew F. Murray, Assemblyman-elect from the Nineteenth New York, was elected Permanent Chairman of the conference. This committee on Speakership was appointed: Henry M. Patton, Wilmot E. Knapp, Hamilton Fish, Jr., August Martin, Mark Esther, and T. C. Crane. Michael Schaap was elected Chairman of the Committee on Rules.

Senator Duhamel, an independent Democrat from Brooklyn, attended the meeting and said:

"I advise you to go slow. Don't announce your choice of a candidate for the Speakership. As long as you have the other side guessing you have an advantage over them. Lay low for a while and you will get more Assemblymen to come to you as Independents. Independent politics have come to stay. The old organizations are going to pieces. Fusion and all independent movements will be the real power next year. Next year Roosevelt will be back among us. Hearst will be in the fight with the independent forces and sweeping victories are certain. Keep independent at Albany."

The next meeting of the conference will be held on Dec. 6. Several Republican Assemblymen of the city also met last night at Republican headquarters, 102 Montague Street, Brooklyn, and started a movement to take control of the Republican Party in the State from Chairman William Barnes, Jr. Resolutions were passed authorizing Ogden L. Mills to confer with the Assemblymen-elect of the other parties throughout the State in order to obtain their views regarding the selection of a Speaker.

The speakers at the Brooklyn meeting were Jacob A. Livingston, Representative William M. Calder, Ogden L. Mills, Samuel S. Koenig, President of the New York Republican County Committee; F. J. H. Kracke, and Alexander M. White.

GROCER'S BOY SHOT DEAD

Accidentally While Playing with Employer's Revolver, Police Decide.

The sound of a pistol shot on the fourth floor of the Syrian tenement at 87 Washington Street at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon brought Mrs. Mary Wahby hurrying into the hall to find a 12-year-old boy lying dead at the head of the stairs, a bullet wound in his chest. He was Anthony Aront, errand boy for Abraham Kalwand's grocery next door, and to Mrs. Wahby it looked as though he had fallen after running out of the grocer's flat just across the hall from her own.

Detectives from the Greenwich Street Station, Coroner Feinberg, and Assistant District Attorney Murphy searched the flat and examined the grocer. In the end they decided that the boy had shot himself accidentally, and Kalwand was held only on the charge of having had a revolver in his possession.

This revolver was the puzzle of the case. It was found with one chamber discharged on the shelf in the closet of Kalwand's flat. How it got there Kalwand vowed he had no idea.

The puzzle was solved when a woman tenant said that she had mounted the stairs to find the boy lying in the hall with the pistol on the floor beside him. Recognizing it as Mr. Kalwand's weapon, she had taken it into his room and put it in the closet.

RAILROADS' PLEA FOR HIGHER FREIGHT RATES SUMMARIZED IN SOME STUPENDOUS FIGURES

Return on Property Investment.

	1903.	1910.	1913.	Inc. of Year 1913 Over 1903.	Inc. of Year 1913 Over 1910.
Property investment	$4,800,477,902	$5,620,700,023	$6,280,571,611	46.04	11.74
Net operating income	251,437,577	353,085,386	336,754,065	33.93	*4.62
Per cent. on property investment	5.85	6.28	5.36	*8.38	*14.65

Net Income Return on Capital Obligations.

Total capital obligations	$4,281,018,452	$6,010,803,781	$6,389,538,038	49.22	6.14
Net corporate income, (plus interest)	249,508,191	377,290,522	362,470,794	45.22	*3.93
Per cent. on total capital obligations	5.83	6.27	5.67	*2.74	*9.57

Net Income on Capital Stock.

Total capital stock	$1,807,834,813	$2,676,932,805	$2,550,782,387	34.88	7.09
Net corporate income	148,546,057	230,507,001	206,591,864	39.08	*10.38
Per cent. on stock	7.89	9.70	8.07	3.07	*16.80

Operating Results.

Operating revenues	$870,783,002	$1,237,344,124	$1,424,110,991	63.54	15.09
Operating expenses	584,718,967	832,363,160	1,022,085,457	74.80	22.79
Net operating revenue	286,064,035	404,980,964	402,034,534	40.54	*0.73

Comparative Measure of Service.

Tons carried one mile	96,123,280,803	133,705,073,002	150,790,754,183	73.98	17.27
Passengers carried one mile	10,803,110,279	14,640,138,274	16,055,486,746	48.62	9.67
Miles of track owned	87,407.45	102,286.22	107,033.49	23.40	5.52

*Decrease.

Milo

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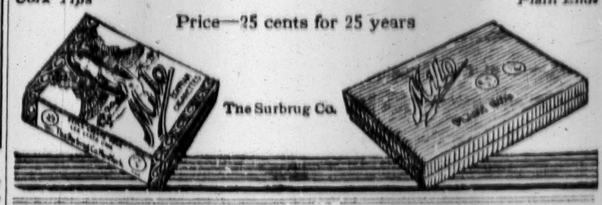
The connoisseur's desire for a cigarette of rare quality has made the MILO famous.

Cork Tips — Plain Ends

Price—25 cents for 25 years



The Surbrug Co.

MURPHY COUNTS ON ALL BUT 4 LEADERS

Tammany Chief Not Worrying, Friends Say, Over Possible Revolt.

POINTS TO THE GOOD JOBS

With Scarcely an Exception Head of Every District Holds Paying Office.

Charles F. Murphy has been "taking stock" of the Wigwam members, and his friends said yesterday that he was perfectly satisfied with the result. They said the Tammany leader was convinced that not more than four district leaders at the most would join any movement to oust him, and that the chances were that not more than two would actually kick over the traces.

"Murphy is more solidly intrenched in the Tammany organization than he has ever been before," said one of Murphy's close advisers. "A few of the district leaders were naturally disgruntled right after the election, but that feeling has worn away, and practically every leader will stand by Murphy to the finish. There has been a lot of talk that Murphy must go. Well, Murphy has been going good for the last eleven years, and he will go some more before he is thrown out."

Murphy's confidant went over the list of district leaders to show that practically every one had the best of reasons for remaining true to Tammany and Murphy—that they have been taken care of in the way of patronage.

The list as prepared by the Tammany Chief's spokesman shows that in the First District Daniel E. Finn is now Secretary to the Fire Department, although his term of office expires on Jan. 1, and that he is a strong Murphy man.

In the Second District, "Big Tom" Foley, former Sheriff, is a stanch Murphy man; in the Third, John E. Fitzgerald is a State Senator; in the Fourth, John F. Ahearn's brother is Fire Marshal and Joseph Scully is City Clerk. Charles W. Culkin, leader of the Fifth, has a position in the Surrogates' office. David Lazarus of the Sixth is a Port Warden, while in the Seventh Frank J. Goodwin is Deputy Commissioner of Charities, although his term of office expires on Jan. 1.

In the Eighth, Christy Sullivan is a State Senator; in the Ninth, Peter J. Dooling is a Congressman, and William Dalton a Deputy State Superintendent of Elections. In the Tenth, Solomon Goldenkranz has a State position, and in the Eleventh, The McManus, although he holds no position, is a strong Murphy adherent. The Twelfth is Murphy's own district, and in the Thirteenth, John F. Curry holds a position in the Surrogates' office.

Michael J. Cruise of the Fourteenth, who is known as a Murphy supporter, has no position, but James J. Hagan, leader of the Fifteenth, has a job in the State Controller's office. Edward F. Boyle, leader of the Sixteenth, is Chief Examiner in the Public Service Commission. In the Seventeenth District Ross Williams is the leader, and he is the only one who has come out openly against Murphy. He holds no position, and Murphy's friends say that is the reason for his present attitude. In the Eighteenth District, Bart Dunne is a contractor, which, in many cases, is equivalent to a city or State job, and John V. Coggey has a State job. Michael J. Hines, leader of the Nineteenth, is a Deputy City Clerk, and in the Twentieth William Shannon is a contractor and stands high in Murphy man. He replaced Maurice Featherson, who warred against Murphy during the McClellan Administration.

In the Twenty-first District Leader John J. O'Connell never held a position, but he is with Murphy in the present trouble. In the Twenty-second William H. Stinnett is Deputy Bridge Commissioner, and although he goes out of office on the first of the year, he is a strong Murphy supporter. Thomas F. McAvoy of the Twenty-third is Deputy Excise Commissioner and in the Twenty-fourth John J. Dietz is a Municipal Court Clerk. In the Twenty-fifth Joseph F. Prendergast is Deputy City Clerk, and in the Twenty-sixth James J. Frawley is State Senator. In the Twenty-seventh George L. Donnellan is counsel to the State Excise Board. Nicholas J. Hayes, leader of the Twenty-eighth, has no position, but he is loyal to Murphy. Thomas E. Rush, leader of the Twenty-ninth, has a $10,000 job as counsel to the State Controller; in the Thirtieth Peter Nagle has a State job, and in the Thirty-first William J. Wright is at present Deputy Commissioner of Correction, his term expiring on Jan. 1.

Out of this list Murphy, according to his advisers, feels that only four might be classed as doubtful—Leader, Goldenkranz, Rush, and Wright—but, as all four have been taken care of by Murphy in the way of patronage, it is considered as unlikely that they will turn against the Tammany Chief now.

"There isn't the slightest chance of the district leaders, or a majority of them, turning against Murphy," said the chief's confidant. "The district leaders have been so well taken care of by the head of the organization that they have nothing to be dissatisfied with. No leader of Tammany Hall ever had the record Murphy has. During his leadership for the past eleven years Tammany has had two Governors, Dix and Sulzer, and most of the State officials during the first Hughes term when William R. Hearst was the Tammany candidate for Governor; two Mayors of the City, Gaynor and Gaynor, whose two terms cover eight years, and one United States Senator, Croker never had a record like that, and the leaders are not going to turn Murphy down."

Murphy's adherents say that the only chance for Tammany to be overthrown is by the establishment of a rival organization. The movement started by independent Democrats to bring in a boss is causing Murphy more worry than anything else, but it was said yesterday that Murphy believes that the acute stage of this danger has now passed.

"We are going to sit tight and wait for the enemy to do something. Then you will hear from Tammany," was the way one member of the organization put it.

"THE PROPHETS"—IN COLORS.

John S. Sargent's famous paintings from the Boston

Saks Fur Motor Robes $15 to $375

¶ One must always remember that money without judgment will not buy exclusive things.

¶ At Saks' exclusiveness is host to the guests of judgment and taste.

¶ We have one of the largest and most exclusive collections of motor robes in this country.

¶ And the steamer rug robes which are so popular with smart people this season are positively a feast of beauty.

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"Everything for the Autoist but the Auto!"

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BIG THRONG HEARS MRS. PANKHURST

English Militant Leader Gets Enthusiastic Reception at Carnegie Hall Meeting.

ATTACKS WHITE SLAVERS

Calls Suffragettes' Cause a "Holy War"—Women Have Put Fear Into Cabinet Ministers' Hearts.

Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the English militant suffragette leader, held her last big public meeting before sailing away from America at Carnegie Hall last evening, and the great auditorium was filled from top to bottom. At 6:30 o'clock a big crowd had already gathered for the meeting, which did not open until 8:30 o'clock. Five minutes after the doors were opened the few unsold seats had been exhausted and a few on the stage were disposed of to the eager crowd, but with that at least 1,000 people were turned away. There was no attempt to decorate the hall, the only banner being the large one of the militants, the Women's Social and Political Union, which hung over the centre of the stage, the words of the slogan standing out:

"Resistance to Tyranny Is Obedience to God."

Mrs. Charlotte P. Gilman presided and on the platform as special friends and supporters of Mrs. Pankhurst were Mrs. H. P. Belmont, Mrs. Eugene Boissevain (Inez Milholland,) Mrs. John Winslow, Miss Alice Perkins, Miss Elizabeth Ellsworth Cook, and Miss Caroline Lexow of the Women's Political Union.

Many other well-known suffragists, however, did not attend the meeting. Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch, President of the Women's Political Union, was not there, nor was Mrs. Nora Blatch de Forest.

Mrs. Carrie Chapman Catt, head of the International suffrage organization, was present as also were Dr. Anna Howard Shaw, Miss Mary Garrett Hay of the Woman Suffrage Party, and Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, Manhattan Borough Chairman of the party.

Mrs. Henry Butterworth of the Women's Political Union had charge of the ushers, who were drawn from Mrs. Blatch's and from Mrs. Belmont's societies, and Miss Beatrice Brown of the Union sold Pankhurst literature at a table near the door. Miss Mary Shaw Miss and Miss Martha Klatschenschneider Mrs. John Fowler Trow were on the platform.

There was one man speaker, Dr. James P. Warbasse, who opened the meeting making a stand for Christabel Pankhurst's book, which he said could not be sold in New York. Miss Boissevain, however, informed the audience later in the evening that the understood that the ban put on it by Anthony Comstock had been removed. A letter from Dr. John Haines Holmes was read approving of it. Mrs. Gilman, in introducing Mrs. Pankhurst, said she was the greatest speaker of our times.

Mrs. Pankhurst spoke principally upon the white slave traffic and upon the need of an equal code of morals for men and women.

"Women will not fight for things that threaten the pocketbook," she said, "but they will fight for that which threatens life and the human race. It was when these were threatened that the women became militant."

She then told of the industrial needs of the 5,000,000 working women of England, whose average wages were $2 a week, and the attempts made to lead them astray, and said if the women had the vote they could at least force the English Government to pay its own employes a living wage.

"The English Government is the greatest white slaver there is," she said. "It is engaged directly in the white slave traffic in the miserable army of native women its provides for its army and navy in the East."

"They have flogged a few men among the white slavers. Why don't they begin with the customers? Why do not they arrest all the men in making a raid on disorderly resorts—why only the women? I have visited your night courts. The Judges, the police and officers all men and the prisoners all women. A broken window is a small thing when one considers the broken lives of women, and it is better to burn a house than to injure little children. This is a holy war."

"There is a time when peace ceases to be a virtue and becomes a crime. They tell us to wait, but we have waited fifty years. If men for unjust taxation take lives, the women are justified in fighting for the liberties they have so long been deprived of. They say if you want anything go and tell the men. No, gentlemen, we do not trust you."

"They say American women shirk the duties of motherhood, and even men say it who ought to know better. They should know that it is not the fault of the women, but of the vile state of men. I cannot think that men know the misery they inflict upon their wives and children. If we can make men think as we do we shall build up a beautiful race."

"Without an attempt on a life, we have so frightened the Cabinet Ministers that they dare not leave the house without protection. The Czar of Russia needs bands, and Englishmen have been assured that their lives are safe, but they keep detectives in the house, stand at small stations with an automobile ahead of police, and they are guarded at golf, meetings, and dinners.

"It shows that even women can put fear in the hearts of men and make it difficult for them to carry on the ordinary routine of Government. To this I say that government is sustained by force. It is not true and never will be. With all your armies you cannot control the feeblest person who will not be governed. We are giving the people in England a lesson in government. All Governments rests upon the consent of the governed. You cannot keep the weakest person in prison if he will not consent. If that was not so I would not be here."

Mrs. Boissevain spoke during the taking of a contribution, and later Mrs. Pankhurst answered questions.

TWO ARMY AVIATORS PLUNGE TO DEATH

Lieuts. Eric L. Ellington and Hugh M. Kelly Killed by Fall at San Diego, Cal.

SERVICE DEATH ROLL NOW 13

Ellington, a Skilled Airman, Loses Control of Machine When It Nears the Ground.

SAN DIEGO, Cal., Nov. 24.—Lieuts. Eric L. Ellington and Hugh M. Kelly of the United States Army Aviation Corps were killed to-day in a fall of about eighty feet in an aeroplane. The accident occurred across the bay from San Diego on the grounds of the army school on North Island. No reason for the accident was discovered, although a careful examination of the aeroplane was made. The machine was shattered.

Capt. A. G. Cowan, commanding the post, saw the accident.

"They were trying out a new six-cylinder machine," he said, "and were between 80 and 100 feet from the ground when they lost control of it.

"The machine was a new one, and Kelly was not familiar with it. Ellington went as instructor. The machine had a dual control, which enabled either occupant to manage it at will. The controls were connected, enabling the instructor to correct instantly any mistake made by the pupil.

"The men went up at 7:53 A. M. and sailed around the field for about five minutes. Of course, they were making no attempts at sensational work. They fell about one mile from the headquarters tent, toward Point Loma. The land slopes down toward the beach and is so low we could not see the machine strike.

"Apparently it began its descent in a proper manner and at the usual angle. Then it appeared out of control. The altitude was so low we felt the officers would have only a rough fall.

"A careful inspection of the wrecked aeroplane convinced us that the controls were in good order. The men were killed instantly."

The deaths of Lieuts. Kelly and Ellington at San Diego yesterday brought the number of aviation fatalities in the United States Army and Navy service to thirteen, twelve in the army and one in the navy. Besides the thirteen officers killed since the Government adopted the aeroplane in 1908, two civilian instructors, Al Welsh and Paul Peck, also lost their lives in the course of their experiments.

French Airman Killed.

CHANTILLY, Nov. 24.—M. Cerbon, a French aviator, was killed to-day when he fell with his monoplane while flying near here.

THE WORKMANS LECTURE.

Describe Himalayan Journey to Royal Geographical Society.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Mrs. Fannie Bullock Workman and Dr. Hunter Workman to-night lectured to the Royal Geographical Society upon the results of their exploration of the Himalayas in 1912, many of the details of which have been published in THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Mrs. Workman said that the Rose Glacier, the sources of which they succeeded in reaching, was forty-six miles long, the longest and largest glacier in Asia, and probably in the world, except those in the polar regions. She added:

"Near the head of the glacier I found two native stone cairns, nearly demolished, but quite plain. Only human hands could have placed the rocks as they were discovered."

CONDITO RUNS DOWN BOY.

Autoist Is Under Bail for Killing Little Girl Last Week.

Not more than three blocks away from the spot where, on Friday night, he ran down and killed nine-year-old Katherine Quinn in front of her home at 4,008 Third Avenue, Marino Condito was driving his automobile along Washington Avenue, the Bronx, last evening when he ran down and seriously injured seven-year-old Samuel Pear.

The accident occurred at 173d Street and Washington Avenue, and the little boy, whose home is near by, had been playing tag in the street. He darted out in front of Condito's machine, then too close to him to be swerved away.

Condito jumped out, picked up the injured boy and drove at top speed to Fordham Hospital. There the doctors said the child had been injured internally. Condito then called at the Tremont Police Station and reported the case. The police did not detain him.

He is already under $1,000 bail to answer to the charge of homicide made against him by the police when his car killed Katherine Quinn last Friday. The next morning Coroner Healy released him until after the inquest. Condito, who lives at 3,156 Bathgate Avenue, had his lawyer with him when last night's accident hailed his drive downtown.

Hans Schmidt Trial Dec. 8.

When the case of Hans Schmidt, the murderer of Anna Aumuller, comes up this morning before Judge Foster in the Court of General Sessions, W. M. K. Olcott, Terence McManus and Alphonse G. Koelble, counsel for the defense, will ask for a two weeks' adjournment to give them time to prepare their case. Assistant District Attorneys Dedemanty and Koenig will not oppose it. This will bring the case to trial on Dec. 8.

NOTED LAWYER WEDS NURSE ON SICKBED

A. C. Braxton, Too Weak to Stand, Reclines at Ceremony in Atlantic City.

BRIDE SAVED HIS LIFE

Leading Member of Virginia Bar Was Expected to Die Until Miss Miller Took Command.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Nov. 24.—With members of his family gathered in his sickroom at the Marlborough-Blenheim Hotel here, Allan Caperton Braxton, a lawyer noted in Virginia, was married here yesterday to his nurse, Miss Mary P. Miller of Staunton, Va. Staunton is his home and here, and she had come to Atlantic City some weeks before to nurse him back to health. Mr. Braxton was still too weak yesterday to stand for the ceremony, and the marriage was performed while he reclined in bed.

Mr. Braxton was suffering from a complete nervous breakdown when he was brought here in early September, and for many weeks he showed not the slightest trace of improvement. Early in November his condition was such that those about him despaired of his life, and it was at this point that Miss Miller was called from Virginia and put in charge of the sickroom. From that day, according to the stories told at the hotel and in the Marriage Bureau this morning, he began to improve.

No announcement of the wedding was made save to the immediate circle of Mr. Braxton and Miss Miller, and they received the news only a week ago. The preparations were simple. Registrar Glenn of the Marriage Bureau went to the hotel to fill out the necessary blanks. Mrs. Carter Braxton and Clarke Worthington of Staunton and Joseph Wheat of Charlottesville arrived on Saturday, and they were the witnesses at the ceremony yesterday afternoon. The clergyman was the Rev. Charles Martin Niles, pastor of the Church of the Ascension of Atlantic City. Miss Miller is 40 years old and Mr. Braxton is 51.

Allen Caperton Braxton is one of the best known lawyers in Virginia, and he was at one time President of the Bar Association of that State. He is the author of the amendment to the State Constitution which provides for a State Corporation Commission, an act which has been applied extensively throughout the United States. His law firm, which has offices in Richmond, is Braxton & Eggleston. He was formerly counsel for the receivers for the Seaboard Air Line Railway and is now counsel for the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac, and for other railroad interests. Mr. Braxton was delegate at large to the Democratic National Convention at St. Louis in 1904.

EVA TANGUAY MARRIES.

Vaudeville Actress Weds John W. Ford, a Dancer in Her Company.

Special to The New York Times.

ANN ARBOR, Mich., Nov. 24.—Eva Tanguay, the vaudeville actress, was married to John W. Ford, a dancer and member of her company, by Justice of the Peace John D. Thomas in his office this evening. The marriage came as a surprise to Miss Tanguay's manager. Three members of the company acted as witnesses.

"The lady does not like an audience," said Ford to the Justice, and the courtroom had to be cleared before Miss Tanguay would enter. Ford, when he obtained the marriage license, gave his age as 22 and that of his bride as 33. He said he had been married once before, but this was Miss Tanguay's first matrimonial venture.

LEFT $100,000 TO BISHOP.

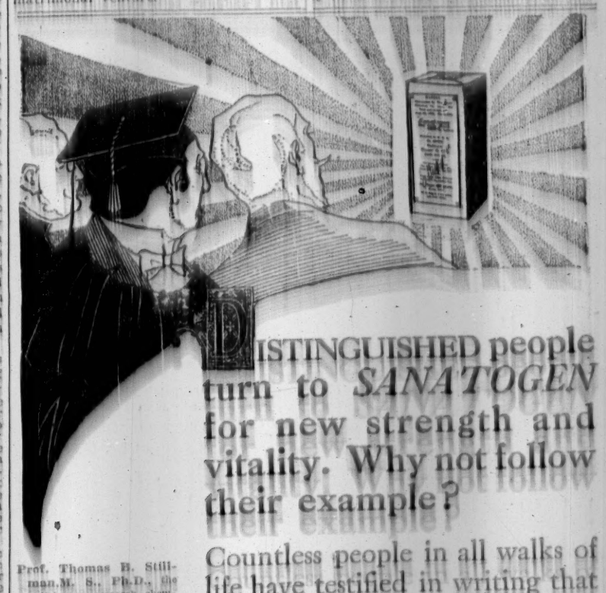
Residue of Gottsberger Estate Goes to Rt. Rev. G. W. Mundelein.

By the will of Francis Gottsberger, which was filed yesterday afternoon in the Surrogate's Court in Brooklyn, a sum of money estimated to be upward of $100,000 is left to the Right Rev. George W. Mundelein, Auxiliary Bishop of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Long Island. Mr. Gottsberger, who died recently at his home, 187 South Oxford Street, was a retired public accountant. He was an art collector, and gave to the Brooklyn Institute some time ago a collection of paintings valued at $125,000 in memory of his wife. He also established a ward in St. Mary's Hospital, Brooklyn, as a memorial to her.

Mr. Gottsberger and Bishop Mundelein had long been close friends. After providing for his children, Mr. Gottsberger directed that the residuary estate be given to the Bishop.

Mrs. A. E. Stevenson Seriously Ill.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson, wife of the ex-Vice President and Past President General of the Daughters of the Revolution, is seriously ill at her home at Bloomington, Ill.



DISTINGUISHED people turn to *SANATOGEN* for new strength and vitality. Why not follow their example?

Countless people in all walks of life have testified in writing that they have been revived, reinvigorated, restored, reanimated by Sanatogen.

Among them are score upon score of distinguished men and women, statesmen, famous authors, princes of the church, captains of industry, society leaders, people whose sense of discrimination is keen. When such people commend Sanatogen, you may be sure that they are absolutely convinced of its beneficial effects.

When 18,000 physicians, moreover, take the trouble to write to the manufacturers of Sanatogen, in letters which it has been a matter of pride to file, to tell of their pleasure and satisfaction with what they have seen follow the use of Sanatogen in hospitals and in private practice, then, too, you may be sure that the good accomplished by Sanatogen is indeed extraordinary.

If you are weak, therefore, or anemic, nervous or run down, a victim of the strenuous conditions of modern life, can you do better than follow such distinguished examples?

Prof. Thomas B. Stillman, M. S., Ph.D., the well-known research chemist, New York, writes: "The chemical union of the constituents of Sanatogen is a true one, representative of the highest skill in the formation of a product containing phosphorus in the organic phosphate condition, and so combined that digestion and assimilation of Sanatogen are rendered complete with the greatest ease."

Mme. Sarah Grand, Author of the "Heavenly Twins," writes: "I began to take Sanatogen after nearly four years' enforced idleness from extreme debility, and felt the benefit almost immediately. And now, after taking it steadily three times a day for twelve weeks, I find myself able to enjoy both work and play again and also am able to do as much of both as I ever did."

Sir Gilbert Parker, M.P., the eminent novelist, says: "Sanatogen is to my mind a true food-tonic, refining the nerves, strengthening the whole system, and giving fresh vigor to the overwrought body and mind."

Colonel Henry Watterson, the famous editor, writes: "I feel it my duty to state that I have used Sanatogen with much benefit, finding it effective and beneficial, and can say that I have found no better."

Hall Caine, the novelist, writes: "My confidence in Sanatogen has been that of a strong nerve tonic, and as a sleep producer it has also proved most beneficial."

Charles B. Stuart, Rear Admiral, U. S. N., writes: "I have had a long trial of Sanatogen, and find it one of the most valuable of nerve foods and tonics in the pharmacopoeia."

Write for a Free copy of "Nerve Health Regained"

If you wish to learn more about Sanatogen, before you use it, write for a copy of this booklet, beautifully illustrated and containing facts and information of the greatest interest.

Sanatogen is sold by good druggists everywhere, in three sizes, from $1.00

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Tecla Gems

Old-fashioned jewelry may be remodeled into the most modern and artistic forms with or without the addition of stones.

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San Francisco 219 Post Street
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CRETEIL (Seine) FRANCE
CRETEIL (Seine) FRANCE

BENCH WARRANT FOR J. K. M'GUIRE

Continued from Page 1.

Oil Company only three weeks. It was in those three weeks that James K. McGuire went to Condit's office. Condit told Chamberlin about McGuire's proposals and Chamberlin thought the visit so significant that he asked Condit for a typewritten statement of his relations with the McGuire brothers. Condit gave him the statement and a copy of it lay on the council table before the District Attorney yesterday when Chamberlin was cross-examined.

The statement was not read into the record, but often was referred to by Chamberlin. It was learned that it told not only the story of the McGuire brothers' activities as bagmen and commission agents, but also quoted Chamberlin himself as scouting the notion that the McGuire brothers were acting as "official bagmen." Here is the sentiment credited to Chamberlin in this statement:

"I don't believe the McGuire brothers were ever authorized to make such an offer. I am going to Fourteenth Street and find out about it."

Further along in the statement, it was learned, was the comment of Condit that Chamberlin did go to Fourteenth Street to find out, and that Chamberlin at that time was a personal friend of Charles F. Murphy and of his nephew, Charles E. Murphy, Jr.

Mr. Whitman wanted to know if Chamberlin had not called on the telephone George Barrett, an agent of the Union Oil Company, a few days after Chamberlin said that he remembered the incident per he couldn't recall what they had talked about.

"Didn't you tell Barrett that George D. McGuire had talked too much and that everything would have been all right if McGuire hadn't remembered an appointment?" asked Mr. Whitman.

"No, sir, I never did," replied Chamberlin.

"Didn't you tell Barrett that you expected to be subpoenaed here and that if you were you would be able to refresh your memory?"

"No, sir."

"Well, what did you tell Barrett?"

"I can't recall," replied the witness.

"Don't you remember that you asked Whitman if you had reminded Condit of the statement that you were to make to the grand jury?"

"I don't recall that."

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"No, sir."

"Well, what did you tell Barrett?"

"I can't recall," replied the witness.

"Didn't you tell Barrett that you had reminded Condit of the statement that you were to make to the grand jury?"

"I don't recall that."

Dan Finnegan, the stenographer, was called. Condit, he said, had come to his office in the Hotel Astor one afternoon last March. Condit had asked him to take down a statement. Finnegan had done so. Condit had then dictated a statement, which Finnegan had transcribed. Condit had then signed it.

Mr. Whitman wanted to know why Chamberlin had telegraphed for McLoud at this particular time, and the witness replied that McLoud was trying to get back into the Highway Department, and that he intended to talk the matter over with him.

McLoud, the record show, was appointed as Chief Engineer of the Highway Department by C. Gordon Reel on Aug. 27, 1912, to displace Harry P. Willis. There was much objection to the appointment because McLoud's name was not taken from the civil service list. State Engineer Hasbrouck and Superintendent of Public Works Peck refused to confirm Supt. Reel's appointment, but following a visit to the Capitol by Gov. Dix the appointment was approved by Peck. McLoud went out of office with Reel.

When Chamberlin left the stand Assistant District Attorney Clark questioned a few contractors, and this gave Mr. Whitman time to summon George H. Barrett of the Union Oil Company. There was some surprise when Barrett took the stand. This is Barrett's story:

"Chamberlin called the office of the Union Oil Company on the telephone on Nov. 10. He asked for Condit but Condit was not in and I talked to him. I asked him to remember the request of John A. Hennessy, and he said that Hennessy talked too much. I asked him whether he was going to get mixed up in the case, and he said that probably he would; that a subpoena had been issued naming him. I told him he must be sure and tell the truth and not get into the same fix as George H. McGuire. He told me it was easy; that all he had to do was to say that he couldn't remember."

Contractors Tell of Gifts.

Three contractors called yesterday included Patrick A. Murray and Henry C. Schroeder of Rochester, Charles Mosher, Elmore H. Folk, and Frank H. Cohen of Buffalo, John Hendrick and Thomas F. Griffen of Oswego, and Harold P. Owens of Utica. They told of contributions they had made to the Republican campaign fund in 1912. Murray said that he had given $500 to George D. McGuire, $500 to Fowler in 1910, $500 to Fowler in 1911, and $500 to Fowler in 1912.

Shortly after I paid George McGuire as a campaign contribution in 1912," said Murray, "I was driving around Rochester with Fowler and Fowler said to me: 'Pat, I'm going to run for Governor next year, and I want you to get busy and get me some money.' I told him I would see what I could do, and I went to see Mr. Mosher, who was then President of the Genesee Valley Canal Railroad Company. I told him that Fowler was going to run for Governor and that he would need money, and I asked Mosher if he would contribute. He said he would give me $500, and I gave him a check for $500, but I never saw him again. This check was made out to A. A. McLean, the State Treasurer of the Democratic Committee."

"Did you know that the second contribution of $500 appears in no statement filed with the Secretary of State?" Mr. Whitman asked.

"I didn't know that," replied Murray.

Both of the checks were introduced as evidence.

Contractor Henry C. Schroeder said that he had been an enrolled Democrat in 1911 and 1912, but that he was now an enrolled Republican. He was a member of the firm of Schroeder Brothers Construction Company and had six road contracts, amounting in all to $1,500,000.

Schroeder said that in response to a demand from Fowler in 1912 he made out a check for $500 payable to A. A. McLean. Continuing his testimony the witness said:

"I got some asphalt from the Union Oil Company of California at a low price. It was up to the Union Oil Company to get it passed at Albany, and they couldn't get it passed. So I got asphalt that wouldn't make good. I saw there was nothing else to do but order from the Barber Asphalt Company. Thereafter I bought from the Barber Company and had no more trouble."

Charles Fischer of Buffalo testified that he sent Mack a check for $500 after he had received a letter from William H. Kelley of Syracuse telling of Fowler's visit, and suggesting that he make a contribution. He said that he had been a Republican since he was born, but he thought it was "policy" to give to the Democrats.

Isadore H. Polk, a contractor of Buffalo, said he was a Democrat, but had never contributed before 1911, when he got State contracts amounting to $150,000. Polk said that he had been requested by Democrats to give Fowler a check for $150 for the campaign. In 1912 Fowler, he said, came to see him and told him he was a Deputy Fire Marshal. Fowler said that he wanted a sprinkler system installed in the building that Polk was working. According to Polk, Fowler said: "You weren't liberal with me on that contribution last year, and I don't see why I should give you any consideations. I'll give you ten days. I'm going to Albany then, and if you don't put it in—" Then I got mad and said: "Don't wait ten days. Start something right away."

Chamberlain Folk said that he had installed all the improvements except the sprinkler system, and that he had finally installed that in December.

"He told me then," continued Polk, "that he had resigned as Deputy Marshal. He said he would give me all the business I wanted if I would make those improvements on the new building. Then he asked me for a check for the boys. I told him no. Later in 1912 Folk said he made out a check for $1,500 to McLean.

Did you know that the $1,500 was on the back of the check?" asked Mr. Whitman.

"I didn't know that," replied Murray.

Thomas F. Griffen of Oswego said that Fowler had solicited a contribution from him and that he was on the list of contractors that Gritten had road contracts for $12,000, he said.

"What did you and Fowler say?" he was asked by Mr. Whitman.

"He told me that I stood pretty well with the Republicans and that if we got together you'd be one of the family," replied Griffen.

Chairman Stephen Bowlby, who had been absent from the room, returned and asked the witness how much he had contributed. Griffen said that he had given $500 to Fowler in 1912. He said that he had given the money to Fowler at the Hampton Hotel at Albany.

"He told me then," continued Folk, "that he had resigned as Deputy Marshal. He said he would give me all the business I wanted if I would make those improvements on the new building. Then he asked me for a check for the boys. I told him no. Later in 1912 Folk said he made out a check for $1,500 to McLean.

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DAILY WIRELESS AND CABLE DISPATCHES TO THE TIMES

HOTEL NASSAU
LONG BEACH, L. I., N. Y.
OPEN ALL YEAR.
Long Island Rail Road Service.

IMPROVING MARCONI RAILROAD WIRELESS

Officials in England Hope to Evolve a Perfect and Inexpensive System.

RAILWAY MEN INTERESTED

But They Have Grave Doubts Whether Wireless Will Come Into Use on Their Lines.

By Special Transatlantic Wireless Telegram to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—Emotion, such was never much in evidence when dealt with by a New York Times correspondent to-day of the successful employment of officials of telegraphy recently between the Lackawanna limited train and Scranton, but they expressed the opinion that, while wireless telegraphy might be of value in certain circumstances surrounding the American railroads, it could not be so in England because the conditions were practically different here. Railways, they said, could be united by existing Electric Telegraph wireless apparatus as it would be asserted under the system of operation of trains here.

So far as can be learned, no British railway is experimenting with wireless or intending to do so, though several big railways are experimenting with a view to finding a practicable automatic train stop. An official of the London & North Western Railway said:

"The report of the successful Lackawanna experiment is possibly of far-reaching importance in America, but under the present method of working here we could not use wireless. Our express trains move at such speed that the necessary communication between the engine driver and signalman would be impossible. There is never any need here to tell an engine driver or signalman to go slow, as trains are controlled through the signal towers. The only way in which wireless would be of any use here would be in stopping a train, and to do that would necessitate a driver, but experience with automatic stops are now in progress on our system."

An official of the Great Western Railway said:

"I do not think wireless will help railway working much. Many of our trains are not controlled by messages to the train crews. Though it is always desirable to speak definitely to drivers, particularly when fog signalmen are on hand, I do not think wireless communication would prevent rear-end collisions.

"Marconi Company officials were pretty interested in the success of the test, which was done three or four times, they have been working Bonomo Boulevard said:

"While this test is highly interesting and significant for the future, it does not follow that the wireless system will be adopted by railroads. Many considerations of cost and utility must be taken into account before the railroads will adopt wireless. Wireless communication would prevent rear-end collisions, but there are other means of preventing collisions which have been experimented with and which are in use. Wireless would be of great use in case of wrecks, but it is impossible to say whether it will be the best and reliable method until the tests are completed."

Notes of Foreign Affairs

PRAISE FOR OUR SAILORS.

Mayor at Nice Speaks of Their Good Behavior and Fine Bearing.

By Special Transatlantic Wireless Telegram to The New York Times.

NICE, Nov. 24.—At a reception in honor of the officers of the American warships now anchored at Villefranche and their comrades on the nine months' cruise of the fleet the Amerials Among those present were Admiral President of the Alpes-Maritimes Department, Mayor Garosio of Nice, Duc Van Passe of the Dutch Navy, Capt. Hughes of the Minnesota, and Capt. Rodman of the Delaware.

In addressing the Americans on this occasion in welcoming the American guests spoke of the excellent relations existing between France and the United States. In reading Admiral Wilson the cablegram from the King of Italy on the occasion of the American Navy and the American people on the fleet. He spoke of the excellent conduct and fine bearing of the American sailors at Villefranche and the fact that the fleet is the guest of the French Government.

Capt. Van Deser thanked the municipality for its cordial reception and said the whole fleet would preserve pleasant memories of its Mediterranean cruise.

SUFFRAGETTE IN JAIL

Forbes-Robertson's Sister Convicted of Window Smashing.

By Special Transatlantic Wireless Telegram to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—A suffragette who on the occasion of Premier Asquith's visit to Birmingham on July smashed a window and then refused refused to disclose her name to-day announced at the Birmingham Quarter Sessions that she was Miss Forbes-Robertson, a sister of Sir Johnston Forbes-Robertson, the actor.

At the police court investigation she was known simply as Emily Davison. On being committed to the sessions she refused bail and after some days imprisonment was released under the "cat and mouse" act. Judge Shakespeare, described Miss Forbes-Robertson as a "greater murderess than Dr. Crippen."

Medical evidence was given that while not looks impaired Miss Forbes-Robertson was very resentful. She was ordered to pay the damages or in default undergo fourteen days in the second Division. She declared that she would not pay and would go to hunger and thirst strike.

Daisy Fox said at the weekly meeting of the Women's Social and Political Union to-day:

"We do not know whether or not the Government will try to arrest Mrs. Pankhurst on her return. We are not going to allow them to do so. We have our bodyguard already formed with Gen. Sir Percy Dunnington at the head, and we are going to take every means in our power to prevent Mrs. Pankhurst's capture."

WORKS BY BLAKE SOLD.

First Edition of His "Gates of Paradise" Brings $450 in London.

By Special Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The sale of rare books, the property of Lady Brassey, Armitage Brodie, Huddersfield, was begun at Sotheby's to-day.

A first edition of "For Children, The Gates of Paradise," by W. Blake, profusely engraved with text, and sixteen plates with full margins, small quarto, published in London in 1793 and afterwards rarely found perfect, as it is from the Beckford Library, and in a presentation copy from H. G. Bohn, May 29, 1850, to Mr. Beckford, Blake's "Illustrations of the Book of Job," twenty-one plates, brilliant proof impressions, India paper, royal folio, 1825, binding by Riviere & Son, realized $80.

Chaucer, Tales Ashmolean, Thynne, 1532, the only perfect copy of the first edition, with the rare leaf of Prologue, 1532, but without the two leaves of Table, realized $1,000.

Of Caxton, Tales of Canterbury, 1484, the first edition, fifty-two leaves missing, realized $1,000.

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HEAVY SENTENCES ON PEARL THIEVES

The Men Who Stole The Famous Necklace Convicted at the Old Bailey.

SCOTLAND YARD'S TRIUMPH

Chief Inspector Ward Declared to Be the Foremost Criminal Investigator of the Present Day.

By Special Transatlantic Wireless Telegram to The New York Times.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The trial of the men accused of stealing the famous $675,000 pearl necklace was ended to-day at the Old Bailey courts. The jury found the four prisoners guilty on two counts of the indictment, one charging them with stealing the necklace and the necklace with it was the property of the Postmaster General, and the other with stealing the necklace while it was in the charge of Sir Francis Jeune.

Beckett and Gerrard were sentenced to seven years' penal servitude each. Sirrett to five years in jail and Guiseppe Guiseppi, known also as Peter Wilson and Guiseppi were also recommended for deportation.

The court was crowded, the majority of the spectators being women, for whom the case excited an extraordinary fascination, their chief desire being to get a glimpse of the necklace.

A woman sitting at the back of the court shrieked when Mr. Justice Lawrence sentenced Beckett, but others when the case came to an end without dramatic incident. One pathetic note was the application of Silverman for permission to see his aged mother before he went to prison. The old woman, he said, was ill and very infirm. The Judge granted the application.

A sinister feature of the trial was the reading of a threatening letter to a juror. This arose and the letter appeared to have come from some friend of the prisoners. He warned the reader that if any steps were taken to curtail the threat certain punishments would follow.

After the verdict was returned the police in order to get details of the prisoners' careers. Beckett was sentenced to five years' imprisonment at Liverpool for burglary in 1900 and had previously been convicted in the United States and Milan. Gerrard has also been previously convicted. Silverman has been suspected of several crimes.

The investigation of the pearl necklace mystery was one of the most remarkable examples of detective work on record, and is declared to stamp Chief Inspector Ward on Scotland Yard as being the foremost living criminal investigator.

All that the police had to guide them consisted of the piece of Paris wrapping paper that was found in the cupboard in which Beckett had concealed the necklace, the description of the necklace, the record number of which appeared on the tickets for identification found for the return of the necklace and the conviction of the thieves.

The prosecution in every instance depended upon the evidence of the detectives, although even how the actual piece of the theft was not established to prove beyond doubt that the seven crooks on London were guilty. Every scrap of the police's case was pieced together instead of being submitted and demonstrated. The investigations of Scotland Yard before the hunters publication of details of the hunt were passed before facility.

Weeks passed before definite information came to Inspector Ward and those associated with him in the inquiry that it was obvious that the thieves had by no skill brought off a coup far beyond their expectations. They had hoped to obtain a settlement of ordinary stones which could easily be disposed of for cash. Instead they obtained possession of a world famous necklace, every pearl of which would provide an instant clue to their detection.

The coup doubtless cost the thieves a considerable sum, which they were anxious to recover, so thinking the matter to the winds, they determined to sell the necklace as a whole, that decision was the first definite step toward their apprehension. It brought Messrs. Brandstetter and Co. and their firm into the Paris diamond and pearl

Prices Reduced
TO TIRE USERS ON
Diamond Tires
EFFECTIVE
November 24, 1913
Ask Your Dealer

BIG PRICES AT CHRISTIE'S.
BIG PRICES AT CHRISTIE'S.

LENGTH AND STRENGTH
LENGTH AND STRENGTH
It is record of success and length of service which counts to-day in clocks, watches, etc. This applies to clocks, steamships, houseyachts and motor cars. We have sold in the building and business centres, cars, etc., of other cities, and have created new standards of efficiency in building construction which no property owner can afford to ignore.
BOOKLETS
THOMPSON & BARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction
BOOKLETS
MACKINLAY'S V. O. B.
MACKINLAY'S V. O. B.

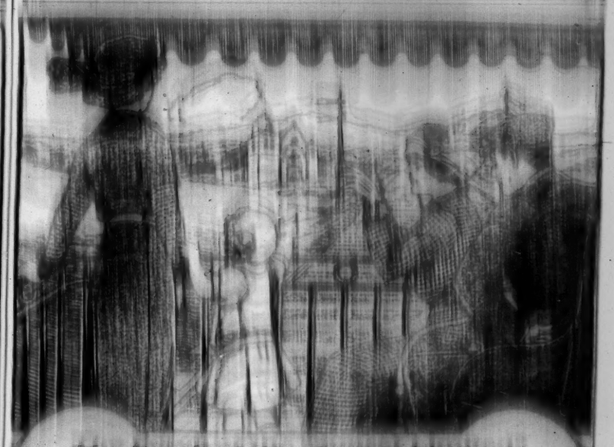
Property lost in a Yellow Taxicab is almost always quickly found.
Report your loss immediately—call up Columbus Ten Thousand.
Our telephone system keeps us in close touch with each cab all the time, and our drivers are reliable.
You and your property are both safe in Yellow Taxicabs.
That's our kind of service.
Yellow Taxicab Company
Call up Columbus Ten Thousand

THE CONVERTIBLE BRACELET
AND
WRIST WATCHES
One of fashion's favored fancies for the season. Gold watches, which may be worn with or without the expansion bracelet or may be interchanged with wrist straps to match the color of the gown. The bracelet may also be worn separately.
The prices range from $60 for a Gold Watch with four assorted wrist straps to $90 for a Gold Watch, gold expansion bracelet and six assorted wrist straps.
"Being In Business Since 1815 Means Something"
GEORGE W. WELSH'S Son
256 Broadway
Opposite City Hall Park

THANKSGIVING
is the day when all the good old favorite dishes are served. Bonbons and Chocolates are as indispensable as the pumpkin pie.
Neyhart's
Sold by Leading Druggists Everywhere
36 West 34th Street (Greeley Square) New York

$1.50 $10.
PROVIDED FOR THOSE WHO WANT THE BEST
PERRIN GLOVES
FAMOUS THE WORLD OVER
Fall Weight $2.50 Winter Weight $2.75

Arnold Constable & Co.
Mail Orders Promptly and Carefully Filled—Telephone Gramercy 8100.
Exceptional Values in Floor Coverings
High Grade Carpets
At Special Reductions from the regular prices
Best Wilton Velvet and Domestic Axminsters:
Formerly $1.65, $1.75, $1.85 a yard. Now 1.00, 1.10, 1.25, 1.35
Best Scotch Axminsters:
Formerly $4.00, $4.50, $5.00 a yard. Now 2.50, 3.00, 3.50
Best English Wiltons:
Formerly $3.50, $3.75, $4.00 a yard. Now 2.00, 2.50, 2.75
200 Made Up Carpet Rugs
Special lot made up in our own workrooms from our best grade Wilton, Brussels, Axminster and Velvet Carpets—choice designs and colors, and in sizes to meet all requirements. One-third less than regular standard prices. (Sizes are approximate.)
Size 4.6x6.4 7.00 Size 6.9x10.6 17.50
Size 5.3x8.3 12.50 Size 8.3x12.0 20.00
Size 6.0x9.0 15.00 Size 9.0x12.0 24.00
350 Fine Oriental Rugs
Of exceptional qualities, most carefully selected designs and colorings, including many antique pieces of deep, rich tones—the assortment includes the best known makes:
Mousouls, Khuristarans, Daghestans, Cabistans,
Beluchistans, Afghans and Sarouks
The sizes average from 2.6x4.0 to 4.0x6.6.
Values being from $18.00 to $80.00; Now offered at the extremely low prices,
12.50 to 52.50
Fine Velour Portieres
From Our Regular Stock For Special Prices
Two styles velour of beautiful quality and in the most attractive color combinations.
At 14.75 Value $16.00 At 12.50 Value $13.50
Extra fine quality; full colored figured borders. Plain velour with variety of desirable colors
REVERSIBLE VELOUR PORTIERES—An unusually superior quality for fine furnishing. Jacquard centres and figured borders; also with rich galloon borders—newest combinations of colors. Value $19.00 Pair 19.50
Broadway & 19th Street


The Porch of the "Sunset Limited"
A Highly Pleasant Lounging Place
CALIFORNIA
The wonderful landscape world is increasing charm and beauty with occasional glimpses of Old Spanish Missions, bustling modern cities, prosperous cotton fields, vineyards and orchards, as you travel on this perfectly equipped train, over the scenic
Southern Pacific Sunset Route
New Orleans Los Angeles San Francisco
California about clear skies, and the temperature of a June day. Bathing, golf, tennis, polo, mountain climbing—all out-of-door sports every day.
Sunset Limited
Solid Pullman Train Commencing November 15th
Every Day
Through Sleeping Cars and Through Dining Car
Observation Compartment Sleeping Cars and Through Tourist Sleeping Cars
Also Daily Overland Limited
Pullman Drawing Room and Tourist Sleeping Cars
Dining Cars Serving All Meals
Ask Agents for Booklets
Southern Pacific Lines
Sunset Limited
Phone, Franklin 5000

Extraordinary Reductions
MEN'S WINTER SUITS and MEN'S OVERCOATS
$5.50 Saved $14.50
$20 Suits & Overcoats
$7.50 Saved $17.50
$25 Suits & Overcoats
$8.50 Saved $21.50
$30 Suits & Overcoats
$11.25 Saved $23.75
$35 Suits & Overcoats
At least 28% Saved You in Wholesale Profits, as We Manufacture Our Own Clothing—Plus Special Sale Reductions
Every Suit and Overcoat Designed and Manufactured in Our Own Factories—All the Woolens Shrunk and Cut by Our Own Workmen.
We personally direct every detail in the making of our garments.
We guarantee every piece of our goods and have not the slightest excuse to offer if we cannot give you better styles and better values than any other clothing store in New York.
We Save You Wholesaler's Profits
We Save You Wholesaler's Profits
Smith Gray & Co.

The BEAUTIFUL
Christmas Scribner
ON SALE EVERYWHERE
25 CENTS

Threefold Unequaled Service

Eyeglass Service

Directly as ordered by the physician's prescription. Expert workmanship. Every lens ground to the exact requirements of the individual case. Second—We prepare and adjust mountings to suit the features, insuring the maximum of utility and comfort. Third—We duplicate lenses without the slightest delay. Fourth—We keep the lenses fit and adjust to the features, insuring the maximum of utility and comfort.

GEO. MARTIN OPTICIANS

304 MADISON AVE., N. Y.

Read Upton Sinclair's Much-Discussed Novel

DAMAGED GOODS

Novelized from Brieux's Play With Brieux's Approval

Illustrated With Photographs From the Play.

"The book has been widely discussed abroad and in America, and the consensus of opinion has all been in the author's favor. . . . He has been sincere and earnest in his purpose, and has not tried to feed a morbid curiosity, but has dealt with a delicate subject in a dignified manner, though many readers will be shocked by its frankness."—The Bookseller.

$1.00 Net. Postage, 10c

At All Booksellers

The John C. Winston Co.

Publishers, Philadelphia

PLAYER PIANOS

Don't lose your Piano in exchanging for a Player Piano, when you can have it turned into a Player Piano for a moderate charge.

Christman Player Actions can easily be installed in any Piano, and are a great success.

Send for Circular.

USUAL BARGAINS

In used Baby Grand and Upright Pianos by Steinway, Knabe, Sohmer and many others.

$100 UPWARDS

Open Wednesday and Saturday Evenings.

Christman Sons,

25 West 14th St., Bet. 5th & 6th Avs.

Let us give you a RESINOL Shaving Stick

Trial size, free. Enough for a score of soothing, refreshing shaves. Dept. Resinol, Baltimore

GEMS OF EMPRESS OF 900 YEARS AGO

Jewelry Found at Mayence Believed to Have Belonged to the Beautiful Gisela.

MAY HAVE BEEN PAWNED

Troublous Times Followed the Coronation in Rome of Gisela, Who Was the Wife of Conrad II.

By Telegraph to The New York Times.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—Dr. Paul Falke, Director of the Museum of Ancient Art, has made public a discovery of jewelry of the Empress Gisela, wife of Conrad II., which was found during excavations at Mayence.

Dr. Falke has come to the conclusion that the jewels belonged to the beautiful Burgundian Princess Gisela, consort of the German Emperor Conrad II., who reigned from 1024 to 1039. The artistic work and the setting of the stones correspond in character with similar work known to have been executed by German goldsmiths in the first half of the eleventh century.

There is great similarity between the workmanship of the ornaments and that of the celebrated imperial crown preserved at Vienna. This was made before the year 1027 for the Emperor Conrad, when in Rome was received.

Dr. Falke remarks that the magnificence of the jewelry worn by Gisela at her coronation in Rome was referred to in historical records, and he considers it quite conceivable that her most valuable ornaments were pawned or hidden during the stormy times that followed.

The jewelry is now in the possession of the Kaiser.

Won't Dance the Tango Till Late.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—Emperor William's prohibition against the tango has caused a further change in the programme for the dance to be held after the Thanksgiving dinner of the American colony. It was learned that any members of the Diplomatic Corps present would not think of dancing the tango or two-step be danced. These were consequently eliminated from the programme, but will be permitted during the latter part of the evening after the official guests have retired.

Archbishop's Golden Jubilee.

PEORIA, Nov. 24.—Two hundred visiting clergymen to-day attended the golden jubilee celebration of Archbishop John Lancaster Spalding. Pontifical mass was celebrated, the cathedral being packed to its capacity. Archbishop O'Gorman of St. Louis delivered the sermon. Archbishop Spalding is very feeble, and with much difficulty walked to the altar. A big public reception planned for this afternoon was called off on account of the Archbishop's condition.

"THE PROPHETS"—IN COLORS.

John S. Sargent's famous paintings from the Boston Library will be reproduced in the original colors as a section of the Christmas Number of The New York Times, Sunday, Dec. 7. The edition will be sold out in advance. ORDER NOW. —Adv.

MISS LA RUE TAKES SEVENTH.

Interesting Performance Wins Her Golden Rose at The New York Theatre.

Miss La Rue Chose for Her Performance at the New York Theatre Yesterday Afternoon a Number Which Has Been Sung by Many Famous Prima Donnas, Including Patti, Nordica, Melba, Eames, Parepa-Rosa, Emma Thursby, Clara Louise Kellogg, Christine Nilsson, Adelina Patti, Lucca, Sembrich, Gerster, Lehmann, Ternina, Gadski, Eames, Calvé, Fremstad, Farrar, Garden, Hempel, Destinn, Alda, Tetrazzini, Bori, Barrientos, Galli-Curci, Hempel, Mary Garden, Farrar, Fremstad

A&F

The Greatest Sporting Goods Store in the World

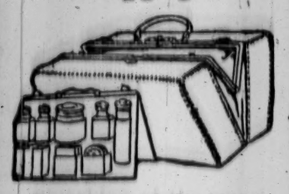
Thanksgiving 'Possum

From the 'possum hunt in Virginia to the explorer's camp on the Amazon, Abercrombie & Fitch sporting goods are in evidence on Thanksgiving.

Last week we were supplying camp goods for South America, shot-guns to Long Island hunters and Monte Carlo game tables for house parties in the Berkshires.

Sporting goods—sporting clothes—sporting amusements.

Thanksgiving Luggage



Smacking of the smartness of all Abercrombie & Fitch sporting goods.

Suit Cases, Kit Bags, Travel Toilet Requisites, Attache Cases—cosmopolitan impedimenta fit for the King's messenger.

Look like they've come from somewhere--like they are going somewhere.

The Channel Bag, fitted for women, illustrated above, is a capital week-end piece—$85.

English grain morocco, with ebony and gold-plated fittings, including jewel box, curling iron and lamp.

Men's imported fitted Suit Cases, $35. Other fitted bags for men and women, $25 up.

Travel Accessories

Little luxuries which smooth out the roughness of a journey—many of them brought from the other side:—

English Morocco Writing Cases, lined with moire silk, $8.50 up.

Overnight Pocket Dressing Case, in russet leather, $2.75.

English Scarf Holders—space for scarfpins, studs and $4 neckties; 1.85.

Morocco Bridge Whist Cases, fitted, 75 cents.

Imported Tea and Luncheon Kits in great variety of new styles.

For the Thanksgiving Dining Room

Poultry Shears which simplify the carving of a bird, $2.

Abercrombie & Fitch Carving Sets, from $4 up.

Lock Demijohns and Liquor Sets—imported Humidors.

Viennese Crystal Bull Dog Ash Trays

One of our thousands of imported Christmas novelties. Receiver of metal-mounted crystal—bull dog of amethyst crystal with eyes of brilliants. Price $8.50.

Other Ash Receivers, 75 cents up.
London Attache Pipes, $2 up.
Imported Covered Pipe Racks—Doulton and Gun Metal Glaze Tobacco Jars.

Write for Our Christmas Catalogue

Abercrombie & Fitch Co.
Ezra H. Fitch, President.
53-57 West 36th St., New York

NEED ONLY $572,753 TO GET $4,000,000

Workers for Y. M.-Y. W. C. A. Fund Will Make Final Effort To-day.

HOPE TO REACH GOAL

Conditional Subscriptions Lapse if Project Fails of Success—J. D. Rockefeller, Jr., Gives $25,000.

There was a magnificent spurt on the next to the last day of the campaign to raise $4,000,000 for new buildings for the Young Men's and Young Women's Christian Associations of this city. The leaders announced yesterday gifts amounting in all to $435,905, which make the grand total to date $3,427,247. The total of the subscriptions of yesterday was more than twice as large as the subscriptions taken on any other one day of the campaign.

Following the despair of the leaders at 6 o'clock on Sunday night, when only $40,000 had been subscribed toward the million necessary to complete the fund, the enthusiasm at yesterday's luncheon in the campaign headquarters at 25 Broad Street was marked. The headquarters was crowded to the doors with workers who were hoping to hear the best but were fearing the worst. As the team leaders announced their totals the applause grew in volume. There was a hush when George W. Perkins, Chairman of the Executive Committee, arose. When he said that his committee had obtained $330,000 in subscriptions the women present joined the men in enthusiastic applause.

There was more applause when it was learned that John D. Rockefeller, Jr., had telephoned to the headquarters just as the luncheon started, to say he would give $25,000.

There is still $572,753 to be raised before the campaign ends to-night, but the fact that the leaders were able after eighteen hours work yesterday to obtain record subscriptions for any one day, has spurred the workers to greater efforts than ever. Every man and woman left the luncheon yesterday determined to do his and her part toward completing the fund by to-night. It is expected now that the project will be a success.

On the other hand, if the campaign to reach the $4,000,000 mark fails the building fund will lose $450,000 which has been subscribed conditionally on success. It was announced yesterday that of this sum $350,000 is in one gift and that it includes two other gifts of $50,000 each from anonymous friends of the two associations. The only $350,000 subscription was made by John D. Rockefeller and was announced at the opening dinner of the campaign in the Hotel Astor.

The congregation of Dr. Charles H. Parkhurst's church on Madison Square contributed $950, which was included in yesterday's total. It was also announced that a well-known architect had volunteered his services in drawing up the plans of the new buildings to be constructed, and that four taxicabs of the Mason-Seaman service have been placed at the disposal of the workers for a real whirlwind finish of the campaign.

Besides the gifts already mentioned other subscriptions yesterday of $1,000 or more were:

Anonymous	$5,000
Ward Bread Company	5,000
Eugene Delano	5,000
James A. Hearn & Co.	2,000
Anonymous	1,000
Jonathan Thorne	1,000
Anonymous	1,000
Mrs. Francis P. Furnald	1,000
I. P. Dommerich & Co.	1,000
Moreau Delano	1,000
C. H. Matthieson	1,000
Horace E. Andrews	1,000
Mr and Mrs. Francis Carolan	1,000
Mrs. Harry S. Bowen	1,000
Mrs. William J. Schieffelin	1,000
Mrs. William Reed Thompson	1,000
George S. Bowdoin	1,000
Mrs. Samuel Bridgham	1,000
Anonymous	1,000

The official list of contributions yesterday by committees and teams was:

The Kingsley Committee	$87,617
The Clark Committee	14,086
The Kunz Committee	2,078
The Women's Committee	36,718
The Bronx Committee	2,842
The Harlem Committee, (women)	2,583
The Harlem Committee, (men)	1,086
The Colored Committee	4,825
The Executive Committee	$30,000
Grand total yesterday	$435,905
Grand total to date	3,427,247

KINGSLEY COMMITTEE BY TEAMS.

1—Francis Louis Slade, Captain	$3,446
3—James S. Cushman, Captain	3,625
5—Joseph P. Day, Captain	25,227
6—C. Beekman Hoppin, Captain	265
5—Wm. J. Schieffelin, Captain	1,759
6—R. H. Montgomery, Captain	114
7—John Nicolson Captain	1,885
8—J. C. Auchincloss, Captain	217
9—E. S. Kassing, Captain	244
10—George C. Hubbs, Captain	750
Total	$37,817

CLARK COMMITTEE BY TEAMS.

11—John Sloane, Captain	$2,040
12—Lawrence Priddy, Captain	41
13—Horton Iiams, Captain	1,000
14—Philip W. Henry, Captain	2,017
15—Frank De K. Huyler, Captain	232
16—John Rose Delafield, Captain	886
17—Thomas A. Buckner, Captain	5,865
17—H. E. Almberg, Captain	75
19—Cleveland A. Dunn, Captain	1,000
20—Dr. Seth M. Milliken, Captain	
Total	$14,086

KUNZ COMMITTEE BY TEAMS.

Team A. L. H. King, Captain	$71
Team B, F. C. Pinkham, Captain	2,007
Total	$2,078

21—Mrs. E. R. L. Gould, Captain	$2,276
22—Mrs. Francis Louis Slade, Captain	9,959
23—Miss Elisabeth W. Dodge, Captain	5,007
24—Miss Emily B. Wilson, Captain	2,409
25—Miss Dorothy Perkins, Captain	6,987
26—Mrs. Christine T. Herrick, Captain	1,311
27—Mrs. Florence Stowell, Captain	2,100
28—Mrs. Elijah W. Bliss, Captain	2,151
29—Mrs. Nathaniel B. Potter, Captain	1,971
30—Miss Anna Maxwell, Captain	2,555
Total	$36,718

Two one dollar bills were left at THE NEW YORK TIMES office last night for the fund. The money was inclosed in an envelope which was delivered by a messenger boy. A note, written in ink on letter paper of the City Club of New York, which gave no clue to the identification of the donor beyond the signature "Englishman," was folded about the bills. The note ran:

"The Missing Million."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Sir: Would not one rich man or woman go bond for the balance of the Y. W. C. A. and Y. M. C. A. fund?

Recently Lord Plymouth put up a million as bond to release the Crystal Palace, in London, from going to the hammer. Except a small sum he has got it all back—and during the next three months almost every one would give a small donation. I inclose $2, and wish them all luck.

ENGLISHMAN.

The guests of honor at yesterday's luncheon were Miss Grace H. Dodge, Mrs. William M. Kingsley, Mrs. William Curtis Demorest, Dr. L. L. Doggett, President of the Y. M. C. A Training School in Springfield, Mass., and William P. Sidley, President of the Chicago Y. M. C. A., who made a brief address.

WARNING.

The Christmas Number of The New York Times, on Sunday, Dec. 7, will be sold out far ahead of time. If you want the sections containing the finest paintings and The Girl of To-day, the only way to get them is to order early.—Adv.

There's a Fat Boy

who is the courageous and resourceful leader of four live country boys in a new book called "Mark Tidd." It's a story your boy will warm up to—and there's no telling, you might like "Mark Tidd" yourself. Clarence B. Kelland wrote it.

GULLIVER'S TRAVELS

¶ Horses who talked and men who are no bigger than ants—but you've guessed that it's Gulliver. There's a new "Gulliver's Travels" and every young reader should have the book. The big, new full-page pictures by Louis Rhead make it really a new book—and more interesting than ever.

JOE THE BOOK FARMER

¶ The boy champion corn-raiser's story is a new book of success, called "Joe the Book Farmer." It is so good a book that one State board has adopted it for regular reading, and more than one other State has sent it broadcast. Garrard Harris wrote it—and he tells a real story.

BOOK OF INDIAN BRAVES

¶ Inventing the Cherokee alphabet was Sequoya's job, just as it was Powhatan's to rule over thirty warlike tribes. You know of course that these men were great Indians. Their stories—and many others—are told in a new book called "The Book of Indian Braves," by Kate Dickinson Sweetser. You get acquainted with Sitting Bull, Black Hawk, and other big red men. A splendid book for boys to read.

TO-DAY
At any Book Store
Harper & Brothers

WRIT AWAITS EARLE.

He Must Produce in Court Son He Kidnapped in Paris.

Ferdinand Pinney Earle, who is expected to arrive either at this port or at Boston in a day or so, will be served with a writ of habeas corpus directing him to produce his eight-year-old son, Harold Erwin Earle, before Supreme Court Justice Seabury. Mr. Earle is accused of having kidnapped the boy on Nov. 9, in Paris, from the home of his first wife, Marie Emma Emilie Fischbacher-Earle. Miss Charlotta Herman, who is said to be Earle's traveling companion, is charged with participating in the kidnapping.

The purpose of this action is to recover the boy and return him to his mother's home in Paris. A criminal action, it was said yesterday, would be begun against Mr. Earle and Miss Herman if the court upheld the habeas corpus proceedings. The papers in the application for the writ assert that Earle is either on the steamship Marquette, due in Boston, or on the steamship Finland, bound for this port.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 24.—The advance list of the Red Star liner Marquette, on the way from Antwerp to Boston, was received here to-day. The name of Ferdinand Pinney Earle does not appear, but it is possible that he booked under an assumed name. The authorities searched the White Star liner Canopia, which arrived from Naples to-day, but Earle was not on board. A sharp lookout for him and Miss Herman will be maintained.

CLAIMS $5,000 FOR BAIL.

Put Cash Up in a Bet, Says Jeffries —Stranger to ex-Bluecoat.

Following the dismissal yesterday of the indictments against former Patrolman Eugene F. Fox and Ashley Shea, charged, respectively, with bribery and perjury as a result of District Attorney Whitman's police graft investigation, the secret of the mysterious deposit of $5,000 cash bail for Fox's release from the Tombs was disclosed. It developed from affidavits filed at the District Attorney's office that the bail was put up by Herbert Jeffries, an entire stranger to Fox, as the result of a wager.

According to the records on file in the County Clerk's office, Fox was released from the Tombs on Jan. 15 upon the deposit of the cash with Warden Fallon of the Tombs. The money was deposited by Louis J. Grant of Grant & Rouss, Fox's attorneys.

Mr. Jeffries is an explorer. His has made several trips to Africa and South America, and has been interested in several South American revolutions. Through his attorney, Col. Alexander S. Bacon, he filed an affidavit yesterday with Assistant District Attorney Laverelle, asking for the return of the money. The affidavit says that he delivered to Grant & Rouss, Fox's attorneys, $5,000 to be deposited by them as agents for Fox's bail.

Mr. Jeffries, according to the affidavit, was in the office of Col. Bacon at the time the police investigation was taking place. He had just returned from South America. In the office he met an acquaintance with whom he entered into a discussion of the police question.

"The police are not as bad as they are painted," Mr. Jeffries asserted.

"If you think that way about it," the other replied, "why don't you bail out Fox?"

The upshot of the discussion was a wager of $500 which Mr. Jeffries made with his friend that he would bail Fox out. Mr Jeffries then visited Grant & Rouss and put up the money, it is asserted.

J. M. Gidding & Co.

564-66-68 FIFTH AVENUE 46th & 47th STS.

Important Special Sales

of Furs—Evening Gowns—Afternoon and Street Dresses—Dance Frocks—Afternoon and Evening Wraps—Tailleur Suits with or without fur trimming—Limousine and Utility Coats—Blouses.

at greatly reduced prices

ALSO CONTINUING

Sale of Millinery $10 & $15

formerly to $40—smart street and semi-dress styles.

Charge purchases will not be billed until January 1st.

"Everybody's Going to THE BIG STORE"

We Make It to Your Advantage to
Do Your Christmas Shopping Early

The Big Store, this year as in past years, places itself on record as being heartily in sympathy with the movement inaugurated for EARLY CHRISTMAS SHOPPING.

And there is every good reason why you should do your Holiday shopping earlier. You can certainly make your selections in greater comfort NOW than later on, when the inevitable Christmas rush sets in.

Furthermore, assortments are at their very best now, and your choice is more attractive. This advantage is for EVERYBODY.

And as a Further Inducement TO OUR CHARGE CUSTOMERS:

All purchases made until Dec. 10, inclusive, will be entered on bills rendered Feb. 1, 1914.

And if you are not a charge customer already, we will make it easy for you to become one. Details may be had on application to our Department of Accounts, Balcony, Main Building.

Complimentary Stamps FREE, Today

As many sets as are reasonably required for books unfilled will be given. Distribution in Premium Parlor, GREENHUT Building. Only 100 complimentary stamps good in any one book.

MAIN BUILDING

Myriad Attractions, This Year, in Our

Wonderful Toy Town

What a fairy-land—what a playground for children and grown-ups! Thrills, surprises and laughs galore Nobody should miss seeing:

The "Ferocious" African Lion—The Bengal Tiger—The Cage of Monkeys—The Realistic Elevated Railway

and the thousand and one other Toy Town features.
Even Santa Claus, himself, is here to greet you.
Special prices will be marked on hundreds of favorite toys for today's selling.
Everybody's welcome.

MAIN BUILDING

15c to 25c Collars

E. & W.—RED-MAN—FRISBIE AND NUMEROUS OTHER FAMOUS BRANDS

For Men and Boys; Today, Each, at 5c

12,000 Collars in this Greatest of All Distributions.

The gigantic assortments for your choice include every favorite shape, including high, medium and low folds; also standing and wing shapes for men and boys. Nearly all of these collars are in perfect condition. Some are imperfectly laundered and therefore have been classed as "seconds." But the defects are in no instance important—nothing to hurt the wear. All can easily be remedied by a single trip to the wash tub.

All Sizes from 12 to 20.

Entire Main Aisle in the Basement given over to this event. Scores of extra salespeople in attendance.

MAIN BUILDING

Another Achievement!

Overcoats and Suits For Men and Youths

Values to $20; Sale, Today, at **$11.85**

2,600 handsome and high-class winter garments purchased from two overstocked manufacturers are comprised in this extraordinary selling occasion.

The Overcoats—every new style, length and size. Hundreds of "Snellenburg" samples included. These coats are "dandies"; values to $20; today, at..... $11.85

The Suits—youths', young men's and men's styles, for business and dress occasions. Browns, grays, tans, mixtures and blue all-wool serges. All sizes.

The Big Store — A City in Itself

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

Sixth Avenue — J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. — 18th to 19th Streets

Double Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock—Single Stamps Thereafter

Every Business Man

Owes It To Himself To Own and Enjoy a

Hardman Autotone

It is the most thoroughly artistic Player-Piano that best piano builders have produced.

It has the superlative piano qualities of the famous HARDMAN, combined with the wonderful AUTOTONE, which enables the business man, who does not know one key from another, to play any music he likes, IN THE MOST ARTISTIC MANNER.

The AUTOTONE gives a new and delightful atmosphere to the home. It gives a new and wonderfully inspiring relaxation to the tired business man, for his evenings at home.

There is a marvelous fascination about being able to produce music, and give it touches of your own personality—for every man is A MUSICIAN IN HIS SOUL. All can FEEL the stirring impulses of Music.

The AUTOTONE takes care of all the technique, and then it supplies all the facilities for YOUR OWN INTERPRETATION—enabling you to play the melody JUST AS YOU FEEL IT.

Day after day, as you learn to know the power that the AUTOTONE gives you, you gather greater and greater delight in possessing it, and in developing greater art with it.

Your wife, too, will enjoy delightful hours with it. She will find a new joy in listening to you, when you play it.

Then, if there are children, it will wonderfully develop their musical sense, and start them toward a fine musical education.

Primarily, the HARDMAN AUTOTONE is a magnificent Upright HARDMAN Piano—that is the most vital fact in its superlative excellence. Thus, when the player-action is not required, the finished musician has a piano of the highest grade known, on which to perform. The AUTOTONE being a miraculous convenience for the non-player, but being practically non-existent for the expert pianist.

There Is a New Joy In Life For The Home That Welcomes An AUTOTONE

Music is one of the greatest nerve tonics known, and the possession of a HARDMAN AUTOTONE will be a revelation to the busy man who makes this important addition to his home this Fall.

Then, it is a purchase very easy to make. Those who desire to do so, pay a small amount when the purchase is made and easy monthly or weekly installments afterward.

Stop in Today, on your way downtown, or at your convenience and see what a desirable addition to your home the HARDMAN AUTOTONE will be.

The HARDMAN is "The Piano of the Opera"—used by the great Metropolitan Opera Stars, and enthusiastically endorsed by them for its superlative artistic merits.

Easy Terms You may pay us a deposit on the purchase price of any of our instruments and we will deliver it to you immediately—then you may complete your payments in small weekly or monthly installments, just as you wish. Liberal allowance for old pianos taken in exchange. Write for handsomely illustrated catalogue.

HARDMAN, PECK & CO.

(Founded 1842.)

BROOKLYN STORE 524 Fulton St. — HARDMAN HOUSE 433 Fifth Ave., New York (Between 38th and 39th Streets) — CHICAGO STORE Republic Building Cor. State & Adams Sts.

Wild's Orientals

In considering your Christmas gifts early, you have time to weigh the practical advantages of a good rug—and to select the rug.

Instead of some trivial gift thing which the recipient may or may not want will not a Wild's Oriental be accepted as a specially well chosen present?

At all prices—from $15 up.

JOSEPH WILD & CO.
Fifth Ave. and 35th St.
Largest Specialty Rug House in America

OWEN SAYS BANKS AID STOCK GAMBLING

Currency Bill Will Check Lending of Reserves for Speculative Accounts, He Asserts.

TO DIVERT FUND TO TRADE

Quotes Bankers Here as Welcoming Regional System for Loaning Money on Commercial Bills.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—That large bank reserves concentrated in New York were loaned in speculative accounts on the New York Stock Exchange was asserted by Senator Owen to-day in opening the debate in the Senate on the Owen-Glass Currency bill, adding that the measure would remove this condition. After the Senate wrangled for half an hour over the printing of the bill, Mr. Owen of Oklahoma, Chairman of the Committee on Banking and Currency, made the formal defense of the measure as amended by the Democratic wing of the Senate Committee. Mr. Owen spoke for two hours, and adjournment was then taken.

Mr. Hitchcock of Nebraska, the Democratic head of the Republican half of the committee, will reply to Mr. Owen Wednesday. Mr. Owen's speech adhered closely to the lines of his report on the bill Saturday, but he was listened to by a good attendance of Senators.

Miss Margaret Wilson and Miss Eleanor Wilson, daughters of the President, came into the gallery, accompanied by a party of friends, and heard Mr. Owen speak.

The suggestion was made by Senator Cummins of Iowa that State institutions might be forbidden by the laws of their States from joining the regional systems proposed in the pending bill and from subscribing to their capital stock. His remark followed a question to Mr. Owen as to whether Mr. Owen considered the participation of State banks necessary to the successful inauguration of the system.

Mr. Owen replied that he did not, but it had been definitely known all along that the Administration forces counted heavily on the co-operation of State institutions.

Reviewing the details of the bill, Senator Owen urged that by the creation of a market for discounted commercial paper and by mobilizing the reserves in public utility regional banks, the measure would remove the great dangers of the present financial system.

Asserting that at present New York bankers who hold a large percentage of the country's reserves were forced to place those reserves in call loans on the Stock Exchange, the Senator said:

"We are advised by representative New York bankers that the great banks there would be glad to have the system improved by the establishment of Federal reserve banks strong enough to furnish money on demand against good commercial bills, and thus enable the New York banks to withdraw their funds from the Stock Exchange—which has become the most gigantic gambling establishment in the world—and place such funds in the service of legitimate industry and commerce. This will be one of the great benefits of the pending measure—that is it will withdraw from the gambling enterprises on the Stock Exchange the bank reserves of the country and enable such reserves to be used for the commerce of the nation."

Senator Owen explained the security that would be behind the new currency which under the bill would be issued against commercial paper. Besides this paper, he pointed out, the notes would be secured by the liability of the member bank discounting the paper, the liability of its stockholders, the liability of the reserve bank, issuing the notes and its stockholding banks, a 5 1-2 per cent. gold reserve, and the guarantee of the United States.

"There has never been issued a note with such safeguards surrounding it by any banking system of the world," he said.

Senator Owen urged speedy action on the bill by the Senate, declaring that banks and business men throughout the country were "holding back" to discover just what form the legislation would take. He said that the differences between the two divisions of the Senate committee should be adjusted, and, as Chairman, expressed his willingness to accept some of the proposals made by the anti-Administration faction.

NAMED FOR FILIPINO BOARD.

Wilson Nominates H. S. Martin, C. L. Riggs, and W. T. Denison.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—President Wilson nominated to-day the following as American members of the Philippine Commission:

Secretary of Public Instruction and Vice Governor of the Philippine Islands—HENDERSON S. MARTIN of Kansas.
Secretary of Commerce and Police—CLINTON L. RIGGS of Baltimore, Md.
Secretary of the Interior—WINFRED T. DENISON of New York.

Mr. Riggs was graduated as a civil engineer from Princeton University in 1887. Subsequently he became a manufacturer and retired from business some years ago. His military record covers service in the National Guard of Maryland and in the Spanish-American War. His home is at Catonsville, Md.

Mr. Denison was born in Maine, but is now a legal resident of New York. He was graduated from Harvard University in 1896 and from Harvard Law School in 1900, and is an Assistant Attorney General in the Department of Justice.

Henderson S. Martin is Chairman of the Kansas State Utilities Commission. He also is Chairman of the Democratic State Committee.

CHURCHILL PARTY CLAIMING VICTORY

Profess Confidence That Mayor Kline Will Name Him Again for School Board.

APPLAUD MITCHEL'S STAND

Opposition, Led by President Butler of Columbia, Considers Mayor-elect's Indorsement "Unfortunate."

While Mayor Kline declined to commit himself directly yesterday as to whether he had made up his mind to reappoint Thomas W. Churchill as a member of the Board of Education, it was understood at the City Hall that Mr. Churchill was practically certain to be designated.

All that Mayor Kline could be induced to say when asked whether the cablegram received from Mayor-elect Mitchel on Sunday had induced him to make up his mind in favor of Mr. Churchill, whom Mr. Mitchel warmly indorsed, as was told in a cable message from Panama, was that in his own time he would appoint a good man. In a previous statements Mayor Kline has said he would probably decide the matter by the middle of this week.

Alrick H. Man, who was appointed by former Mayor Low as a member of the Board of Education, and reappointed by former Mayor McClellan, was particularly happy over the situation yesterday afternoon. Mr. Man has taken the lead among members of the Board of Education in defending the policies of Mr. Churchill and attacking those of City Supt. Maxwell, to whom the Churchill administration has been opposed.

"Mayor-elect Mitchel knows," was the first comment of Mr. Man on reading the cablegram from Panama. "There are few men," he added, "who have shown a deeper interest in educational matters than Mr. Mitchel. His experience in the school inquiry, conducted by a committee of which he was Chairman, has resulted in his being very thoroughly posted on local school conditions. While he made mistakes in the early stages of the inquiry his good common sense and the knowledge derived during the work fully appear in his later reports and the conclusions of the committee as finally published.

"While his original position was critical if not antagonistic, he could not fail to discern in the course of the inquiry the keen insight, practicability, and good judgment with which Mr. Churchill was steadily improving conditions which had long been regarded as irremediable."

Members of the Public Education Association and some of those who signed with President Nicholas Murray Butler of Columbia University the letter to Mayor Kline asking him not to reappoint Mr. Churchill were disposed to object to the terms in which Mayor-elect Mitchel came to Mr. Churchill's support.

"I don't see why this indorsement of Mr. Mitchel should have anything to do with the question of Mr. Churchill's fitness for the office he holds," said Frederic R. Coudert. "Mr. Kline is the Mayor, and it is upon him that the duty of making appointment falls. Our position with regard to Mr. Churchill is entirely an impersonal one. He may be a very worthy man, but he stands for a system in public education which is retrogressive. He may think that his policy is progressive because it heads toward simplification. But, on the contrary, the idea of progressivism is toward differentiation of function and not toward simplification. Mr. Churchill and others who come in from the outside cannot overthrow the progress of a hundred years.

"My conclusion after three years of service on the Board of Education is that the ideal arrangement must be one which looks to the employment of the very best experts obtainable from whom the initiative in matters of school management will come. At the same time there must be a board of lay members in which is vested the financial power and the power of ratification of recommendations of the experts. To break that arrangement down is to go backward instead of forward."

Howard M. Nadd, Secretary of the Public Education Association, characterized Mr. Mitchel's stand as "unfortunate."

"If the Mayor-elect will read the Howe-Goodenow report," he said, "he will find that the opinion is expressed that about 85 per cent. of the functions now exercised by the Board of Education ought to be performed by experts. Mr Mitchel's attitude in regard to efficiency in public service makes his stand in regard to the Board of Education matter very surprising."

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Vital Questions of the Day

I. Eugenics.
II. Socialism.
III. Feminism.
IV. Psychism.
and 100 Best Books of 1913.

The New York Times
NEXT SUNDAY—NOV. 30

Leading authorities on each of the above subjects will contribute an article in next Sunday's New York Times, Nov. 30, reviewing the last word in the best books and publications of 1913 on these important subjects:

Eugenics—The article on this theme will be written by Dr. C. B. Davenport, Director of the Station of Experimental Evolution of the Carnegie Institute.

Socialism—Will be discussed by Algernon Lee, Director of the Rand School of Social Science.

Feminism—The article on this broad theme of the woman movements will be written by Miss Ellen Glasgow, the famous novelist.

Psychism—The possibility of the hereafter, with special reference to Sir Oliver Lodge's recent discussion of the subject, will be treated in an article by Henry M. Alden, editor of Harper's Magazine.

The Hundred Best Books of the Year.

Next Sunday's New York Times will also contain a classified list of the 100 best books published in 1913, compiled by Prof. John Erskine, Dr. H. R. Steeves and Dr. Carl Van Doren of the Department of English, Columbia University. Each book concisely reviewed.

The New York Times
NEXT SUNDAY—NOV. 30

To be sure of securing a copy of The New York Times it is necessary to give your order in advance to your newsdealer or newsboy. The Sunday issue of The Times is always a big one, containing many extra features, and each week sells out completely. Besides the best picture supplement with the 50 cents and $1 Christmas magazines

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8 THE NEW YORK TIMES, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1913.

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MALONE SWORN IN; WILL FIGHT BOSSES

Urges Support of Mayor-elect Mitchel and Interest in City Affairs.

COLLECTOR HITS TAMMANY

To Work for "Radical Changes of Party Purpose and Party Leadership."

Dudley Field Malone took the oath of office as Collector of the Port of New York yesterday. He asked those who had gathered at the Custom House to witness his induction into office to do all within their power to uphold the cause "of clean party politics" in this city by supporting in every way possible John Purroy Mitchel as Mayor. Mr. Malone referred to the result of the recent municipal election as "a fortunate day" in the political history of this city.

The ceremony of swearing in the new Collector was held in the large office room adjoining the office of the Collector. Mayor-elect Mitchel was represented by his secretary, Bertram De N. Cruser, and others present were former Collector William Loeb, Jr., George Gordon Battle, who has a plan for the reformation of Tammany Hall; Francis Lynde Stetson, Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry, U. S. A.; President Churchill of the Board of Education, Gen Nelson H. Henry, Chief City Magistrate William McAdoo, Raymond B. Fosdick, Robert Adamson, John L. De Saulles, John D. Crimmins, Julius Henry Cohen, Gen. Theodore Bingham, the Rev. Father Wall, and Charles W. Culkin, Thomas Rush, and William Dalton, three district leaders of Tammany Hall. Many Customs officials were in the gathering.

At 10:30 o'clock the veteran United States Commissioner John W. Shields advanced to the centre of the room and administered the oath of office to Mr. Malone. Then Mr. Cruser, as the representative of the Mayor-elect, read a speech that Mr. Mitchel would have delivered had he been in the city.

"My regret," Mr. Mitchel said, "in retiring from the Collectorship of this port is equaled only by my delight that I am to be succeeded by my friend, Dudley Field Malone.

"It was my pleasure and honor to take up the duties of this great and important office as the successor to a very distinguished incumbent, Collector Loeb, whose splendid work prepared the way for and made possible such improvements in the service as I have been able to put into effect in my short tenure of the office.

"And now that I am to be succeeded by a man for whose character and ability I have the highest opinion, I can lay down the office in fullest confidence that it will be ably and successfully administered.

"I cannot leave this office without saying to you, Mr. Stuart, and the other gentlemen in the Customs Service at this port, what I would wish to say, and what I know I would have had occasion to say again and again were I to remain here. I wish to tell you how deeply I have been impressed by the splendid spirit of the men in this service, and by their great fidelity and ability. My association with you gentlemen of the Customs Service has been a very great pleasure. I leave you with the profoundest regret.

"I congratulate you on Mr. Malone's appointment. You may remember that early in March I urged the President to name him. He will make a great Collector. You will find him a rare associate and an inspiring leader. I need not bespeak for him your hearty co-operation, because I know you will give it. Under his leadership you will carry out the reorganization of the service and deal with the new and difficult problems which will arise under the new tariff law. The term of Collector Malone will be an epoch-making one, and it is with the greatest regret that I am not with you in person on this occasion to join in greeting him. I wish him godspeed."

The room rang with applause as the new Collector arose to reply to the welcoming words of his absent predecessor. He said that it was to him a great honor to be the successor of Mr. Mitchel, and that he would always endeavor to prove worthy of the confidence that the Mayor-elect has publicly expressed for him.

"We are living," said Mr. Malone, "in a fortunate day. We have recently witnessed the election of a new Mayor of the great City of New York by a political army composed of Democrats, Republicans, Progressives, and Independents. Because of the fact that men of all parties participated in the election of John Purroy Mitchel, I know I offend no sense of propriety and inject no note of partisanship in asking you all to uphold the cause of clean party politics and the administration of good government in this community under the new Mayor of New York.

"It is the duty of every good citizen to interest himself not merely on Election Day, but 365 days of the year, in the affairs of politics and government. Without such influence on the part of the men of patriotism and ideals, republican institutions cannot endure.

"I, for one, wish to say to-day that after I have completed my hours of service at the Custom House in the performance of the many and onerous duties of the Collectorship of the Port of New York I reserve the right, which belongs to every citizen, to spend my leisure time in fighting for clean politics and sound administration. I am not interested in the results of one contest. Those leaders of parties—and we have them in all parties—who work for purposes of government which are not republican and not American never take one defeat as conclusive. And I intend to dedicate not merely one campaign but the rest of my life in this City of New York to a fight for radical changes of party purpose and party leadership.

"You, gentlemen of the service, are to continue in co-operation with me under a Democratic President and a Democratic Administration in Washington, but for an absolutely non-partisan conduct of the business affairs of the Port of New York.

"The American people, before Election Day, divide themselves into parties and differ on policies, but after Election Day these party differences are merged by a spirit of patriotism into a well-known desire on the part of all the people to serve the country and its interests without regard to faction or previous divergences of party view. Consequently it should not only be the object, but it is the duty of the officials of Government to bend the administration of office to the service of all the people, without regard to partisanship."

Mr. Malone closed his speech with a promise that as Collector he would have no policies to proclaim. He said he realized his office was not a political one, and that he would know no such word as "favoritism" and would enforce the law strictly and impartially.

DEMOCRATS SPENT $33,147 ON STATE

Committee Opened Campaign with $62,246 Balance—C. E. McGuire Contributed $1,000.

MITCHEL CAMPAIGN FUNDS

W. H. Reynolds Gave $5,000 and Vincent Astor $2,500—H. B. Ford Helped Republicans with $2,500.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Nov. 24.—George H. McGuire of Syracuse, now prominent in the public eye through revelations made by him to District Attorney Whitman in New York regarding up-State Democratic "bermen," contributed $1,000 to the Democratic State Committee's fund for the late campaign, according to the statement of Treasurer Arthur A. McLean made to the Secretary of State. The contribution was made on Oct. 30.

When the campaign opened the State Committee had a balance of $62,246. This was swelled to $65,700 by contributions. George B. Van Names, Clerk of the Assembly, and Lou F. Betts each contributed $100; Frank Disney and W. H. Follette each $30; James W. Fleming and John J. O'Connell each $250, and William Mansfield $125. The other contributions were in sums of from $10 to $50. The total expenditures were $33,147, and the estimated unpaid bills and other liabilities $10,518.

The statement of expenditures, which covers a year, shows that great interest was taken in the inauguration of William Sulzer; items for "inaugural expenses" and "Governor's reception" run from Nov. 27 to Feb. 27. These include five items for Thomas J. Dwyer, aggregating $500; three for Charles Waltz, $200; John A. Mason, $50, and Edward Burke, $25. The largest expenditure was for plate matter for newspapers, $7,907. To the Kings County Democratic Committee $5,000 was given. The State Committee's inauguration expenses were $23.24, a hotel bill and those of the electors $3.70, also a hotel bill.

Republican County Committee.

Ogden Mills, Treasurer of the New York Republican County Committee, reports receipts from Sept. 24 to Nov. 6 of $37,085 and expenditures of $37,035; balance, $670; notes outstanding, $4,000. The Citizens' Municipal Committee gave $24,880 and the Mitchel Committee $300. Among the subscriptions were these:

$2,500.
James B. Ford.
$1,000.
W. K. Vanderbilt, Max S. Griffenhagen.
$500.
Charles C. Nott, Sr., the Rev. John H. Denison, William P. Clyde, Ogden L. Mills.
$450.
Marcus M. Marks.
$250.
Seth Low, Henry W. Taft, Otto T. Bannard, Herbert Parsons, Lloyd S. Bryce, Chauncey M. Depew.
$200.
James B. March.
$100.
Charles T. Chapin, Paul D. Cravath, John C. Platt, William H. Platt, Henry Hewes, Howard S. Harkness, Robert Kelly Prentice, Lewis Marshall, Frederick K. Higgins, Martin Saxe, James A. Herriman, William D. Guthrie, Woodbury G. Langdon.

The Assembly Districts received sums ranging from $937 in the Third to $1,200 in the Twenty-third.

Mitchel Campaign Committee.

The Mitchel Campaign Committee of New York County collected $87,176, expended $83,238, and has claims outstanding of $4,945, which will create a deficit of $1,020. The contributors included:

$5,000.
W. H. Reynolds.
$2,500.
Vincent Astor.
$1,500.
Marcus Loew, W. J. Duane.
$1,000.
A. As Anderson, Stuart Hirschman, George Eltzel, Jr., William Fox, Joseph Huber, F. H. Sugden, John Reves.
$775.
Montgomery Hare.
$600.
Mirabeau Towns.
$500.
Francis Lynde Stetson, G. Howard Leavitt, Joseph Grau, Cornelius Vanderbilt, Hyman & McCall, Calvin B. Dennis, Maurice Wetheim, Laurence G. O'Brien.
$400.
R. A. McDougall.
$350.
Henry M. Powell.
$300.
J. Henry Biels.
$275.
G. C. Miller.
$250.
Ralph W. Gwinn, Roland R. Conklin, Joseph A. Flynn, James F. Martin, John J. Kuhn, John B. Burley, Robert Grier Munroe.
$200.
J. J. Kindred, Robert Kelson, John M. Harmon, Dudley Field Malone, John W. Cox, Luke A. Burke, Frankie L. Poke.
$150.
Meyer & Putzel.
$100.
August Heckscher, W. M. Polk, M. R. Maltbie, Thomas E. Riley, V. Everit Macy, George E. Payne, Arthur C. Train, W. H. Fennell, Arthur Iselin, Harold G. Wyeth, Arthur Woods, Carlotta Russell Lowell, Hiram Ahearn, G. L. Rosevelt, H. L. Rives, Alfonso de Navarro, Archibald M. Brown, Guy M. Walker, Michael Daveller, Eugene Delano, James Churchill, Theresa Hunter, Charles D. Purroy, Audley Clarke, Marvin Scudder, James Imbrie, Bloomingdale Brothers, Martin Manton.

Other Reports.

The New York County Progressives received $28,418 and expended $22,767, balance, $2,646. To each Assembly district was given from $25 to $75. The principal subscribers were: W. Emlen Roosevelt and Mrs. Willard D. Straight, each $500; H. E. Verran and A. H. Scribner, each $200; Melvine G. Paulsen, $150; Henry M. Stevenson and John E. Lowe, jr., each $125; John W. Ingram and James S. Mens, each $100.

William R. Hearst gave the New York City Independence League Committee $1,000 on Oct. 24 and $1,000 on Nov. 3. The receipts were $2,797, the expenditures $2,688, and the liabilities $5,325. Among the subscribers were Herbert R. Limburg, $250; P. H. Riordan, $200; James A. Allen and J. Irving Haushe, each $100.

This was the final day for filing campaign statements, and the office of the Secretary of State was flooded with them. Reports received:

Anti-Tammany Jeffersonian Alliance of New York, receipts $9,500; expenditures, $8,671; liabilities, $6,737.

Citizens' Union of New York: Receipts, $6,464; disbursements, $,490. Isaac Seligman contributed $500, the largest individual sum.

Bronx County Progressives: Receipts, $5,825, including $1,500 from August P. Schwandler; expenditures, $5,434.

William A. Prendergast Campaign Committee of New York City received $14,107; expenditures, $14,106.

Lorenz Reller (for New York General Sessions Judge) Committee received $10,275; disbursements, $11,150.

DENY PRIMARY CONSPIRACY.

Democratic Leaders Take the Stand in Brooklyn Trial.

Witnesses called by the defense yesterday in the trial of State Senator Daniel J. Carroll, Democratic leader of the Fourteenth Assembly District, Brooklyn, Luke O'Reilly, a lawyer, and three others, before Justice Kelby on charges of conspiracy and intimidation of election officials at the primaries in March, 1912, discredited the testimony of Thomas J. Owens, also on trial, who turned informer.

O'Reilly made a sweeping denial of the allegations against himself and Carroll. O'Reilly will continue his testimony to-day. Carroll may also take the witness stand.

SPENT $31,393 FOR FIELDER.

New Jersey Democratic Committee Files its Statement.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 24.—According to the detailed statement of Gen. Dennis F. Collins, Treasurer of the Democratic State Committee, filed to-day with the Secretary of State, it cost $31,393.18 for the campaign in behalf of Gov.-elect Fielder.

The State Committee was Fielder's campaign committee.

SAY WILSON AIDS CATHOLICS

Methodists Attack Appointments—Thus Explain Mexican Policy.

Special to The New York Times.

ASBURY PARK, N. J., Nov. 24.—President Wilson's appointment of Catholics to Federal offices was criticised to-day by the Rev. Dr. James W. Marshall, Superintendent of the New Brunswick District of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Dr. Marshall also scored the President for his "vacillating policy in Mexico," and said that the reason he was "so tardy in taking action" was because Mexico was a Catholic country.

Dr. Marshall's criticism of Mr. Wilson came in a discussion of a paper on "Thanksgiving and Patriotism" before the New Brunswick Preachers' Association in St. Paul's Church, Ocean Grove, this morning. Methodist ministers along the shore attend these meetings, which are held weekly.

The District Superintendent said that 80 per cent. of Mr. Wilson's appointees were men of the Catholic Church. Dr. Marshall's criticism was concurred in by other ministers, though one or two of them doubted that the Superintendent had the percentage correct. There was no comment on the Mexican policy of the President.

Dr. Marshall also said the Catholic Church had become aggressive in matters of State recently, and he deplored what he called President Wilson's furtherance of that aggression

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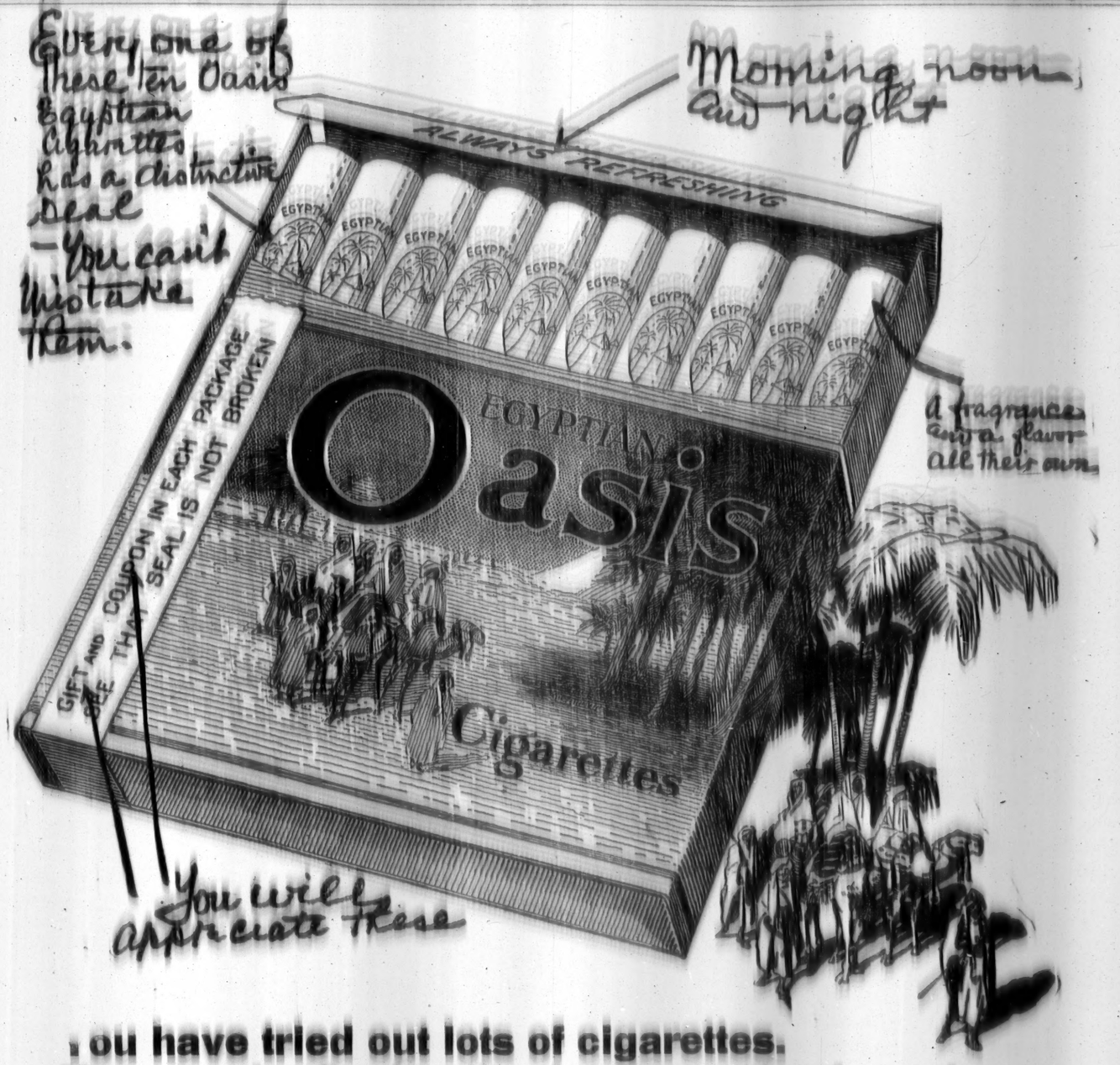
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M. E. STONE SAYS WE ARE NEWS MAD

The Newspaper Should Be Informative, He Tells Students of Journalism.

IT MAY ENTERTAIN ALSO

Highest Mission Is to Lead Current Opinion by Intelligent Discussion.

The making of a newspaper was described by Melville E. Stone, General Manager of The Associated Press, in his address yesterday on the subject "What Is News?" to the School of Journalism at Columbia University. Because of the limited time at his disposal, Mr. Stone confined himself to the chief function of a newspaper, the gathering and presentation of the news.

"The newspaper as you and I know it is distinctly of American origin and growth," he said. "There is nothing like it in any other place on earth. The nearest approach is, of course, to be found in England, but if you carefully study the English papers, you will agree that their resemblance to American newspapers is not so close as to make them twin enterprises. The newspapers of France, Germany, Italy, and Austria, with rare exceptions, are not newspapers at all, but are the mouthpieces of individual publicists.

"Here and there, as in the case of two daily papers of Buenos Aires, and the Cologne Gazette, and the Temps of Paris, there are journals which rise to the level of some resemblance to the products of our efforts in America. I should also include the papers of Canada and Australia. But these isolated instances constitute the exceptions which prove the rule."

Reviewing the long conflict between the Government and the people that resulted in a free press and free speech, Mr. Stone continued:

"I believe that the newspaper to perfectly fulfill its mission should first furnish the information upon which the citizen may form a judgment for his guidance in both his business and his political relations; second, it should be an intelligent presentation and discussion of public questions and fairly lead the citizen in the path of business and civic righteousness; third, it may very properly contribute to the healthy entertainment of the reader."

Mr. Stone said that as a nation we are a news-mad people, and, after summing up a list of things so often treated as news, such as executions, prizefights, divorce cases, and matters of the domestic circle, he added:

"Now, as a matter of fact these things are episodes. They are in no sense contributions to the real history of the world. This sort of journalism is, after all, not the most profitable sort of journalism. I have had some experience in the business, and that experience demonstrated conclusively that the publication of real information brought subscribers in large numbers, and the class of subscribers which it brought became fast friends of my newspaper. Seeking to secure a proper perspective of the world's happenings, I dismissed the episodes of the hour in short measure and set out to learn and to present the things which the world was doing in the field of science, of ethics, of politics, of economics. I found that a responsive chord was touched at once.

"We are a peculiar people. Drawn from all quarters of the globe, with many millions having no just conception of the mission ordained for this republic, with racial prejudices which are natural and inevitable, we as a people are facing problems of tremendous import. It is imperative that somebody, somehow, shall do some thinking. And I cannot help believing that there is a great body of the people who would like to do this thinking if they had only a chance.

"Are we doing all we can to better such a condition? The newspaper has practically driven out of existence in this country the review; even the magazines are devoted, as a rule, to fiction or to the most inconsequential character; even in the newspapers, in large measure, editorial opinion has disappeared. Where, then, shall you turn for a serious, thoughtful consideration of any public question? May I suggest that I believe there is a great longing on the part of many people for real information and that I believe it would prove profitable to attempt to minister to this desire.

"It follows from what I have said that I think it is as reporters and not as advisers or as entertainers that we rise to our highest stature. An intelligent reporter is far more valuable than an intelligent editor. I have indicated to you my belief that the highest and best form of news was information and to this extent that we should be writing the real history of the world and that so far as may be we should dismiss the episode and the tittle-tattle. Know there is a present vogue for so-called human interest stories. It is not a new form of matter.

"What we need are newspapers having such vision that they are able to present a fair perspective of the really important things that are happening in the world, to whom, for instance, the chaotic condition in Mexico is of some more moment than a Nan Patterson case here."

Matters of real human interest, Mr. Stone said, were like those questions involved in unrest conditions in England, the agitation now going on in the Chinese Republic, the development of race prejudice in South Africa, where the struggle between the whites and natives presents a difficult problem to the British Government; the current inquiry in national finance; the high cost of living, and the question of equal suffrage for men and women.

"They are all subjects furnishing news of the very highest order," he said. "As compared with them, the antics of our friends at Newport, the proceedings of the divorce courts at Reno, a fire in Grand Street, or a report of the Court of General Sessions seem to be somewhat inconsequential. As a rule, the profitable and influential newspapers devote a great deal of their space to matters of an informative character.

"But lest I be entirely misunderstood let me repeat that a newspaper to be successful should be entertaining, but mere entertainment should not be its final end and aim. Moreover, I believe in sensational journalism. To be news at all a thing must be sensational. It is the unusual, the startling quality to any information which makes it news.

"The story of the recent murder trial in Kieff, Russia, was of enormous worth, and rightfully was of great news value. I think the publication of it saved hundreds of lives. I have no doubt that if the old methods in Russia still obtain and if the trial of Beilis had been a secret one, he probably would have been convicted, and there would have followed a massacre of the Jews. I think that such a massacre would have followed his acquittal but for the publicity given to the case, and I firmly believe in the moral value of mere news publishing."

Talcott Williams, director of the school, announced to the class after Mr. Stone had gone that the latter was instrumental in making an arrangement with the Russian Government whereby it was possible to send out to the world the news of the trial of Beilis.

Chicago Bans Dice Game "26."

CHICAGO, Nov. 24.—The dice game "twenty-six," which is popular throughout the United States and a feature of many cigar store attractions, was ordered suppressed in Chicago to-day by Chief of Police Gleason. The order was issued on the heels of a court decision that the game constituted gambling.

TRUCKMEN ALLEGE FREIGHT CONFUSION

Commerce Board Asked to Mend Conditions at Rail and Steamship Terminals Here.

WANT TAIL-END DELIVERY

Discrimination and Favoritism Also Complained Of by New York Team Owners' Association.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Allegations of discrimination and charges of confusion in the placing or freight in the terminals of the leading railroads and steamship lines centring at New York are contained in a complaint filed to-day with the Interstate Commerce Commission by the New York Team Owners' Association, composed of sixty-five members, who have 1,500 horses and auto trucks hauling freight.

The railroad and steamship lines have about five acres of freight stations in New York. It is alleged that merchandise is placed in these stations in a heterogeneous mass, piled frequently without longitudinal or transverse aisles, and the commission is informed that where there are aisles they are rarely large enough for the passing of a truck.

The charge is made that fragile articles, like those of glass, are mingled with iron pipe, and oil with carpets, rags, wool, cotton and other inflammable materials, that beer in barrels is piled with furniture and machinery, and that the goods of one merchant are superimposed on the goods of another, while boxes, bales, and bundles are dumped together when unloaded from freight cars without regard to whether the markings on the goods are visible, parts of consignments arriving together being frequently separated by careless handling and so promiscuously scattered as to be reported "lost."

It is averred that at the end of three days such reported "lost" goods are put in storage houses owned by the railroads or steamship companies and that consignees are compelled to pay the unloading and storage charges. It is asserted that drivers frequently are compelled to go into the cars on the tracks to obtain goods to be delivered by team.

This condition, the petition alleges, results in demoralization and congestion, causing long lines of teams to wait at the entrances, and resulting in great delay and loss to patrons.

The association, through its President, Joseph K. Orr, its Secretary, Charles P. Ertz, and Mr. Lovejan and Joseph Loria, alleges that the carriers show favoritism to certain team and truck owners, allowing them to drive past teams having prior position in line. It is alleged that the carriers do not employ enough clerks, weighers, and checkers.

The complaint alleges that at terminal freight stations in many other cities in the United States the same railroads are catering to consignees what is known as tail-end delivery, but that this is denied to consignees in New York City. At those stations in other cities where there is tail-end delivery, it is averred, there is no congestion, no discrimination and no delay. The commission is asked to order the carriers to put a system of tail-board delivery into force in New York City, and order such other changes as are considered necessary.

The railroads named as defendants are the New York Central, New York, New Haven & Hartford, Long Island, Pennsylvania, Central of New Jersey, Lackawanna, Reading, Lehigh, Baltimore & Ohio, West Shore, Central Vermont, and New York, Ontario & Western.

The steamship companies designated as defendants are the International Mercantile Marine, Cunard Line, North German Lloyd, Hamburg-American Line, Scandinavian-American Steamship Company, Anchor Line, Panama Steamship Company, American Transport Line, Old Dominion Line, Merchants and Miners' Transportation Company, Southern Steamship Company, Clyde Line, American-Hawaiian Steamship Company, Morgan's Louisiana and Texas Railway and Steamship Company, Austro-American Steamship Company, New London Steamship Company, Providence Steamship Company, New England Steamship Company, Central Hudson Steamship Company, Cuneo Steamship Company, Holland-America Line, and Furness-Withy company.

Mr. Simonson's Chauffeur Acquitted

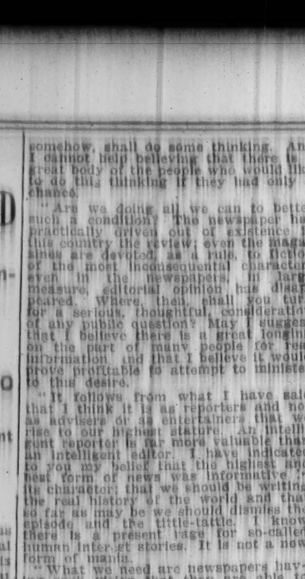
SOMERVILLE, Mass., Nov. 24.—Frederick A. Copman, chauffeur for William Simonson of New York, was to-day freed from a charge of manslaughter in connection with the death of Charles Nickerson, who was run down by an automobile driven by Copman on Nov. 9. Judge Wentworth of the District Court found that the chauffeur was not at fault.

STRENGTH

Number of Guaranteed Mortgages outstanding	10,543
No. of Mortgages in Foreclosure	28
Amount of Guaranteed Mortgages outstanding	$137,000,000
Am't of Mortgages in Foreclosure	$420,000

STRONGEST MORTGAGE COMPANY IN AMERICA

LAWYERS MORTGAGE CO.
RICHARD M. HURD, President
Capital and Surplus $8,500,000
59 Liberty St., N.Y. 184 Montague St., Bkn.



Gifts that Last

At Christmas time no gift is more acceptable than beautiful, durable silver, and if it is

1847 ROGERS BROS.
"Silver Plate that Wears"

it will give lasting service and maintain its original charm and beauty. Guaranteed by the world's largest makers of sterling silver and plate. Buy early.

Sold by Leading Dealers

A Keen Creative Brain

Has value far above money alone because such a brain can win not only money, but—what money often fails to win—SUCCESS.

Brains are built—same as other parts of the body—from the food one eats.

The ordinary diet often lacks certain elements essential to the well balanced nourishment of both body and brain. Especially is this true of white bread flour, which, to make it white, is deprived of valuable mineral salts in the milling process.

Grape-Nuts
FOOD

made of finest whole wheat and barley, retains the mineral salts (grown in the grain) and other nutritious elements, and thus supplies perfectly what white flour bread lacks.

This lack is often the difference between a weak body and dull, ineffective brains and the strong, keen, creative kind.

Grape-Nuts comes ready to eat direct from package—fresh and clean. Delicious with cream or good milk.

It is a concentrated, easily digested food, and as the cereal part of the usual meal has helped thousands toward a new and successful life.

"There's a Reason for Grape-Nuts"

Shaw

has made an astonishing confession of faith in which he fathers the most daring remedy ever proposed for the social and economic evils of our day. It is a remarkable contribution in more ways than one. It is Shaw rampant. You will chuckle at the thrusts of his rare wit. You will squirm under the welting lash of his indignation. The tall, red-bearded Irishman cracks every head he sees and rollicks along from love to marriage to money to business to religion to happiness. Lack of space kept him this side of the grave. Don't miss "The Case for Equality." It's a literary joy-ride. Read it to-night. (All news-stands.)

In the DECEMBER

METROPOLITAN
The Livest Magazine in America

$500 and 15 cents a word will be paid for the best letter replying to Mr. Shaw's article. Judges: Andrew Carnegie, Jack London, James Keeley.

December edition is 575,000 copies. Circulation has DOUBLED in the last 14 months.

Christmas Number of The New York Times
Sunday, December 7, 1913

"THE PROPHETS"

John S. Sargent's Famous Paintings in the Original Colors

These paintings, which are one of the features of the Boston Public Library, will be reproduced by the same process used when The New York Times issued the Morgan pictures and Abbey's "Holy Grail." The complete frieze, as printed in the original colors, will be 56 inches long and 10 inches wide, on super-paper and suitable for framing. It will be equal to anything ever offered by the Christmas publications costing 50 cents and a dollar.

THE GIRL OF TO-DAY

29 Photographs of Typical American Girls, in an 8-Page Section

To reproduce these photographs, the new rotogravure process will be used. The pictures were selected by seven noted artists from hundreds submitted when The Times asked its readers for photographs representing the typical American girl. So many attractive photographs were received that it was decided not to limit the selections to 29, as originally planned. The seven artists chose 90 altogether, and a second rotogravure section with the remaining 61 will be issued on December 14. Soon after the beginning of the year all the regular Pictorial Sections of The Times will be printed by the rotogravure method.

Christmas Number of The New York Times
Sunday, December 7, 1913

WARNING When issuing previous special editions The New York Times urged its readers to place their orders in advance, but thousands disregarded the warning and were unable to get the editions. The Christmas Number of Sunday, December 7, will be sold out far ahead of time. Unless you order it at once, you will not be able to get a copy. **WARNING**

The New York Times

A CENTENARY OF PEACE.

Premier Poincaré Selected for the Anglo-American Exposition.

THE FAST MAIL VANS.

Post Office Could Make Their Schedules Safer.

BOOTH BROTHERS MEET AS FRIENDS

Seventeen Years Ago.

EVA BOOTH TO STAY HERE.

WOMAN IN FICTION AND FACT.

LOTS OF SUSPENSE IN MAUDE'S NEW PLAY

And as an Octogenarian Sleuth He Provides a Most Delightful Figure.

REAL ART IN A THRILLER

"Grumpy," a Story-Book Play, Provides Entertainment That Should Prove Popular at Wallack's.

GRUMPY; a play in four acts, by Horace Hodges and T. Wigney Percyval. At Wallack's Theatre.

Mr. Andrew Mullivant	Cyril Maude
Mr. Basil Herncastle	Edward Emery
Mr. Duck	James Carew
Mr. Paul	Manuel Love
Mr. Isaac Wolfe	Samuel Davis
Dr. Maitland	Hayden Coffin
Mr. Bolton	Arthur Cozine
Virginia Bellvant	Margery Maude
Mrs. Bellvant	Lea Leighton
Mr. Shadbolt	Percival Young
Sarah	Hazel Millfield

At the present rate of progress it would seem that in another week or so nothing will remain for Mr. Cyril Maude to do unless he should desire to appear in the disembodied state of the late Pete Grimm.

Certainly the transition from sunshiny middle life to vigorous old age was made most handily last night, when in Grumpy in an interesting melodrama of the same name sang, he discovered the fact recently but sight of in most of our plays that the older generation may be of some use in the world besides being the target for the wit and the ridicule of the youngsters. This, by the way, seems quite out of fashion on the modern stage.

But the play itself belongs to that school which is always sure of a welcome if the authors have sufficient ingenuity and skill. Happily in this case the Messrs. Hodges and Wigney have not necessarily produced the best piece in which the suspense is faithfully maintained, and the surprises follow one another often enough to keep the average audience highly entertained.

To say that "Grumpy" would seem as good were Mr. Maude as its delightful central figure would be to praise it excessively. But at that the piece is constructed with considerable melodramatic skill.

With Mr. Maude to play Grumpy, the gaunt being of wary, delightful, irascible old gentleman, who, though an octogenarian, isn't in the least sense senile, one gets the double enjoyment of exciting play and exceptional character limitation. And to this, to which there are enough to serve, there is added a succession of hearty laughs.

The story has to do with a deep-laid plan to secure a valuable diamond brought from South Africa by Grumpy's granddaughter, who doesn't mind flirting a bit with a serving maid, though he is in love with Grumpy's granddaughter. And the latter on her part, innocently enough, manages to be the means to no end of trouble to the man to whom she is attached to a skilful rascal, who has arranged to steal the diamond and fix averse to taking the granddaughter along with the other spoils. How a slender hair taken from the serving maid's head and wound about a camelia is the ultimate means to the discovery of the "crook" need not be told in detail. Enough to say that the first act ends with one of those struggles in the dark which destroy the spectator's every doubt as to who has been worsted in the fight until the curtain rises to discover Grumpy on the hunt for clews to the identity of his nephew's assailant. It is not until the third act, however, that the spectator who is the real thief becomes conviction in the mind of the spectator. And this is testimony to the ingenuity of the playwrights in the construction and working out of their plot.

Mr. Maude's impersonation is most satisfying both on its pictorial side and in the many details of choice and charm with which he alternately varies the figure. "Grumpy," or, to be exact, Mr. Andrew Mullivant, is been a noted criminal lawyer, and even in his retirement and old age one senses his shrewdness. In moments of stress he hums "Won't you walk into my parlor, said the spider to the fly," and though the fly in this case doesn't literally follow the suggestion the result is the same once "Grumpy" gets his bearings.

A real story-book play of the kind that most theatregoers love, it will be surprising if Wallack's is not packed as long as Mr. Maude elects to act "Grumpy." Last night's audience was most enthusiastic.

The company appears to good advantage, Miss Maude providing a dainty and appealing figure as "Grumpy's" adoring grandchild, Mr. Lennox Pawle doing a fine colonial, and Mr. Montagu Love and Mr. Edward Combermere handling juvenile rôles excellently. The others, too, are entirely competent for the matter in hand.

MME. JAKESCH ARRIVES.

Wife of Physician to Austrian Emperor Here with Debutante Daughter

Mme. Jakesch, wife of Dr. Wilhelm Jakesch, private physician to the Austrian Emperor Frances Joseph, arrived yesterday on the George Washington and is the guest of her niece, Mrs. William Duff Shivers, at 244 Riverside Drive.

Mme. Jakesch brought her daughter, Miss Hildegarde Jakesch, a debutante, with her, and they are going West to spend some time before retruning to Austria.

Mme. Jakesch is an American, who, with her sister, went several years ago to live in Vienna. The sister married Josef von Schildenfel, a Field Marshal of the Austrian Army.

Dr. Jakesch is better known outside of Austria by his pen name of Dr. Otto Hornung, under which name he has written much on Socialism.

MISS KENDALL A DEBUTANTE.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. Beals Kendall Introduced at a Tea.

Miss Elinor Kendall, third and youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. Beals Kendall, made her début yesterday afternoon at a tea given for her by her elder sister, Mrs. Archibald M. Denny of Pittsburgh, Mrs. Kendall being in mourning. The tea was given at 41 West Eleventh Street, the house recently leased by Mr. and Mrs. Kendall.

Mrs. Denny, in white lace and satin with touches of silver and brown fur, and Miss Kendall, in white charmeuse veiled with spangled lace and tulle, received together. Those who assisted in looking after the guests were the Misses Dorothy Chisolm, Margaret Dixon, Helen Griffin, Marion Hall, Frances Judson, Dorothy Taylor, Katie Schermerhorn, and Rhoda Tanner.

JAMES H. HYDE WEDS TO-DAY

Will Marry Countess Lucy in Gotham Home at Noon.

The marriage of James Hazen Hyde, treasurer of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, to Countess Lucy Morphy, divorced wife of John D. Archbold, will be performed at noon to-day at the home of Dr. and Mrs. Henry Lewis, at 1 East Fifty-seventh Street. Dr. Lewis will act as Mr. Hyde's groomsman.

Mr. Hyde is the father of the bride, and her brother, Henry Morphy, will act as best man. Immediately after the ceremony Mr. and Mrs. Hyde will leave for Lenox, Mass., where they will spend their honeymoon at the home of Mr. Hyde's friend, the Duke of Cleveland, at General Bertram Constable's engagement to Mrs. Hyde's former daughter-in-law, Miss Nancy Lathrop, was announced by the Duke of Cleveland during his recent visit to this city. Miss Lathrop is the daughter of Mrs. Lathrop Brown, of 1 East Sixty-seventh Street, and of the late Lathrop Brown, who died in Paris in 1909. Mr. Hyde was a familiar figure in social and business circles of New York until 1905, when he went to live in Paris. He is a member of the Metropolitan Club, of which he was one time Vice President.

MRS. LAWRENCE WEDS HERE

Wealthy Chicago Widow Marries Dr. Wm. L. Baum of Chicago.

Mrs. Delight Lawrence of Chicago, widow of a young millionaire of that city who died there early in 1912, was married yesterday in the Chapel of St. Thomas's Church by the Rev. Dr. Ernest M. Stires, to Dr. William Ludwig Baum, a well-known physician who has a residence on the Lake Shore Drive in Chicago.

Mrs. Lawrence's wedding will come as a surprise to her many friends in Chicago, few of whom had been admitted to her confidence in the matter.

The bride's mother, Mrs. Frederick H. Winston, who arrived in New York a few days ago from Europe, and her brother, Garrard B. Winston, and a few other relatives and intimate friends of the bride and bridegroom, witnessed the ceremony. The Rev. Dr. Stires is an old friend of the Winston family. After the ceremony a wedding breakfast was held at the St. Regis.

MISS LAWRENCE TO WED.

Bishop's Daughter Engaged to Lewis H. Mills, Harvard Athlete.

BOSTON, Nov. 24.—As a sequel to Harvard's football victory over Yale on Saturday came the announcement of the engagement today of Ellinore, daughter of Bishop William Lawrence of the Massachusetts Diocese to Lewis Hunt Mills, a prominent football player and oarsman.

Mr. Mills, whose home is in Portland, Ore., was a substitute tackle in the game with Yale. He rowed in the 'Varsity eight at New London in 1912 and 1913.

To-day's Weddings.

The wedding of Miss Gladys Roosevelt, a daughter of John Ellis Roosevelt, and Mr. Fauntan Dick, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Evans R. Dick, will take place at 4 o'clock this afternoon in St. Bartholomew's Church. A small reception will follow at 838 Madison Avenue.

Miss Edith Logan, younger daughter of Mrs. John A. Logan, jr., and Sweeney W. Dilworth, son of the late Mrs. Joseph Dilworth, will be married at 4 o'clock in St. Thomas's Church. The reception will be held at Mrs. Logan's residence, 17 West Fifty-sixth Street.

The marriage of Miss Eleanor Hinton, a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Post Hinton, and Lieut. Malcolm Baldwin, son of Mrs. Mary Morris Williams Delavan Baldwin, is to take place in St. George's Church, Stuyvesant Square, at 4 o'clock. A small reception for relatives and intimate friends will be held at the home of the bride's parents, 45 West Fifty-fifth Street.

Miss Margherita Hungerford, daughter of Mrs. William A. Hungerford, and Birney Blackwell, son of Mrs. Frank E. Blackwell, will be married at the home of the bride, 121 West Sixty-ninth Street. A small reception will follow.

The marriage of Miss Effie C. Zabriskie, daughter of Mrs. Jorome Williams Stevens, and Raymond Williams Stevens, both of this city, are to be married in the Second Reformed Church in Hackensack, N. J., this afternoon. The reception will be held at Mrs. Zabriskie's Hackensack home.

Miss Lees to Wed Archer McCall.

Mr. and Mrs. George C. Lees of Sheldon, Conn., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Marjorie Lees, to Archer McCall, a member of the firm of McCall & Clarke Company of 2 West Forty-fifth Street, and a son of Mr. and Mrs. Walter A. McCall of 267 West Seventy-second Street. The wedding will probably take place early next Autumn.

White-Martin Engagement.

Miss Amy White of Boston announces the engagement of her niece, Miss Sarah Harriett White, daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. William Howard White, to Varick Dey Martin of this city. Mr. Martin is a son of Mrs. John Laurie Martin of 115 East Thirty-first Street. No date has been set for the wedding.

Miss Katharine Neilson Engaged.

Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas Bayard Neilson of Perth Amboy, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Katharine B. Neilson, to John Halsey Bonsall of Morristown, N. J. No date has been set for the wedding.

HOUGHTON—MESSITER.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Buckley Houghton of Bronxville, N. Y., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Margaret Houghton, to Harold Monroe Messiter, son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel S. Messiter of Bronxville.

BERLINGER—COHEN.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Berlinger of this city have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Gladys R. Berlinger, to Emanuel B. Cohen. A reception is to be held at the Berlinger home, 224 West 138th Street, on Sunday afternoon, Nov. 30.

Sigma Phi Dance Postponed.

Owing to the death of Robert Merrill, President of the Sigma Phi Fraternity, its annual dance, which was to have taken place at the Hotel Gotham on Dec. 13, has been postponed.

Reception to Forbes-Robertson.

A reception was given yesterday afternoon to Sir Johnston and Lady Forbes-Robertson at the British Imperial Club, 108 East Thirtieth Street, by Miss Adeline Bourne, a member of the club, Cyril Maude, Miss Margery Maude, and many prominent British visitors in town were present. A dance followed the reception.

THE GIRL OF TO-DAY.

Unless you order at once the Christmas Number of The New York Times, to be issued on Sunday, Dec. 7, you will be unable to get the rotogravure section containing pictures of typical American girls selected in The Times contest.—Adv.

GIRLS OF TO-DAY WEAR FEW JEWELS

Times Photographs of Twenty-nine Show Six with Necklaces and Three with Earrings.

BRUNETTES HAVE MAJORITY

Though There Are a Number of Pronounced Blondes — Head and Shoulders Favorite Form of Pose.

In a study of an advance copy of the special rotogravure section of the Christmas number of The New York Times, which will be published on Sunday, Dec. 7, one discovers some interesting points about the typical American girl, as pictured therein. One thing is that, as a rule, she does not seem to be given to wearing a great deal of jewelry.

While six of the typical American girls out of the twenty-nine to be published in the Christmas number wear pearl necklaces, the majority wear no ornaments. It was remarked yesterday that most wear their hair low, but it can be discerned that three are wearing earrings.

Some of the experts on feminine beauty who were interviewed after The Times had extended the invitation to its readers to assist in the search for The Girl of To-day, by sending in photographs, said that she was a brunette. It is interesting to note that of the twenty-nine pictures in the special rotogravure section, dark-haired girls are in great predominance. However, this does not necessarily mean that the picture selected as The Girl of To-day shows a girl with dark hair, for there are several pronounced blondes.

If develops from the poses of the pictures that the American girl to-day generally prefers as a photograph of her head and shoulders only, for twenty of the pictures are of that description. Only three show a full-length pose, standing. Five are of three-quarter length, sitting, and one shows a full-length pose, sitting. Naturally, much speculation as to what The Girl of To-day is like.

Of course, every man has his own ideas as to what The Girl of To-day actually looks like, said one of the artists who acted as judges. It would venture to say that each of us has painted what he thought was The Girl of To-day. Seven artists may differ in that one point as much as seven lawyers, or seven men of different professions or trades.

It is largely for that one reason that influenced the choice we made was that the picture selected best represents the elusiveness of the subject, for it is an elusive subject, when you come to consider it. For one thing, her picture shows The Girl of To-day. When you look at her your thought is 'How many I know like her.' Then she is unmistakably American, yet at the same time she is, in a way, suggestive of other nationalities, and other races. It is very, very difficult to find that mystery looks out from them. As for her expression, it is neither gay nor sad. There is a quality in the picture that makes for mystery. After all, The Girl of To-day is as much of a question as have been her sisters in the past. For what man could lay his hand upon his heart and tell you solemnly that he really knows her, and not be subject to contradiction?

The Girl of To-day section is one of three pictorial supplements that will be contained in the Christmas number of The Times. Besides the usual pictorial section which follows closely the news of the day, there will be a supplement devoted to the reproduction, in the three original colors, of Puvis Chavannes's famous frieze in the Boston Public Library, "The Prophets." The reproduction will be in three parts, the whole being fifty-five inches long by ten inches wide, and will be suitable for framing.

E. C. JONES ENTERTAINS.

Gives a Tea Dance at Sherry's—His Guests.

A ten dance was given yesterday afternoon at Sherry's by E. Clarence Jones. Dancing was from 4 to 7. The guests invited included Mr. and Mrs. Edward N. Breitung, Mr. and Mrs. Jules S. Bache, Mr. and Mrs. Russell G. Colt, Mr. and Mrs. James B. Clews, Mr. and Mrs. Montidgu La Montagne, Mr. and Mrs. George S. Graham, Jr., and Mrs. Frank Cazenove Jones, jr., Mr. and Mrs. Robert L. Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. George M. Livingston, Mr. and Mrs. Lorenzo Mitchell Henry, Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Morris, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Nixon, Mr. and Mrs. Beverly Robinson, Mr. and Mrs. Ormond G. Smith, and Mr. and Mrs. Griswold A. Thompson.

Also Mr. and Mrs. E. Berry Wall, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Watson, Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Whitman, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur D. Weekes, Mr. and Mrs. Francis L. Wellman, Misses Hazel Young Bliss, Juliet Breitung, Kathryn Bache, Mercedes Crimmins, Caroline Duer, Pauline Ilsston, Florence Gilbert, Dorothy and Ruth Gibb, Mai Watson, Elise W. Ladew, Mrs. H. Bramhall Gilbert, Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, W. Rhinelander Stewart, Moses Taylor Pyne, jr., Maurice Roche, Lawrence Atterbury, Stephen B. Elkins, and G. Creighton Webb.

AID FOR WIDOWED MOTHERS.

Dancing Contest for Prizes at Entertainment at Hotel Astor.

The first of the two entertainments arranged for the benefit of the Widowed Mothers' Fund Association was held yesterday afternoon at the Hotel Astor. Besides the programme there was a dancing contest and general dancing. The first prizes of the dancing contest were won by Miss Dorothy Stein and William Bachrach for the one-step; by Miss Susan Posner and Alfred King for the waltz, and Miss Stein and Mr. Bachrach also won the tango.

The second performance will take place on Monday afternoon, Dec. 8, when the principal feature will be the photo play of "Queen Elizabeth," by Mme. Sarah Bernhardt. There will also be a short musical programme and dancing.

Mrs. William Einstein is President of the association. The other officers include Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim, Mrs. Adolph Lewisohn, Mrs. Henry Ollesheimer, Mrs. Jefferson Seligman, Mrs. Randolph Guggenheimer, Mrs. Samuel Koenig, Mrs. Isidor Lewis, Mrs. Henry Zuckerman, Mrs. Samuel Floersheimer, Mrs. Henry Bodenheimer, Mrs. Julian Nathan, and Mrs. Max L. Levenson.

Tea Dance at MacDowell Club.

A tea dance and sale for the benefit of the New York City Visiting Committee was held yesterday afternoon at the MacDowell Club, 108 West Fifty-fifth Street, and a considerable sum was realized by the sale. Dancing by society amateurs was a feature. Among the patronesses of the dance were Mrs. Prescott Hall Butler, Mrs. Joseph P. Cotton, jr., Mrs. Learned Hand, Mrs. W. L. Harkness, Mrs. Duncan Harris, Mrs. E. R. Hewitt, Mrs. C. Grant La Farge, Mrs. Edwin L. O'Bryan, Mrs. William Church Osborn, Mrs. S. M. Mayo-Smith, Mrs. Willard Straight, Mrs. Harold G. Villard, and Mrs. James S. Whitman.

Crane in Revival of "The Henrietta"

Special to The New York Times.

BUFFALO, Nov. 24.—William H. Crane, Douglas Fairbanks, Amelia Bingham and Patricia Collinge appeared here to-night in Joseph Brooks's revival of "The Henrietta," Bronson Howard's famous old play, which has been brought up to date by Winchell Smith and Victor Mapes. The play is now called "The New Henrietta." Mr. Crane appeared in his old part of Nicholas Van Alstyne, while Douglas Fairbanks was Bertie, the Lamb, the part originally acted by the late Stuart Robson. Others in the cast were Lyster Chambers, Eileen Errol, H. W. Brown, Malcolm Bradley, Arthur S. Hull, Edward Poland and Zeffie Tilbury. The play will be sent to New York in a few weeks.

MISS TEYTE'S RECITAL.

A Programme of Modern Songs by Composers of Various Nations.

A good deal of the Moore has to one who is another has rubbed off the delicate art of Miss Maggie Teyte since her first appearance in New York two seasons ago. She gave a recital in Aeolian Hall yesterday afternoon which was filled to the last seat with enthusiastic audience. But her singing caused disquiet to some of her listeners through the chance that has come over the charmates. Her voice never had great range of color and was generally pale and when used with power was apt to take on a hard, even a melodious quality. But there was an artistic delicacy and refinement of style, a fine taste, a clearness of diction, that atoned for much that did not please in the purely tonal and emotional quality of her singing.

She favored her tone yesterday so that its sweetness and beauty were heard to the best advantage. Never was her singing more delicate than in the group in which she was accompanied by Joseph Jefferson. Here she was more at ease than she had been in the earlier group, and her singing of Debussy's "Chanson Triste," the Russian Zarebski's "Chanson Hindoue," and Duparc's "Phidylé" was a delight.

It would scarcely be possible, nor is it necessary, to consider these songs in detail, of which every one was delightfully set down as performed for the first time in America. Perhaps they were; but there was much that was unsignificant in them, much that owed its interest to trivial details of phrase or accompaniment or descriptive effect. There was not much that was the outcome of a deep and sincere musical feeling. Hugo Wolf's "Und willst du deinem Liebsten steh'n" towered high above a musical inspiration in comparison, and it may be said that Miss Teyte sang it with more beauty of effect than she did most else on her programme—perhaps among other reasons, because it offered more opportunity to the singer to express beauty of tone.

The audience was enthusiastic and zealous in applause, and had very little difficulty in inducing Miss Teyte to repeat several of these songs. Mr. Kurt Schindler played his accompaniments with much skill and delicacy.

"TOSCA" AT CHICAGO OPERA.

Mary Garden and Vanni Marcoux Arouse Great Enthusiasm.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Nov. 24.—Puccini's "La Tosca," with Mary Garden in the name part, inaugurated Chicago's fourth season of opera at the Auditorium this evening.

Tickets have been at a premium for a fortnight, and the house from the social point of view was a brilliant assembly. Enthusiasm for the performance and for the singers reached the high mark of applause set last year, even though there was no feature as spectacular as Titta Ruffo's début of last season.

Cleofonte Campanini, the new general artistic director, successor of Andreas Dippel, chose his strongest card in the selection of "Tosca" with Mary Garden, Amadeo Bassi, the tenor, who has been absent one season, and Vanni Marcoux, the baritone, for the cast.

After the curtains there were the usual "calls" in which the cast, Mr. Campanini and one or two other functionaries bowed repeatedly to the cheering audience. Every principal of the performance might have made a speech had he been so minded.

Mr. Campanini opened the season with the Puccini melodrama as Miss Garden and Vanni Marcoux understand and interpret its passionate situations. Miss Garden was the popular idol of three seasons in all her glory. Rarely has she surpassed her peculiar vocal effectiveness or her expertness of acting.

Mr. Marcoux made an instant success. His impersonation overshadowed his importance as a singer. Amadeo Bassi is a known quantity to this public. His dependable work of the first two seasons made him a host of friends and even among the most exacting critics an admiration for experienced, sure, vital interpretation agreeably lacking in trickery.

Bulletin No. 3

Reducing the Human Scrap Heap

Charities "Firing Line"

¶ Pauperism and preventable poverty are as much a community disgrace as an epidemic of typhoid fever.

¶ It requires more than individual effort to stamp out preventable disease in a city.

¶ No single social worker can wipe out destitution in a community after it gets a foothold.

¶ Organized effort is necessary in both instances.

¶ That is why the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor employs a staff of forty visitors, seventeen visiting nurses and teachers of cooking, homemaking and sewing.

¶ They make up the Association's "firing line."

¶ Every day these men and women go into the homes of the poor, where they fight a hand-to-hand battle with poverty.

¶ They are ministering agents—the friends and the advisers of those dragged into misery, usually by misfortune, sometimes by improvidence.

¶ The Health Department represents the organized preventive force of physicians and sanitarians practicing in the community.

¶ Upon its efficiency the health of the community is largely dependent.

¶ Systematic charity is combined individual social and economic effort.

¶ Its effectiveness and activity have an important bearing upon the community's well-being.

¶ A social service agency, like the New York Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, is therefore a community asset.

¶ The visitor—the community's social doctor—like a physician, is necessary in a city.

¶ The city's social welfare depends upon the service of the social worker, who cares for families socially abnormal, as the health of the whole community depends upon the skill of the physician in the treatment of patients physically abnormal.

¶ Misfortune and disease keep both busy.

¶ An inexperienced visitor may do just as much harm to the social well-being of his patient as an incompetent doctor or nurse may do to the physical well-being of the sufferers in his or her care.

¶ This Association wants to extend and strengthen its "firing line."

¶ Will you help?

N. Y. ASSOCIATION FOR IMPROVING THE CONDITION OF THE POOR

R. Fulton Cutting, President. Robert Shaw Minturn, Treasurer.

Room 210, 105 East 22nd Street.

(This advertisement is not paid for out of funds of this Association, but by a friend who wishes to spread the gospel of efficient charity. This series of bulletins in postcard or pamphlet form will be supplied in quantities upon application.)

E. M. HOLLAND DIES AFTER CALLING AID

Veteran Character Actor Found Unconscious Under Telephone in Room in Cleveland Hotel.

OF NOTED STAGE FAMILY

Prominent in Companies of Wallack and Palmer, and Once a Star—Funeral in "Little Church."

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 24.—E. M. Holland, the peter, a member of the "Years of Discretion" company, which appeared here yesterday, died suddenly of heart disease in a room at his hotel early this morning.

At 3 o'clock this morning the telephone switchboard operator heard a call which said: "Send up a boy quick to Holland's room." A bellboy was sent to the room and found the actor lying on the floor under the telephone unconscious. Physicians were hurriedly summoned and vainly worked over Mr. Holland several hours. It was apparent that he had gone from his bed to the telephone to summon help and then collapsed.

E. M. Holland was born in New York Sept. 7, 1848. When he was old enough to go to school he began the study of music in the public schools of New York, but at the same time took part in the plays. "A Day After the Ride." He remained with Mrs. Wood at a salary of $8 a week until he was 18, and then he went to Barnum's Museum. Later he joined Joseph Jefferson and appeared in the first New York production of "Rip Van Winkle," playing under the stage name of E. Milton.

Soon after the civil war Mr. Holland joined Lester Wallack's company and remained with that organization for seven years, getting a chance to play many parts and scoring his first personal success as Silky in "The Road to Ruin." In 1880 Mr. Holland was with A. M. Palmer's company, playing Standish in "French Flats." A year later he went to London with Mr. and Mrs. McKee Rankin, playing the Judge in "The Danites."

On Sept. 2, 1895, Mr. Holland made his first appearance as a star under the brother Joseph Holland, in "A Man of the Past," at the Garrick Theatre. The next two years the brothers starred in "A Social Highwayman," and later E. M. Holland appeared as Eben Holden in the play of the same name under the direction of Charles Frohman. In 1902-3 he played Pope Pius X. in "The Eternal City," and Capt. Beford in "Raffles," with Kyrle Bellew from 1903 to 1906. Late in the latter year he was seen in "Two Years Ago," which opened with Mr. Holland in the cast. While playing with Mr. Holland fell in the street and broke his arm, and it was feared that on account of his age he would not recover from the shock, but within a few weeks he was back at his post with the Mackett company.

The funeral services for Mr. Holland will be held in the Church of the Transfiguration, which got its better-known name of the Little Church Around the Corner at the time of the death of Mr. Holland's father, George Holland. Mr. Holland's friend, Joseph Jefferson, went to the pastor of a church at Madison Avenue and Twenty-eighth Street to see if he could make arrangements for the reading of the burial service over the body of his friend, the elder Holland. The minister replied that he could not read the service for an actor, "but," he added, "there is a little church around the corner where they may do it."

"God bless the little church around the corner," said Jefferson, and from that day the church became the place of worship of the actors of this country, and almost every prominent actor and actress who has died since then has been buried from there. Dr. George Clarke Houghton, the pastor, who will read the funeral services over the body of E. M. Holland, is a nephew of Dr. George H. Houghton, the first minister of the church, who was the minister when Jefferson was sent to "the little church around the corner."

Mr. Holland was married, his wife being Emily Seward, an actress, who retired many years ago. There are two children, Miss Edna Milton Holland, a girl of twenty, who is an actress, and Louis Seward Holland, who is a student at Princeton.

LOUIS SCHMIDT FOUND DEAD

Proprietor of Kaiser Keller Stricken in Street, but Reaches His Home.

Louis Schmidt, a well-known restaurateur, died suddenly on Sunday. He was returning to his home, 51 Bay Twenty-second Street, Bath Beach, early in the morning when he was stricken. Mr. Schmidt managed to reach his porch and sat down in a rocking chair. A policeman passing the house found him there unconscious.

Mr. Schmidt was 58 years old and a native of Germany. He came to this country when 18 years old and settled in New York. He had been in business for himself since 1888, when he opened a restaurant at 29 Market Street. Ten years later he moved to 84 Broadway. He became the proprietor of the Eastern Hotel at South Ferry, and had charge of that hostelry until 1903. Mr. Schmidt was for five years the proprietor of the Tramor Hotel. Seven years ago he established the Kaiser Keller in Forty-second Street, just east of Times Square.

Mr. Schmidt was a member of the Arion Society, the Elks, and Hempstead Yacht Club. He left a widow, who was formerly Miss Susan Schnell, and two sons.

Henry McAleenan.

Henry McAleenan, one of the pioneers in the pawnbroking business in this city, died in St. Vincent's Hospital late last night following an operation. Mr. McAleenan's home was at 2,345 Broadway. He was taken to the hospital two weeks ago. Mr. McAleenan was born in Ireland eighty-four years ago. When he came to this country he was a poor boy. He started his first pawnshop and loan office in 1845, and since then had amassed a large fortune. About a year ago Mr. McAleenan turned over his business, consisting of six free large pawnshops, to his three sons, Henry A., Joseph A., and Arthur. Mr. McAleenan was the godfather of Hugh J. Grant, ex-Mayor of New York.

John O'Connell.

John O'Connell, a lawyer with offices at 291 Broadway, and who lived at 241 East 198th Street, the Bronx, died yesterday morning in St. Vincent's Hospital. He was graduated from Columbia College, and was candidate for City Court Judge on the Republican ticket, running against the late James M. Fitzsimons, who was elected. Mr. O'Connell was associated in practice with his brother, Nicholas J. O'Connell. His practice was in the civil courts, with special attention to corporation and real estate law.

John E. Schmidt Dies Suddenly.

John E. Schmidt, 57 years old, the Vice President of the Henry Romeike Press Clipping Bureau, fell dead of apoplexy in the hall near the door of his office on the twelfth floor of 108 Seventh Avenue at 6 o'clock last evening. Mr. Schmidt had been associated with the Romeike Bureau for twenty-five years.

Vicar General Joseph Mullen.

The Right Rev. Mgr. Joseph Mullen, Vicar General of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Wheeling, which includes the State of West Virginia, died yesterday at his home, 49 Thirty-sixth Street, Wheeling. He was 73 years old.

Obituary Notes.

LEPP WILZIN, 60 years old, of 808 West End Avenue, died yesterday at his home after a short illness. Mr. Wilzin owned a cotton plantation in Mississippi, from which he derived his income. He had retired from active business. His wife and three sons survive him.

Mrs. PHINEAUS ROTH, wife of the manager of the Traymore Hotel, at 508 West Fifty-eighth Street, died on Sunday at her home, 720 Riverside Drive. She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Reich.

FRANK JOSEPH BENTZ, who was prominent in the affairs of German-American societies in Brooklyn, died on Saturday at his home, 228 Hamburg Avenue, of heart disease. He is survived by his wife, four sons, and three daughters.

FRANK A. LUDDEN, a contractor, died on Saturday at his home, 32 Rochester Avenue, Brooklyn, at the age of 33 years, of a complication of diseases. He was a member of the Thirteenth Regiment in Brooklyn.

JOHN T. QUINTACE, 49 years old, a retired business man, died on Sunday night of heart disease while walking in Pinkney Street, Boston, Mass. He was a brother of W. B. Quintace of this city.

HERMAN G. BLASCHKE, 64 years old, a prominent German resident of Bloomfield, N. J., died of heart disease at his home, 94 Baldwin Street. He was a member of the Park Avenue German Presbyterian Church.

WILLIAM B. STUYVESANT, 70 years old, for many years head of the adjusting firm which he established, is dead at his home, 70 Grant Avenue, Brooklyn. He was a descendant of Peter Stuyvesant.

STUART McDOUGALL, 42 years old, a retired accountant, died on Sunday at his home, 1,314 Forty-fourth Street, Brooklyn. He was prominent in Masonic circles.

JOSEPH WOHLRAB, an actor, of 132 North Main Street, Paterson, N. J., is dead at his home of typhoid fever after a long illness. He was 19 years old and had been on the stage since he was seven years of age.

ROBERT A. YOUNG, Jr., 27 years old, connected with the freight department of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad, is dead at his home, 1,281 St. John's place, Brooklyn.

JOHN MacNAIR, President of the Lynn (Mass.) National Bank, died of apoplexy in Lynn yesterday, aged 70 years. He was born in Scotland.

JOHN GREENE, father of the Rev. Robert Greene, pastor of Our Lady of Christian Help Roman Catholic Church, Tottenville, S. I., died yesterday at the home of his son, John Greene, 95 West Twenty-first Street, Whitestone, aged 70 years. Immigrating to America from Ireland, he settled in Beacon City, now a part of Fishkill Landing, N. Y., where he was in business until he moved to Whitestone a year ago. Another son, James Greene of Wappingers Fall, N. Y., also survives.

THOMAS WARREN KITCHEN, 70 years old, a veteran of the civil war, died at his home in Port Colden, N. J., Sunday night from paralysis. He retired as a wagon manufacturer three years ago. He was a member of Tolmie Post, No. 217, G. A. R., of Phillipsburg.

WILLIAM CROSBY, a well-known mine owner of El Paso, Texas, who was the first child born of American parents in that city, died here yesterday at the Hotel Seville. He was 66 years old.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Lancaster Maury of 123 West Fifty-eighth Street will give a tea dance on Dec. 10 for her daughter, Miss Ruth Ridgely Morgan. Miss Morgan will be introduced to society with her coming out.

E. M. Holland, jr., a member of the Princeton football team, and Miss Mary Lawrence, daughter of Mrs. Lawrence Lewis, have concluded their visit at Dr. Lewis's cottage and have returned to New York.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel G. French are to give a costume dance at Cleveland Hall on Dec. 27 for their daughter, Miss Mary Lee French, who will make her début this season.

Major J. A. Bruff, U. S. A., and Mrs. Bruff, who were guests of the Army for the week end, returned to West Point yesterday.

Mrs. William Alexander, who has just returned from Europe and is in the St. Regis, is leaving today for Paterson to visit her sister, Mrs. Louis Zabriskie.

J. Henry Alexandre will give his bachelor dinner this evening at Sherry's. His marriage to Miss Anne Loomis of Detroit will take place Saturday in that city.

Mrs. Daniel J. Leary will give a coming out tea this afternoon at 30 West Forty-fourth Street for her débutante daughter, Miss Beth Leary. A theatre party, with a supper and dancing at Mrs. Leary's home, will follow the tea.

Mr. and Mrs. Malcolm Roberts of Cedarhurst and their infant son will spend the Winter with Mrs. Roberts's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goelet.

Miss Ruth Lewis, a débutante daughter of Mrs. Percy Rivington Lewis, has been entrusted in recent years—Mr. Scott in Sharpless—a sincere and dignified impersonation; Mme. Rita Fornia as Suzuki, Angelo Badaloni as Goro, and in and through all was the buissant presence of Mr. Rosenfeld, whose musical influence on the performance owes so much in the finish and delicacy with which Puccini's orchestration is made effective, and the warmth and expression of the dramatic movement are brought out.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

"Traffic in Souls," the vice photo-play films made from the dramatization of the Rockefeller White Slave Commission's report, was put on at Weber's Theatre yesterday and will remain there for a week. The photo play is given in six parts and shows the dangers which confront young girls who come to the city.

Robert T. Haines made his appearance as the Duke of Reading yesterday afternoon with a small company in a one-act play by William J. Hurlbut, author of many longer plays. The piece is called "The Man in the Dark," and is a dramatic bit splendidly acted by Mr. Haines.

Owen Davis has completed a novelization of "The Family Cupboard" from his play now running at the Playhouse, and it will be published in book form just before the holidays. The volume will be a "player's edition" illustrated with scenes from the drama.

Richard Walton Tully has engaged Roberta Beshun, a character man for the last four years in the Belasco productions, to play the rôle of a rabbi in "Omar, the Tentmaker," Mr. Tully's new Persian play.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Married.

BILLINGS—GEORGER.—In New Haven, Conn., Florence Emery Georger to Henry Baremore Billings, by the Rev. Theodore A. Fischer.

Died.

BAXTER.—At his residence, 2,875 Middletown Road, Westchester, N. Y., on Tuesday, Nov. 23, 1913, William F. Baxter, in his 51st year. Funeral services at St. Peter's Church, Westchester, on Wednesday, Nov. 26, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private.

BEACH.—On Sunday, Nov. 23, 1913, Mary A. Beach, widow of John Van Horn Beach, at the home of her granddaughter, Mrs. Frederick Caykendall, 1 West 72d St. Funeral from the Church of Zion and St. Timothy, 334 West 57th, on Tuesday, Nov. 25, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

BEE.—On Sunday, Nov. 23, 1913, at her residence, 387 Clinton St., Brooklyn, Emma L., widow of George W. Bee, aged 78 years. Funeral service at Christ Church, Clinton and Harrison Sts., Brooklyn, Tuesday, Nov. 25, at 11 A. M. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent. Baltimore, (Md.,) papers please copy.

BRAND.—Nov. 24, Herman, aged 61. Funeral chapel Stephen Merritt Burial and Cremation Co., Harlem Branch, 2,343 8th Av., near 125th, Wednesday, 1 o'clock.

MADAMA BUTTERFLY' GIVEN

First Appearance of Miss Farrar—Mr. Martinelli as Pinkerton.

"Madame Butterfly" was the opera at the Metropolitan Opera House last night with Farrar's charm, "Madame Butterfly" version has taken its place as one of the most popular of the composer's works in this country, at least so the performance that is given of it at the Metropolitan Opera House. Miss Geraldine Farrar, whose illness prevented her from appearing at the opening performance of the season, as had been planned, was restored to health and voice sufficiently to sing the part of Cio-Cio-San, which she has made her own here, and in which she has produced some of her most charming effects.

Miss Farrar appeared to be in excellent voice

ARMY AND NAVY FOOTBALL GAME--BASEBALL--HORSE SALES--ATHLETICS--BOXING--BILLIARDS

DISTINGUISHED MEN TO SEE FOOTBALL

Twenty-seven Seats Reserved for President Wilson's Party at the Polo Grounds.

There will be a distinguished gathering on the Army's side at the Polo Grounds at the big game Saturday when West Point plays the Navy in the annual football struggle. President Woodrow Wilson has a box on the Army side, and it is understood that a reservation of twenty-seven box seats has been made for the Presidential party, which will probably include Francis Sayre and the White House bride, Miss Jessie Wilson. Reservations on the Army side have also been made for Gen. Leonard Wood, Gen. Thomas H. Barry, Col. C. P. Townsley, Superintendent of the United States Military Academy, Vice President Thomas Marshall, Secretary of War Garrison, Secretary of State William Jennings Bryan, Attorney General McReynolds, Secretary of the Treasury McAdoo, and the other Cabinet officers.

Gov. Glynn of New York will have a box on the Army side, and also Senator Elihu Root, Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, Senator James O'Gorman, Mayor Kline of New York City, Edwin Gould, and Mrs. John T. Brush, widow of the former owner of the Giants.

Another boxholder on the Army side will be Gen. Gibson, who is one of the oldest living graduates of the Military Academy, having graduated from West Point in the Class of 1847. Thomas J. Lynch, President of the National League, also has a box on the Army side and is rooting for the soldiers to win. Gen. Nelson A. Miles, Senator Brandagee of Connecticut, Senator Ollie James of Kentucky, Champ Clark, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Hon. Horace Porter, and Hon. Henry L. Stimson will also be on the Army side.

There is much speculation about the outcome of the game. Having defeated the Army for the last three years in succession, the Midshipmen will probably go into the game a favorite. They have not been defeated this season, while the Army was decisively outcrossed by Notre Dame.

There is also much speculation among the late enthusiasts about tickets for the game. The allotment of the New York Club has been exhausted, and there will be no public sale of tickets. There has been a great disappointment to many applicants because their requests were rejected. This has been both the Army and Navy people have used their options for extra seats.

The game promises to be one of the greatest gridiron spectacles ever seen in this country, and every one of the 41,000 seats has been taken. The tickets, as usual, that is, some of them, have fallen into the hands of the ticket agencies, and yesterday football enthusiasts who have been disappointed on their application for tickets were willing to pay as high as $50 a pair for seats at the two ends of the stands.

BOX HOLDERS ON ARMY SIDE FOR ARMY AND NAVY FOOTBALL GAME.

South Side Polo Grounds.

Grand Tier Boxes. (Upper Stand.) Box.	Field Boxes. (Lower Stand.) Box.
1. H. H. Landon.	1. Lieut. Col. F. W. Sladon.
2. Gen. Andrews.	A. Col. W. B. Gordon.
4. Gov. Glynn of New York.	6. Col. G. J. Fiebeger.
5. Gen. Roe.	7. Col. C. P. Echols.
7. John D. Archbold.	8. Gen. John A. Johnston.
8. Gen. Aleshire.	9. Capt. E. B. Cassatt.
9. Hon. J. Bassett Moore.	14. R. R. Govine.
11. Major Gen. W. W. Wotherspoon.	15. Gen. E. Weaver
13. Secretary of Labor Wilson.	17. Gen. Gibson, (U. S. M. A., Class '47.)
14. Secretary of Commerce Redfield.	
15. Postmaster General Burleson.	20. Gen. John R. Brooke.
16. Secretary of Treasury McAdoo.	21. Senator Kenyon.
17. Secretary of State Bryan.	23. Senator Vardaman.
18. Vice President Marshall.	24. T. J. Lynch.
19. Gen. Leonard Wood.	25. Cornelius Agnew.
20. The President of the United States.	27. Senator Brady.
19. Col. C. P. Townsley, Superintendent Military Academy.	29. Gen. Duvall.
	30. B. J. Greenhut.
28. Secretary of War Garrison.	31. Senator Nathan Goff.
31. Major Gen. Thomas H. Barry.	32. Lieut. Gen. J. C. Bates.
34. Assistant Secretary of War Breckinridge.	35. Gen. E. Van C. Lucas.
	35. Gen. James Allen.
35. Attorney General McReynolds.	36. Senator T. Catron.
36. Secretary of the Interior Lane.	37. Senator Ollie James.
37. Secretary of Agriculture Houston.	39. Senator W. P. Jackson.
38. Congressman Hay, Chairman Military Committee, H. of R.	40. Senator C. S. Thomas.
	42. Senator H. F. Bryan.
39. Gen. A. L. Mills.	43. Gen. Scriven.
42. Senator Elihu Root.	44. Senator H. A. Du Pont.
43. Senator James O'Gorman.	45. Senator H. S. Myers.
44. Hon. Horace Porter.	47. Senator C. P. Thomas.
47. Senator Henry Cabot Lodge.	48. Senator W. J. Stone.
45. Hon. H. L. Stimson.	49. Senator Brandegee.
46. Speaker of the House, Champ Clark.	50. Senator J. F. Robinson.
47. Senator Luke Rea.	51. Senator J. K. Shield.
49. Mayor Kline of New York City.	52. Senator E. D. Smith.
50. R. A. C. Smith.	53. Senator J. E. Ransdell.
52. Mrs. F. J. Shepard.	54. Senator W. L. Jones.
54 Edwin Gould.	55. Senator Hupfell.
57. Gen. Torney.	57. M. Friedman.
58. Mrs. Daniel Lamont.	58. Senator Warren.
60. William Dykeman.	59. Gen. Nelson A. Miles.
62. William Benjamin.	
63. Brig. Gen. Maus.	
64. Brig. Gen. McIntyre.	
65. Brig. Gen. Kingman.	
66. Mrs. J. T. Brush.	
67. Gen. Crozier.	
69. Gen. Sharpe.	
71. Frederick Allen.	
72. Senator Duncan U. Fletcher.	
73. Senator J. P. Clarke.	

men a new set of signals, and these were used to-day for the first time. Herman Olcott, the old Yale lineman, who has assisted in the coaching here for several seasons, will spend the week in putting finishing touches on the forwards. Lieut. H. C. Mustin, formerly a great Navy player, is also here. The high wind which prevailed made the practice in handling the ball on kicks of special value to the Navy backs.

It was announced to-day that, barring accident, Nicholls will start the game at quarter back instead of Mitchell, while Sailing will be at right half back instead of Leonard. Harrison at full back and McReavey at left half back make up the rest of the back field. This means that the Navy coaches have selected as strong and heavy a back field as possible, and expect to batter the Army line from the very start. The men named are all fast for their weight, and the back field has in Nicholls one of the most brilliant runners that has ever played for the Navy.

The brigade of Midshipmen after song practice this afternoon marched through the reservation, stopping at the residences of Supt. Gibbons and other officers, responding to speeches the officers spoke encouragingly of the outlook, but warned against overconfidence.

CORNELL GOES TO SEASHORE

Football Team to Rest at Atlantic City Until Thursday.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 24.—The Cornell football team left to-night for Atlantic City en route to Philadelphia to play Pennsylvania on Thursday amid one of the most enthusiastic send-offs ever given to a Cornell team.

Four thousand students gathered at an open-air mass meeting on the library slope early this evening and for an hour listened to stirring addresses and sang and cheered. Then they formed a parade around the football team to the station. The cadet band led the parade, followed by the team in automobiles. Red fire and torchlights were freely used, and on the whole the demonstration was a great spectacle. At the station the students cheered every member of the squad. Head Coach Sharpe and Capt. Munns made short addresses, pledging that the team would do its very best. At least two thousand undergraduates will follow the team to Philadelphia to-morrow and Wednesday night.

Coach Sharpe said that the men would engage in only light practice at Atlantic City, as the object of this trip was to give the players rest and relaxation. Asked to make a predict'on as to the outcome he refused, but he did say that he hoped Cornell would break better than even in the coming game.

A misfortune befell the Cornell team that has appeared on the gridiron so far this Fall left Ithaca to-night. It averages over 180 pounds and is the heaviest combination that the Ithacans have sent against Pennsylvania in many years. The back field, composed of Barrett, Philippi, Collyer, and Lahr, is one of the heaviest ever developed at Ithaca, and the line weighs more than an average of 180 pounds. Coach Sharpe said that that team would line up on Franklin Field as follows:

Shelton left end; Guyer, left tackle; Munns, left guard; Williams, centre; Frick, right guard; Williamson, right tackle; Fritz, right end; Barrett, quarter back; Philippi, left half back; Collyer, right half back, and Lahr, full back.

Minds May Play for Penn.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 24.—There was joy in the University of Pennsylvania football camp to-day when it was learned that Chester Minds, the Red and Blue full back, probably will be able to play in the game against Cornell here on Thanksgiving Day. Minds, who has been on the side lines for two weeks with an injured shoulder, donned a suit to-day and took part in the practice of the team at the Whitemarsh Country Club. His shoulder is still weak, but it is believed he will be in shape for the final contest of the Pennsylvania schedule.

Signal drill featured the workout to-day. Merrill was at quarter back again, while Marshall and Capt. Young were used as half backs. Avery pleased the coaches with his punting, some of his kicks being good for sixty-five yards, while they seldom fell short of fifty.

Fordham's Last Week on Gridiron.

Fordham started the final week of football practice yesterday with a drill in the fundamentals, followed by an hour's hard scrimmage. The High School of Commerce and the Fordham Prep. elevens were selected by Head Coach Tom Thorpe to give the Varsity a thorough test before the Mount St. Mary's game at Fordham on Thanksgiving Day. The success of the Southern collegians on the gridiron this season insures a good showing by them in their first appearance in New York. Fordham Field is being arranged to accommodate a large crowd, as the Fordham-Mount St. Mary's game will be the only intercollegiate contest in this city on Thanksgiving Day.

The Varsity is now playing up to its full strength, Vic Carey, the clever right end, being the only regular out of the game, but Conklin, who was alternated with Carey at end throughout the season, fills Carey's place very well, and is fast developing into the best tackler on the squad. George Walsh of the 1909 eleven has been showing "Bud" Wymard the fine points in the kicking game. Wymard gave indications of benefiting from Walsh's teaching by drop kicking two field goals and one goal from placement, Quarter Ray O'Connell holding the ball, against the schoolboys yesterday.

Notre Dame Team in Texas.

AUSTIN, Texas, Nov. 24.—The Notre Dame college football team arrived here late to-day for their game in Austin Thursday with Texas University. The entire squad is reported in fine shape. A banquet was given in the players' honor to-night.

Class C Billiards Start.

The national amateur Class C billiard tournament started yesterday afternoon at the Morningside Billiard Academy, 126th street and Lenox Avenue, with a game between E. T. Moon and Dr. T. W. Tuggle, both of New York. Moon won in 50 innings, with a score of 200 to 173. The winner made high run of 30, 24, and 14, while Tuggle's best were 16, 15, and 14.

Last night evening C. B. Terry of Palisade Park, N. J., the national Class C champion, defeated M. J. Doyle of New York in 49 innings by the score of 200 to 154. Terry's best runs were 27, 16, and 15, and Doyle's high figures were 16, 14, and 13. The fourteen contestants for championship honors are divided into three divisions, a round robin series being played in each. The winners will come together in another round robin series to determine the championship.

COPLAND TO TRAIN AUSTRIAN ATHLETES

Former Notable Runner to Prepare Team for Berlin Olympic Games.

VIENNA, Nov. 24.—The Austrian Olympic Games Committee has engaged "Al" Copland as trainer in track and field events for the next Olympic games in Berlin in 1916.

The foregoing cable is in response to a cable sent from New York last Saturday by Dr. Herschman, the Austrian athletic envoy, who is in the United States endeavoring to become acquainted with American training methods and the reason for American success in world's championship and other sports. It is stated that he had been advised while abroad of the qualifications of Mr. Copland, who has just been appointed, and that he engaged him before going to Boston yesterday.

Mr. Copland is a former American and Canadian champion at sprinting, hurdling and broad jumping, which titles were held over a number of years. In 1890 he held the world's running broad jump record with a leap of 23 feet 3⅛ inches, which stood for some time. It is stated that his forte was all-round work, and his competitive efforts proved him in the top-notch division of track and field work in every game except the weights.

Mr. Copland's earnest athletic experience was gained while a member of one of the leading clubs of the time, the American Athletic Club, which had its headquarters on the old Polo Grounds, at 110th Street and Fifth Avenue. His first year in competition netted him the all-round handicap championship of that club, when during the latter part of the year he won nine of the ten events contested, which embraced runs from a quarter mile to three miles, walking and jumping events.

In 1887, 1888, 1889, Mr. Copland won the sprinting championships of Canada, and in the American titular events was the victor at various times from 1887 to 1891, inclusive, at hurdling and broad-jumping. In 1899 he trained the Yale track team, and is the only trainer of any of the colleges in the United States to send three winning teams to the Pennsylvania relay meet in one day.

From 1906 to 1909, inclusive, Mr. Copland was coach of the Princeton track team, which work was uniformly successful. During his stay at Princeton he also trained the New York A. C. teams, since which time he scored notable successes with Henri St. Yves, the French Marathon champion, and Hans Holmen, who is now broad beating all comers over distances from one mile to the Marathon distance.

Mr. Copland will enter upon his duties the latter part of March, at which time spring begins in Austria.

Lehigh Celebrates Victory.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTH BETHLEHEM, Penn., Nov. 24.—The Lehigh football victory over Lafayette was celebrated by a big torchlight parade to-night, followed by a bonfire on the highest point of old South Mountain which could be seen at Easton, twelve miles away. After this demonstration the 650 students attended a banquet in the college hall.

Another Indian for Athletics.

BRAINERD, Minn., Nov. 24.—Joe Graves, a Chippewa Indian of Walker, Minn., has signed as a pitcher for the Philadelphia American baseball team for the season of 1914 It was announced here to-day. Graves during the last two or three seasons has pitched for Walker and Brainerd, and has been regarded as a local wonder.

BARGAINS IN OLD GLORY HORSE SALE

Prices for Trotters, Pacers, and Saddlers Range from $25 to $1,425 at the Garden.

Bargain hunters in light harness horses met with unusual success at the Old Glory sale yesterday at Madison Square Garden. The prices ranged from $25 to $1,425, but nearly thirty horses were disposed of for less than $100, which establishes a record for low prices at the Old Glory sale. Spotless Chimes, a ten-year-old brood mare, was knocked down for the minimum figure, and many trotters and pacers with good records went for a song. The champion Speedway pacer, Clover Patch, (2:09¼,) was sold to W. A. Ainsley of Port Washington, L. I., for $550. Many of the out-of-town buyers will not reach the city until to-day, when the important consignments will be put under the hammer.

What would otherwise have been a dull afternoon was enlivened by the sale of three prize-winning saddle horses, the property of Miss Houpton D. Atterbury. The trio, which are credited with a number of champ onships, were disposed of for $3,150. The best price was paid by James Houchin of Jefferson City, Mo., for Nickel Plate, a gray gelding, eight years old, standing 15.3 hands. Nickel Plate was a notable winner at the Summer shows, and was knocked down for $1,425, which is a big price, even for so good a horse. Kildare, a brown gelding, found a new owner in W. T. Hyde of New York City, who paid $850 for the second of the Atterbury consignment, while Mr. Houchin also purchased Patricia, a six-year-old chestnut mares, for $875, as a stable companion for Nickel Plate. The other two saddle horses did not bring about lively bidding. Little Miss from J. Cooley was sold for $300 to Charles Hicks of Oyster Bay, and Golden went to G. R. Cook of Trenton for $220.

Many men prominent in the trotting world were seen in the Garden. Among those noticed were W. E. D. Stokes, A. B. Gwathmey, Charles Littlefield, Hedley K. Wetherald, Cleveland; Dr. Charles Tanner, Cleveland; E. W. Swisher and H. D. Shepherd, Columbus; Andrew J. Welsh, Hartford, Conn.; James A. Murphy, Edward J. La Place, Joseph J. Gibbons, F. H. Forshee, and George D. Connor, Detroit; N. S. Noaly, Buffalo; Frederick Postal, Detroit; David Bonner, Horatio N. Bain, J. H. Ford, John H. Townsend, Dr. J. H. McCoy, S. A. Pickering, and Al Hoss, Rockville; Robert Miller, Patrick Ryan, and John Splan, Chicago; W. McGibbon, Montreal, Canada, and the following delegation from Kentucky: John Miller, G. C. Wilson, Jerry Tarleton, Hunter Woodyard, Jesse Bushfield, John Eneman, George Starr, H Stinson, Raymond Macey, John T. Madden, Robert Nash, Rhodes Estel, James Snell, and Harry Burgoine.

Word was received at the Garden yesterday of the death of Washington McKinney, which was expected to be one of the stars of the sale. Washington McKinney was a seven-year-old black stallion consigned by the King Hill Stock Farm of St. Joseph, Mo. A particular feature of this consignment is the fact that the owner of the farm, John Donovan, dropped dead last Friday. The best prices of the sale follow:

Lonnie Boy, ch. g., 7, J. Johnson, New York City	$300
Dellan, 2:11¼, fr. s., 6, C. B. Williams, Hartford, Conn	650
John F. Gibbons, 2:18¾, b. s., 10, J. Westerveld, Paterson, N. J.	310
Col. Woods, 2:12¾, b. s., 9, L. S. Gray, Swansea, Mass	300
Generalissimo, 2:20¼, ch. g., 9, Proctor Griffin, Brookville, Ontario	390
Little Miss, br. m., 7, Charles Hicks, Oyster Bay, N. Y.	300
Carol Bells, 2:18¼, b. m., 8, L. S. Gray, Swansea, Mass	320
Britannia, br. m., 5, H. G. Richards, Stellarton, N. S.	290
Cobalt, 2:20¼, ch. g., 9, J. H. Potter, Salem, N. J.	205
John R. Gentry, 2:17¼, br. s., 6, J. H. Lynch, Norwich, Conn.	250
T. S. Bingen, br. s., 4, N. F. Pierce, Stanstead, Quebec	205
Little Amen, br. g., 6, N. Brooks, Valley Cottage, N. Y.	205
The Dream, br. g., 6, J. W. Green, Danbury, Conn.	210
Electus F., ch. m., 5, Lon McDonald, Indianapolis, Ind.	230
Lesa Mae, b. m., 6, J. J. Simmons, Philadelphia	270
Bay colt, by Aquilin, Joseph Maloney, Queens	250
Queen of the Spa, ch. m., 8, H. G. Richards, Fort Fairfield, Me.	210
Elastic, 2:17¼, b. g., 8, J. H. Phillips, Syracuse, N. Y.	300
Parsifal, b. g., 10, J. D. Keith, Stellarton, N. S.	210
Alice Lake, blk. m., 8, H. Storms, Albany, N. Y.	210
Minnie M., blk. m., 11, J. W. Gyles, Syracuse, N. Y.	210
J. D. Mc., 2:15¾, b. g., 8, J. H. Lynch, Norwich, N. Y.	250
Marjorie C., 2:15¼, br. m., 11, J. Mittnach, New York	200
Frances Russell, br. m., 6, Fiss, Doerr & Carroll, New York City	240
Anda H., blk. s., 11, D. O. Sullivan, Devon, Penn.	250
Clover Patch, 2:09¼, br. m., 9, W. A. Ainsley, Port Washington, L. I.	550

CONSIGNED BY MISS H. D. ATTERBURY.

Nickel Plate, g. g., 15.3, James Houchin, Jefferson City, Mo.	1,425
Patricia, ch. m., 15.1¾, James Houchin, Jefferson City, Mo.	875
Kildare, b. g., 15.3½, W. T. Hyde, New York City	850

CONSIGNED BY J. DOOLEY.

Little Miss, b. m., 6, Charles Henks, Oyster Bay, N. Y.	300
Golden, ch. m., 8, G. R. Cook, Trenton, N. J.	220

Columbia Grammar Team Wins.

Special to The New York Times.

PLAINFIELD, N. J., Nov. 24.—The Columbia Grammar School basket ball team of New York defeated the Leal School quintet in a well-played game on the Young Men's Christian Association court here this afternoon by the score of 29 to 16.

Princeton Sophs Win Cane Spree.

Special to The New York Times.

PRINCETON, N. J., Nov. 24.—The Sophomores defeated their Freshman rivals in the annual cane spree this evening by taking two of the three bouts.

McLEAN HORSES SOLD.

Celebrated Stallion Nala Presented to Remount Service.

One of the notable affairs in connection with the dispersal sale of the stable of Edward B. McLean of Briar Cliff Farm, Bar Harbor, Me., at Durland's last night was the announcement that Nala, a trotting bred bay stallion, which had been expected to bring well up into the thousands, had been presented to the United States Government, in an endeavor to aid in the remount situation.

Immediately upon this statement by Frank M. Ware, the man on the block, the big throng broke into cheers as if to give thanks to the owner of the horse, which was slated as the champion of his class in 1912, during which period he was shown eighteen times, which resulted in his capture of a like number of blues and five championships.

It is anticipated that Nala will prove a valuable addition to the scant lot of thoroughbreds which have been deeded to the Government in an effort to help the officers of the army in the matter of remounts.

Another feature of the sale was the withdrawal of what are generally regarded as the most sensational hackneys in the world, Lady Dilham and Elegant Dilham. These small horses, which stand 14½ hands, have been shown single and as a pair, and at all of the large shows last year won over forty blue ribbons and championships. When the bidding slowed down at $7,000 as the last figure which Mr. Ware could get, the announcement was made that there was a reserve price on the pair which did not warrant him letting them go at the figure bid.

Dilham O. K., a black pony mare of 13 hands, was the first horse put under the hammer and the desire for possession of this little beauty soon became evident, as spirited biddings followed. The ultimate purchaser was J. H. Collins of Boston, who got her for $800. The next carded over which there was some real contention was Tissington Belief, a registered hackney mare, which has a fine record of wins and championships. George A. Cluett of Troy finally secured her for $750.

Pride o' Prides, said to be one of the finest harness horses in America, and Oakwood, the pair being beautifully matched hackneys, warranted the bidding getting well up into four figures, with John R Thompson of Chicago the fortunate one at $2,700. William Zeigler, Jr., came into the bidding with the sending into the ring of Ringing Bells, a chestnut mare, which he obtained for $1,000. The summary:

Pandora, ch. m., 15 hands; Emil Seelig, New York	$400
Dilham O. K., blk. m., 15; J. H. Collins, Boston	800
Guardsman, br. g., 16; M. F. Murphy, Boston	350
Sporting Extra, br. g., 15.3; Emil Seelig, New York	600
Prince, b. g., 16, and Duke, b. g., 16; Emil Seelig, New York	400
Tissington Belief, br. m., 14.2; G. A. Cluett, Troy	750
Hector, b. s., 15.2; F. Winterbottom, New York	425
Indian Flower, ch. m., 15.3; H. H. Dimond, Boston	300
Overall, blk. g., 16; F. Winterbottom, New York	520
Aaron, ch. ro. s., 15.1; G. A. Cluett, Troy	1,075
Dilhampton, br. s., 15.1; Dr. McCully, New York	950
Pride O'Prides, br. g., 15.3, and Oakwood, br. g., 15.3; John R. Thompson, Chicago	2,700
Irvington Tomboy, ch. s., 13.3; Joseph Collins, New York	425
Ringing Bells, ch. m., 15; W. Zeigler, Jr., New York	1,000
Summitt, ch. s., 15.1; T. J. Ryan, New York	1,100
Parson, gr. g., 17; F. Winterbottom, New York	1,025

FOREIGN MOTOR BOATS FAST

Count Mankowski Talks of International Race in England.

Count Casimir S. Mankowski, the owner of Ankle Deep, the American motor boat which made an effort last September to win the British International Motor Boat Trophy, known also as the Harmsworth Cup, arrived from Europe yesterday on the steamship George Washington of the North German Lloyd Line. The Lake George yachtsman was accompanied by his wife, and both expressed themselves as delighted with their trip abroad.

"It will take a $60,000 craft forty feet long and with the most powerful engines to bring that cup back to America," said Count Mankowski. "I am going to work all Winter on Ankle Deep, and experiment on a new propeller of my own invention in an endeavor to have my boat in readiness for the races next year.

"If necessary, after I install the new propeller, and I find that Ankle Deep will stand more powerful engines, I will equip her with them, and make another try to bring the cup back here. The English and French boats are all fine craft and it will need a smarter boat than Ankle Deep to beat them, particularly Maple Leaf IV., E. Mackay Edgar's speed marvel, which was the only boat in the race which beat me in reliability.

"I took to England $2,000 worth of accessories, expecting that something might come up demanding the use of at least some of the parts I had with me, but in the end it was not necessary to put a hand to the boat, as her engines went through the three races without a mishap. The only thing she lacked was the speed, being outclassed only in that department."

ATHLETICS LEAD IN FIELDING RECORDS

Their Superiority in Defensive Part of Game Shown in Official Bulletin.

The official fielding averages of the American League, which have just been made public, furnish another strong reason for the Athletics walking away with the pennant. Besides outdistancing all rivals in batting, according to the recently announced figures, the Mackmen showed the way to all rivals in fielding as well. The margin of superiority was not so pronounced as in batting, but wide enough to dispel any doubt about the best fielding combination in the circuit. In 153 games the Mackmen made only 212 errors, finishing with a fielding average of .966. Cleveland, the closest contenders of the champions, made 240 errors during the campaign, and Boston was the only other club to go through the year with less than 250 misplays.

The Yankees finished seventh in fielding, the same as in games won and lost. The league records show Chance's men on even terms with Detroit, each having a percentage of .954, but the Yanks made only 294 errors to an even 300 for the Tigers, so Chance's men are given the upper section of the tie. The error-making figures of the various clubs are as follows: Philadelphia, 212; Cleveland, 240; Boston, 243; Chicago, 250; Washington, 262; New York, 294; Detroit, 300; St. Louis, 305.

In individual fielding the prize performance of the season is found in that one position where high-class fielding is sought the least—among the pitchers. Walter Johnson, acknowledged the greatest pitcher of the day, showed more during the season just passed than is contained in his record of thirty-seven victories. He went through the season without a misplay, and the performance is all the more remarkable because the Washington wizard took part in more games than any other pitcher of his league. In fifty-one contests Johnson is credited with twenty-one put-outs and eighty-two assists, a total of 103 chances, and not a misplay to mar the record. It is as great a fielding record as recent-day baseball has uncovered. Ray Caldwell of the Yankees is the only other pitcher with a clean slate, his record being two put-outs and forty-one assists for twenty-three games.

"Stuffy" McInnis of the champion Athletics was the leading first baseman with a mark of .992 for 148 games. McInnis accepted 1,580 chances and made twelve errors. Ted Covington of St. Louis is the nominal leader, but he played in only sixteen games at first base. Gandil of Washington and Johnston of Cleveland rank close behind McInnis with marks of .990. Hal Chase, once known as the peerless first baseman, ranks near the bottom of the list among the regulars and near-regulars, with thirty-three errors in 131 games and a mark of .977.

At the top among the second basemen is Heine Berger of the White Sox, the player for whom Frank Chance was angling early last season, his mark being .988 for 70 games. Lajoie was the leader of those playing more than 100 games with .970 for 126 games. Eddie Collins of the Athletics, generally regarded as the king of second sackers, is down near the end of the list with a mark of .949. Collins is tied with Del Pratt for the greatest number of errors among the second basemen, but he easily led in assists and was second in put-outs. Hartzell, who played most of the season at second for the Yanks, has a mark of .942.

Hartzell is the nominal leader of the third basemen with .964 in 24 games, and Middler Pratt with .957 for 76 games. Maisel has a mark of .950 for 51 games. Jimmy Austin has the best figure among the regulars, .944 for 142 games.

Heinie Wagner of Boston led the shortstops, although he played in only 103 games. George McBride led the regulars with .961 for 150 games. Barry of the Athletics had .955 for 135 games.

Hartzell is the nominal leader among the outfielders with a perfect record for 128 games, and Birdie Cree is the real leader with .986 for 147 games, only three misplays marring his record. Cobb, Speaker, Milan, and Jackson, the great quartet, are down the list, all ranking between .925 and .950.

Only four catchers took part in more than 100 games, and Schalk of Chicago is the leader with .981 for 125 games. Ed Sweeney has a mark of .964 for 113 games and Agnew of St. Louis .952 for 104 games.

Willard to Settle Boxing Muddle.

Tom Jones, manager of Jess Willard, will arrive in Buffalo this morning to adjust matters with Promoter Charles Murray of that city relative to the lifting of Willard's indefinite suspension by the State Athletic Commission. Willard failed to box One Round Davis at Murray's club last January. After Jones has reached an agreement with Murray he will appear before the commission here to-morrow and ask for Willard's reinstatement. These things are necessary before Willard can sign articles to box ten rounds with Carl Morris in Madison Square Garden on Dec. 2. Willard already has accepted the terms offered by Manager Billy Gibson.

AMERICAN JOCKEYS RETURN.

Taral, O'Neil, and Miles Have Had Successful Season Abroad.

Fred Taral, one of America's foremost jockeys of a generation ago, and now trainer for the Weinberg Stable in Germany, which totaled $127,000 in winnings during the past season, arrived in this city yesterday aboard the North German Lloyd liner George Washington. Taral stated that the last season was the most profitable he had enjoyed abroad.

With him was Frank O'Neil, who rode 800 races for W. K. Vanderbilt during the past season, and led the list of winning riders. It is said that O'Neil's great number of mounts is a world's record. He won 162 races. Taral believes that O'Neil is the greatest jockey on the turf, and recently offered him a retaining fee of $25,000 a year and 10 per cent. of his winnings to ride for the Weinberg firm, which O'Neil could not accept, as he is under contract to Mr. Vanderbilt.

Taral said that the last race ridden by Tommy Burns, the jockey who was killed here recently, was for him, at Berlin on Oct. 29. Another of the riding contingent to come home for the Winter was Michael Miles, who rode in Austria and won 52 out of 230 mounts.

RIVERS PICKED TO WIN.

Mexican Favorite Over Leach Cross for Their Bout Thursday.

Special to The New York Times.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., Nov. 24.—After looking over both Joe Rivers and Leach Cross in their workouts for their bout on Thanksgiving Day, the betting fans to-day made Rivers a 10 to 9 favorite over the dentist. Backers of Cross are disappointed at the odds and want at least 10 to 8 for their money and it is likely they will get it. Plenty of money is in sight to back both boys.

Training will come to an end to-morrow afternoon, so far as boxing and the strenuous work is concerned. They will do light work Wednesday to polish off the rough edges and then rest for the battle the following day. Rivers and Cross are emphatic in their declarations that they are pleased with their condition, and will have no excuses on this score in the event of defeat.

Levinsky Stops Yank Gilbert.

Yank Gilbert, formerly of Philadelphia, who recently returned from Europe, offered little or no resistance for Battling Levinsky last night in the main event scheduled for ten rounds at the Olympic A. C., and after three rounds of mediocre boxing Referee Dan Tene stopped the affair in the fourth round. Levinsky showed the effects of overwork, due to his engaging in too many contests of late, and, although he did what little work there was, he did not perform up to his standard. The bout failed to draw a dollar from the packed house, which turned out in anticipation of seeing a contest, only when it took occasion to hoot Gilbert. Levinsky toyed with his man, but in the third began to rock Gilbert's head with a straight left, which soon brought the blood from his nose. He landed all the blows scored, none of which carried the sting he has shown recently.

In the semi-final of ten rounds Joe Malone outpointed Gene Oliver. This was also a one-sided affair, with Malone forcing the work from the start, but lacking in hitting power, while Oliver persistently bored in and took whatever was forthcoming without ever letting up.

Maupome Defeats Gallagher.

The first night's play in the three-cushion billiard match between Pierre Maupome of St. Louis and Thomas Gallagher of this city at Doyle's Forty-second Street room last night resulted in a victory for the former by the score of 40 to 39 in fifty-three innings. Both players showed splendid form, Gallagher having a high run of five, while the Mexican's best effort was four. The second block will be played to-night. Alfredo de Oro was referee.

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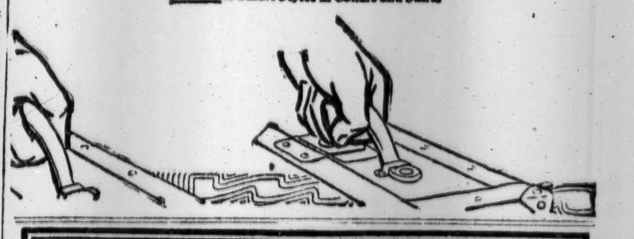

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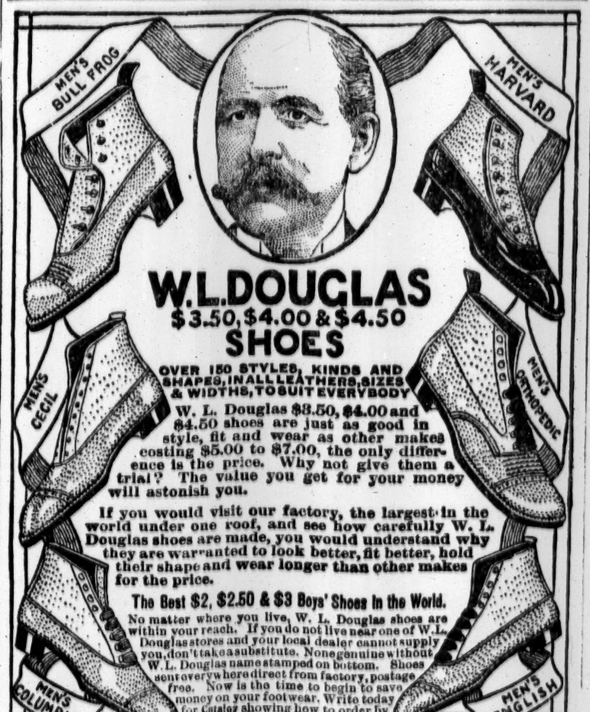

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1452 Third Avenue.
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2779 Third Ave., bet. 146th & 147th Sts.
345 Eighth Avenue.
663 Eighth Avenue.
350 West 125th Street.
BROOKLYN
421 Fulton Street, corner Pearl Street.
708-710 Broadway, corner Thornton St.
1367 Broadway, corner Gates Avenue.
478 Fifth Avenue, corner 11th Street.
1779 Pitkin Avenue.
JERSEY CITY—34 Newark Avenue.
NEWARK—831 Broad Street.
PATERSON—192 Market St., cor. Clark
TRENTON—101 E. State St., cor. Broad

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MANY FAMILIES MAY ENVY WORK HORSE

Charity Expert Says Average Laborer Can't Keep His Children So Fit.

$1,100 A YEAR FOR FIVE

Much Opposition at Hearing to State Relief for Widowed Mothers.

The first hearings of the State Commission on Relief for Widowed Mothers, held yesterday at the City Hall, developed emphatic opposition on the part of representatives of existing organized charities to the proposition that the State should establish a publicly administered fund for the assistance of such mothers.

In the opinion of the charity officials, who occupied most of the time of the commission at both morning and afternoon sessions, outdoor public relief has been a failure. Homer Folks, Secretary of the State Charities Aid Association, phrased the viewpoint of the opposition when he said that public agencies had proved themselves most efficient in the carrying on of relief in institutions while private societies had done best work in administering relief to the unfortunate in their homes. This line of separation, he said, should be maintained.

All the speakers expressed themselves as heartily in favor of the basic idea of the proposition on which the commission has been designated to report. They took the position without exception that where no question of improper guardianship was raised against a mother, it was infinitely better that she be aided to keep her family together, than that the children should be supported by being placed in an institution.

Otto T. Bannard, a Vice President of the Charity Organization Society, took the most pronounced stand in opposition to the proposal. Mr. Bannard not only asserted that the relief of widowed mothers in their homes should be left to private charity organizations, but insisted that it would be a mistake for the State to subsidize such organizations to carry on the work. He said that State assistance would result in many societies springing up just to get part of the disbursement of the State monies and would prevent many philanthropically minded people from giving.

Aaron J. Levy, Chairman of the commission, was not present at the morning session, at which John D. Lindsay of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children and Solomon Lucas presided in his stead. Mr. Levy appeared at the afternoon session. Ansley Wilcox of the Buffalo Charity Organization Society, ex-Charities Commissioner Robert W. Hebberd, Richard M. Scudder, secretary of the commission; Frederick M. Burr, Miss Lillian D. Wald, Einstein, Anthony J. Griffin, William Hard, Martin G. McCue, James W. Rosan, Dr. William I. Sirowich, E. Frank Brewster, Thomas K. Smith, and Rabbi Joseph Thomas of the commission were present.

Dan Kingsbury, chief agent of the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor, asserted that the work of relieving widowed mothers in their homes could best be carried on through the present agencies if adequate funds could be obtained. He said he believed these could be raised.

Mr. Kingsbury heartily indorsed the view that children are better off with their widowed mothers than in institutions. He said that his own observations, by the Chapin standard, which fixed $800 a year as the standard of comfortable living for a family of five was inadequate in New York City. He said $1,000 or $1,100 would be nearer the figure needed to provide proper food, clothing, and shelter for five persons. When asked what measure of health and comfort this sum should furnish he answered:

"So they be in as good condition as the average work horse."

He explained that this was a bald way of stating that his estimate included no luxuries. He said in reply to a question by Commissioner Wilcox that the average annual income of the workingman's family was $600 to $800 to $1000. Then Mr. Lindsay asked:

"Is not the average workingman's family is not so fit physically as the average work horse?

"Of course not," replied Mr. Kingsbury.

Mrs. Ines Milholland Boissevain, suffragist, lawyer, and Socialist, vehemently attacked the point of view of those who had pronounced outdoor public relief a failure. She said that the main thing to be considered in relation to the problem of widowed mothers was how best to keep the families together and give them the necessities of life. She said that all other questions were subordinate to that and should be considered debatable. Whether certain conditions should be considered as a condition of granting relief. She spoke slurringly of the evident intention of some of the speakers that the poor mothers should earn their relief as a reward for cultivating such eminent virtues as industry, economy, and thrift.

Dr. Edward T. Devine opposed the proposal to pension widowed mothers on the ground that no machinery existed for carrying out the scheme and because it would reduce charitable contributions.

Frank Tucker, President of the Provident Loan Society, said that Government aid to widowed mothers would result in much imposition and pauperism. He insisted that private agencies were adequate to carry on such work as was necessary.

The hearings will continue to-day.

SUE FISH FOR $30,000.

Lawyers' Claim for Services in Suit Against Illinois Central.

Maxwell Edgar and Ossian Cameron, attorneys of Chicago, have begun suit in the Supreme Court against Stuyvesant Fish for $30,000, alleged to be due them for legal services rendered to Mr. Fish at the time he started a campaign against the Directors of the Illinois Central Railroad after he had been deposed as President of the road.

Edgar and Cameron say that Mr. Fish started a stockholder's suit for $10,000,000 against the directors of the road. Meighan, Chief Deputy Sheriff of Cook County, Edgar, Mr. Fish's acting Secretary, was called in. According to Edgar, Mr. Fish said he did not wish to appear in the matter and proposed that Edgar and Cameron buy 500 shares of Illinois Central stock and begin suit. Edgar said that Mr. Fish furnished the money and two shares of stock were bought in Mrs. Edgar's name. Later Cameron was called into the case.

According to Edgar, the suit against the Directors of the road is now pending in the Cook County Circuit Court.

FOREIGN TRADE A RECORD.

Exports for 10 Months $2,005,010,881, or $544,822,853 Over Imports.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—Preliminary figures issued by the Department of Commerce show record-breaking values of our foreign trade in October and for the period of the year ended with that month. For the ten months closed with October exports amounted to $2,005,010,881, as compared with $1,570,07,000 in the corresponding period of last year and $1,460,000,000 in 1911. The excess of exports over imports was $544,822,853 in October, as against $78,382 last year and $400,000,000 in 1911.

Imports for October aggregated $177,187,028, with $1,460,188,028 recorded in the ten months of the year, as compared with $177,000,000 in the corresponding month of 1912 and $1,570,000,000 in that month of 1912.

TAYLOR LIBRARY SALE.

900 Lots of Dramatic Books and Autographs Dispersed on First Day.

The sale of the important dramatic library of the late Douglas Taylor, President of the Dunlap Society of this city, was begun by the Anderson Auction Company yesterday. Three sessions were held, morning, afternoon, and evening, and 900 lots of autographs, prints, play bills, and books, many of the last-named extra illustrated, were dispersed.

Actors and Actresses of Great Britain and the United States from the Days of David Garrick to the Present Time," (1886,) edited by Brander Matthews and Laurence Hutton, extra illustrated by the insertion of 342 portraits, scenes, play bills, and autographs, was bought on order for $45.

George D. Smith paid $82 for Thomas Campbell's "Life of Mrs. Siddons," London, 1834, extra-illustrated by the insertion of nearly 300 portraits and views, including more than eighty portraits of Mrs. Siddons herself, among which was the scarce colored plate of Thomas Rowlandson entitled "Rehearsing in the Green Room."

Robert Shaw of Boston, a well-known private collector of dramatic material, gave $80 for the complete and only account of Thomas A. Cooper's performances, collected and written by Joseph N. Ireland, author of "Records of the New York Stage." Cooper made his first appearance on the New York stage at the John Street Theatre on Jan. 5, 1798.

Benno Loewy obtained for $45 an extra-illustrated copy of Peter Cunningham's "Story of Nell Gwyn and the Sayings of Charles II.," London, privately printed, 1851, and paid $55 for an extra-illustrated copy of the first edition of the same work, London, 1852. He also paid $85 for an extra-illustrated large paper copy of Dr. John Doran's "Annals of the English Stage from Thomas Betterton to Edmund Kean," and $55 for an extra-illustrated copy of the first edition of Thomas Davies's "Memoirs of the Life of David Garrick."

Among the autograph letters sold were those of Mary Anderson, Mlle. Augusta, famous dancer; Benjamin Baker, John Bannister, P. T. Barnum, George H. Barrett, Lawrence Barrett, Edwin Arden, Richard Bechtel, Ada Cavendish, Edwin Booth, Junius Brutus Booth, the elder; Dion Boucicault, John Brougham, Joseph Burke, William E. Burton, Mme. Celeste, Charlotte Cushman, E. L. Davenport, Clara Fisher, Edwin Forrest, Thomas Hamblin, "Yankee Hill," Joseph Jefferson, Charles Macklin, and Edmund Kean.

There will be three more sessions to-day.

HEARING ON SEIZED GEM.

R. T. Heitmeyer Examined with Mrs. Alexander, Who Brought It In.

Mrs. Edna Maer Alexander, who said she lived at the Hotel Vanderbilt, was asked to explain before Gen. Nelson H. Henry, the Surveyor of the Port, yesterday why she had failed to declare a diamond and sapphire pendant, when she arrived on the Prince on Saturday night.

Mrs. Alexander registered before she went abroad jewels worth about $7,000, and the investigation now on is to determine whether the pendant, estimated to be worth $700, was included. Mrs. Alexander was about to leave the pier on Saturday night when she was stopped and questioned about the pendant. She is said to have admitted to the Deputy Surveyors that a man who was a passenger on the France gave her the jewel. It was seized.

Mrs. Alexander, accompanied by a lawyer, was at the hearing yesterday. Robert T. Heitmeyer, head of the leather manufacturing firm of R. Neumann, in Willow Street, Brooklyn, was sent for. He was a passenger on the France. He was taken into the office of Special Deputy Surveyor George Smyth, where Gen. Henry and others questioned him in regard to the pendant and as to the place where other jewels he brought in by Mrs. Alexander had been purchased. After the hearing, which lasted an hour, Mr. Heitemeyer and Mrs. Alexander departed together in an automobile. Gen. Henry said the investigation would be continued to-day.

Mrs. J. J. Fleming of Los Angeles, Cal., and her two young daughters, the Misses Margaret and Louise Fleming, were before Gen. Henry yesterday. They had come on the first cabin of the George Washington of the North German Lloyd Line earlier in the day. The customs inspector who examined their trunks was not convinced that their declaration covered all of the articles that he found. Their baggage was sent to the Public Stores for further examination.

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MANY DEMAND CUT IN TELEPHONE RATES

Nearly 100 Organizations Represented at Public Service Board's Hearing.

LAWYER OFFERS SCHEDULE

Says the Company Is Earning Nearly 25 Per Cent.—Time Granted to Present Figures.

Nearly 100 representatives of civic organizations in all parts of New York were present at the hearing of the Public Service Commission of the Second District yesterday on the application of M. H. Winkler, a lawyer, of 90 Wall Street, for reduction in the telephone rates in Greater New York.

Mr. Winkler's petition asked for the same telephone rates for New York that prevailed in Chicago, where an area of 104 4-10 square miles is on a 5-cent basis and free from tolls. There are in this city at present two free-service zones which are on the basis of an 8-cent rate. One includes Bronx and Manhattan, a total of 60 4-5 square miles. The other includes Brooklyn and a part of Queens, a total of 104 square miles. Calls from one zone to the other are subject to tolls of 5 cents, and calls to the Borough of Richmond are subject to tolls of 10 and 15 cents.

A large number of the men who came to the hearing as representatives of civic organizations made talks, all in favor of reducing the telephone rates. Most of the speakers indorsed Mr. Winkler's proposed schedule.

The most important rate changes asked by Mr. Winkler are the abolition of the tolls, the reduction of the maximum rate from 8 cents to 5 cents, and the reduction of the minimum rate from 3 cents to 2 cents a call.

These schedules of rates were asked for by Mr. Winkler:

For a single direct line for business purposes, $60 a year for the first 1,200 calls; 3 cents a call for the next 1,200 calls; 2½ cents a call for the next 1,200 calls; and 2 cents apiece for all calls after the first 3,600.

Another contract for a single direct line for business uses, $48 a year for the first 900 calls; 3 cents a call for the next 1,200 calls; 2½ cents apiece for the next 1,200 calls; 2½ cents apiece for the next 1,200 calls; and 2 cents apiece for all calls after the first 3,600.

For telephones in residences, $40 a year for not more than 800 calls; 4 cents apiece for the next 800 calls; 3 cents apiece for the next 1,200 calls; 2½ cents apiece for the next 1,200 calls, and 2 cents apiece for all calls after the first 1,200.

The existing rate is $48 a year for not more than 600 calls. The owner of this $48 telephone pays 5 cents apiece for all calls after the first 600, in addition to the interborough tolls which Mr. Winkler would abolish.

Other contracts, which a subscriber may make under existing schedule, make with the New York Telephone Company are as follows: $57 a year for the first 800 calls; $90 a year for the first 1,000 calls; $75 for the first 1,500; $87 for the first 2,000; $100 for the first 2,500; $111 for the first 3,000, and $125 for the first 3,500; $135 for the first 2,700. Under the above contracts the subscriber pays 3 cents extra for each call above the number paid for by the flat rate.

The present rate for not more than 3,000 calls a year is $100 and 4 cents for each call. The flat charge a year for not more than 5,700 calls is $225. For calls in addition to the first 5,700 the rate is 3 cents. Three cents is the minimum rate existing. On this schedule Mr. Winkler says the company earned nearly 25 per cent. on its investment.

In the course of his opening statement Mr. Winkler said that the Merchants' Association had been led into a dishonorable and improper effort to obstruct the pending application for a reduction of rates. Mr. Winkler intimated that the Merchants' Association had been influenced by the telephone interests and he pointed out that John Wanamaker, a member of the telephone company, was a Director of the Merchants' Association.

Mr. Winkler said that he had taken this statement up with the Interstate Commerce Commission at Washington and had charged that no such investigation was intended.

Commissioner Decker adjourned the hearing until Dec. 22 to give the New York Telephone Company time to prepare figures showing its invested capital, the value of its property and its income.

BOY KILLS IN QUARREL.

Squallanti Shot Fellow-Employe and Confessed When Caught.

While polishing pianos on the fifth floor of the factory of the Standard Pneumatic Action Company in West Fifty-second Street, between Eleventh and Twelfth Avenues, yesterday afternoon, Albert Squillanti of 400 East 104th Street, 19 years old, employed in the factory as a varnisher, needed an empty bottle in which to put varnish. On the fourth floor William Barter, 17 years old, of 501 East Seventy-fourth Street, was assembling piano parts. When Squillanti asked him for a bottle he immediately ran, but was caught by Louis Volmut. He was taken to Strauss's drug store, on West Fifty-second Street and Eleventh Avenue, where the body of Barter had been carried by friends and the dead boy's father, who works in the same factory.

Squillanti confessed at once, the police say. Father Moran of St. Ambrose Church, on West Fifty-fourth Street, had been called to the drug store, and the prisoner asked him for advice. The latter told Squillanti to go to the police station and surrender himself. Detectives Fitzpatrick and Flaherty of the West Forty-seventh Street Station found Squillanti in the detectives' room. He had handed the revolver under which he had killed his fellow-worker to Lieut. Dillon at the City Fourth Street and Fourth Avenue hear whether he was caught.

MILLIONS IN P. O. BANKS.

New York Has $3,839 Depositors Averaging $91 in Savings Each.

Postmaster Edward M. Morgan gave out yesterday interesting statistics of the Postal Savings bank system in Manhattan and the Bronx. The branch in the suyvesant Bank was opened there on Oct. 1, 1911, on the first day of which 3,839 depositors, with $349,082.000 or $91 each on deposit, filed their applications. Depositors' offices are: Brooklyn, $1,116,787; Buffalo, $161,000; Rochester, $80,000; Syracuse, $80,000; Albany, $70,000; Utica, $50,000; Yonkers, $50,000; Troy, $40,000; Schenectady, $30,000; Binghamton, $30,000; Auburn, $20,000; Poughkeepsie, $20,000; Elmira, $20,000; Watertown, $20,000; Newburgh, $20,000; Port Chester, $20,000; Oswego, $20,000; Kingston, $20,000; Lockport, $20,000; Jamestown, $20,000; Niagara Falls, $20,000; Mount Vernon, $20,000; Amsterdam, $20,000; Gloversville, $20,000; Johnstown, $20,000; Hudson, $20,000; Ogdensburg, $20,000; Oneida, $20,000; Olean, $20,000; Saratoga Springs, $20,000; Auburn, $20,000; Cortland, $20,000; Dunkirk, $20,000; Fulton, $20,000; Geneva, $20,000; Glens Falls, $20,000; Hornell, $20,000; Ithaca, $20,000; Little Falls, $20,000; Lockport, $20,000; Middletown, $20,000; Newburgh, $20,000; North Tonawanda, $20,000; Oneonta, $20,000; Plattsburg, $20,000; Port Jervis, $20,000; Rome, $20,000; Salamanca, $20,000; Tonawanda, $20,000; Watertown, $20,000; Watervliet, $20,000; Whitehall, $20,000.

Postmaster Morgan found that on June 30 last 47 per cent. of the total depositors were native born whites, and that they had 52 per cent. of the total deposits; 17 per cent. were foreign born whites, with 16 per cent. of the total deposits; 35 per cent. were negroes, with 31 per cent. of the total deposits; 1 per cent. were other nationalities, with 1 per cent. of the total deposits. Of the depositors 61 per cent. were men or boys, and 39 per cent. women or girls.

Year in Prison for Strike Agitator.

FITCHBURG, Mass., Nov. 24.—Joseph M. Coldwell of Worcester, convicted recently of inciting to riot during the strike at the Draper Company's plant at Hopedale, was sentenced to one year in the House of Correction in the Superior Court here to-day. Coldwell is the defendant of the three Socialists who are organizing for the Industrial Workers of the World, but never was regularly connected with any organization. He was to be published for the first time in 1911.

TYSON & CO. OBTAIN DELAY.

Magistrate Deuel Refuses to Dismiss Opera Ticket Complaint.

The hearing on the complaint against the theatre ticket agency of Tyson & Co., charged with grand larceny in the second degree for the hypothecation of its allotment of Metropolitan Opera season tickets with the Metropolitan Trust Company, came up yesterday afternoon before Magistrate Deuel, sitting in the Criminal Court Building. William L. Marshall of Griggs, Baldwin & Baldwin, 27 Pine Street, counsel for the ticket agency, maintained that the evidence had failed to show the commission of a crime. The complaint was made by Adolph E. Dick of 244 West Seventieth Street, who charged that his season tickets and $151.80 that he paid for them had been misappropriated by Tyson & Co.

So far as the check of Mr. Dick was concerned, Mr. Marshall said that the money had not been misappropriated. He argued that Tyson & Co. was not the agent of any party whatsoever, and that the concern was merely a dealer, buying at wholesale and selling at retail, as was shown by the fact that the ticket agency paid about 10 per cent. less for the tickets of Mr. Dick than his purchase price. Mr. Marshall further asserted that the tickets were to have been delivered to Mr. Dick by Oct. 27 and that the failure to do so was not the fault of the ticket agency. He asserted that Mr. Dick now had his tickets.

The tickets themselves, Mr. Marshall said, could not be regarded as property but as a license, a non-transferable license. He was interrupted by Magistrate Deuel, who wished to know, in that event, what right Tyson & Co. had to dispose of them if they were marked "not transferable." Mr. Marshall explained that such had been the custom for many years by "tacit agreement" with the Metropolitan Opera Company. He proceeded with an argument that there was no provision to his knowledge in the criminal code making a license the subject of an action on a charge of larceny.

Assistant District Attorney Arthur C. Train, who had conducted the prosecution, made a brief answer to Mr. Marshall. He held that whether the ticket agency was the agent for any party or not, the evidence brought out showed that there actually had been a criminal violation in the disposal of the subscribers' tickets.

Magistrate Deuel denied the motion to dismiss the case, but at the request of Mr. Marshall agreed to suspend his ruling on the motion until the counsel for the defendant might have time to submit a brief. A week was the time set for Mr. Marshall to file his brief, and three days were set for the District Attorney's office within which to answer it. Two days more will be allowed to Mr. Marshall in which to reply to the answer of the District Attorney, so that Dec. 8 was set as the day for a final ruling by Magistrate Deuel.

CITY BREVITIES.

Judge Coxe in the Federal District Court yesterday appointed James T. Crane of 2 Rector Street receiver for the Hotel Rector Company. This action was taken in the judgment creditor's suit brought by the Wilson Distilling Company. The receiver's bond was fixed at $500.

Fanny Paserman 20 years old, was acquitted yesterday by a Coroner's Jury of the murder of Salvatore Cassetta, 22 years old, in a quarrel on the night of Oct. 20. The jury decided that it was justifiable homicide. Cassetta died as a climax to wrongs committed by the young Italian.

A meeting of the After Care Circle of the Jewish Maternity Hospital was held yesterday at Temple Emanu-El. Mrs. Leo Sulzberger presided. Dr. Herman Schwartz of Mount Sinai Hospital read a paper on infant hygiene. During the past year the institution has cared for 624 babies.

The art galleries on the steamship France of the French Line, lying at the foot of West Fifteenth Street, will be thrown open to the public from 1 to 5 o'clock this afternoon, to permit of inspection of porcelain and French china art objects sent here under the auspices of the French Government. No tickets are necessary.

WILLS FOR PROBATE.

GOEBBELS, ADOLPH, (died Nov. 9,) left $5,000 personalty to Marie Goebbels, his wife. HARRINGTON, MARY, (died Oct. 31,) left $2,300 personalty; $500 to the College of St. Francis Xavier; $1,500 to Margaret Loughlin.

HUTCHINSON, MARY E., (died Sept. 14,) left more than $10,000 realty and more than $1,000 personalty; income of $700 a year for life to Frederick, a resident of Harriott, Mary, and Lena Hutchinson, daughters.

KINGSFORD, MARY POWELL, (died Sept. 27,) left more than $10,000 personalty in uncompleted shares to Daniel F. and Kennet S. Kingsford, her sons; Mary A. and Margaret Kingsford, Anabel Bell, and Louise E. Belgrave, her daughters, and George E. Howdom, her grandson.

KRIETE, AUGUST, (died Nov. 17,) left about $50,000 realty and about $1,000 personalty to equal shares to Anna Kriete, his wife, and Martha Beckman and Lillian Mackrell, his daughters.

McVICKAR, MATILDA C., (died July 11,) left less than $1,000 realty and less than $5,000 personalty to Mrs. B. McVickar, her deceased nephew's widow.

SCHILLING, MARY E., (died Nov. 14,) left $5,000 realty and personalty of unknown value; $5,000 to Edward A. Helfer, $500 to Theophen H. Hudry, in trust; specific realty to unknown; to Rose Hudry, Mary Hudry, Mrs. Rotman, Mrs. Middleton, Ruth Lewis, Rose Cousan, Mildred Lewis, and a nurse who attended her in 1910 and whose name is not given.

VIZETHANN, ELIZABETH, (died Nov. 7,) left $2,500 personalty; $100 to Lillian Brucker, her granddaughter; unconsumed amounts to Henry Vizethann, her son, and Margaret Bruckner and Barbara Fox, her daughters.

WARNER, KATE, (died Aug. 15,) left more than $10,000 personalty; $100 to the New York Historical Society; $50,000 to the New York Public Library, Astor, Lenox and Tilden Foundations; residue to Alexander Winter Cousin.

ESTATES APPRAISED.

CARLEY, EDWARD W., (died Feb. 12, 1913,) net estate $11,811.45; county in 240 East Eighty-third Street, $8,000.25; bank account, $3,812.70.

DAVID, GEORGE F., (died Jan. 28, 1911,) personalty, $10,000; notice not given of estate in New York to $5,000.00.

DOWNEY, JOSEPH CLIFTON, (died Dec. 23, 1912,) broker, estate, $100,000.74; promissory notes, $25,000; cash on hand, $1,000.74; Continental Trust Company, $25,000; accounts, $25,000; personal effects, $1,000.

GOULDING, SAMUEL, (died Feb. 10, 1912,) net estate, $107,586.46; specific legacies, $2,000; to John Doering, his grandson, $5,000; to Peter J. Doering, his grandson, $5,000; to Peter J. Doering, his grandson, $5,000; to Parker Doering, his grandson, $5,000; to Frank C. Doering, his grandson, $5,000; to Mary Doering, his granddaughter, $5,000; to Mary Goulding, his daughter, $2,000 each to nephews, nieces, Colored and Friendly Societies, $5,000; to Trinity Church Cemetery, $1,000; to National Academy of Design, $1,000; to Home for Incurables, $1,000; to Home for Friendless, $1,000; to Home for Old Men and Aged Couples, $1,000; to Home for Old Ladies

Fact No. 42
(About Investments)
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Members Consolidated Stock Exchange
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CHANDLER BROS. & CO
Phone 6320 Rector

FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stock Trading Dullest in 25 Years—Remarkable Foreign Trade Showing.

Wall Street talked of little else yesterday except the new tariff, which was the dullest day on the Stock Exchange in twenty-five years, which attracted the fewest number of visitors to the floor who carried the least money to invest. Most stocks have considerably lower prices than a year ago, and the market generally had the appearance of having been thoroughly "cleaned out" by the recent decline. Nevertheless, as the tariff bill was passed by the House of Representatives, the market showed a firmer tone, and the bill is expected to be passed by the Senate before Christmas.

Wall Street scarcely remembered that yesterday began the new trading day, the dullest day on the Stock Exchange in twenty-five years, which attracted the fewest number of visitors to the floor who carried the least money to invest. Most stocks have considerably lower prices than a year ago, and the market generally had the appearance of having been thoroughly "cleaned out" by the recent decline. Nevertheless, as the tariff bill was passed by the House of Representatives, the market showed a firmer tone, and the bill is expected to be passed by the Senate before Christmas.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

COMMERCIAL PAPER.

BANK CLEARINGS.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

THE TREASURY STATEMENT.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Senator Owen's Fleitzer

More than one member of the Stock Exchange fared well with foreign exchange when he read on the news tickers the extract from the report on the currency bill of Senator Owen:

We are advised by representative bankers in New York that if certain provisions of this bill were changed they would be glad to improve the present foreign exchange situation by drawing against the gold which is now being offered in London.

An Omen of Hope.

It broke prices in the stock market, but it was an omen of hope to the business world when Senator Owen, Chairman of the Senate Committee on Banking and Currency, announced that he would favor a change in the currency bill to permit the issuance of bank notes against gold deposited in the United States Treasury.

More Settlement Complications.

The Street's first task on Tuesday

Meeting Here to Direct Rome.

Rumors Fail to Affect Rate.

OUTSIDE SECURITIES

Curb Market Firm in Tone, but Only a Small Amount of Business Transacted.

The outside security market was firm in tone yesterday, but only a small amount of business was transacted. Prices were generally steady, with changes from one to two points in most cases.

INDUSTRIALS.

STANDARD OIL STOCKS.

TOBACCO STOCKS.

PUBLIC UTILITY SECURITIES.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN.

BALTIMORE.

BOSTON.

MINING.

CHICAGO.

PHILADELPHIA.

PITTSBURGH.

SHORT TERM NOTES.

BOURSES OF EUROPE

London Market Cheerful and Strong—Prices Improve in Berlin.

By Marconi Transatlantic Wireless Telegraph to The New York Times.
LONDON, Tuesday, Nov. 25. The Times in its city article this morning says:

Money was in strong demand, but the market succeeded in discounting to-day's settlement to a great extent, and the difficulty was not so great as was anticipated. The Bank of England's weekly statement was a little better than on Saturday. The reserve of gold increased £1,000,000, and the proportion of reserve to liabilities rose from 50 3-16 to 52 1-16 per cent. The total reserve is £34,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The proportion of reserve to liabilities is 2 per cent. higher than a year ago, and 1 per cent. higher than in 1907. The total of discounts and advances is £1,000,000 less than a year ago, and £2,000,000 less than in 1907. The total of other securities is £1,000,000 less than a year ago, and £2,000,000 less than in 1907. The total of deposits is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of circulation is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of bullion is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of reserve is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of liabilities is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of assets is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of capital is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of surplus is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of profits is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of losses is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of expenses is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of income is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of dividends is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of interest is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of rent is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of taxes is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of insurance is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of depreciation is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of amortization is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of reserve is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of liabilities is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of assets is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of capital is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of surplus is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of profits is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of losses is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of expenses is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of income is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of dividends is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of interest is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of rent is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of taxes is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of insurance is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of depreciation is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907. The total of amortization is £1,000,000 more than a year ago, and £2,000,000 more than in 1907.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—Prices were steady on the Bourse to-day. 88 francs 81½ centimes for the account.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—Prices were steady on the Bourse to-day. 88 francs 81½ centimes for the account.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

STOCK MARKET AVERAGES.

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

BOSTON BANK STATEMENT.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

TRADING IN STOCKS SLOWEST SINCE 1888

Brokers Handled Only 57,603 Shares on the Exchange Floor Yesterday.

LAST RECORD WAS 43,935

Which Was Only Lowered on Day of the Great Blizzard—Less Than $13 Profit for Each Member.

New York Stock Exchange members

KATY'S FINE YEAR.

Report Shows $9,295,000 Net in Spite and $4,510,000 Surplus.

GARY PLANT NOT TO CLOSE.

Judge E. H. Gary Denies a Rumor of Shutdown on Dec. 1.

A large number of Corporation Bonds are free from the Income Tax so far as the individual holders are concerned.
Parties desiring information as to whether bonds held by them are exempt, are requested to communicate with us.
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International Mercantile Marine Pfd.
International Paper Pfd.
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Lorillard (P.) Pfd.
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National Salt Pfd.
New York Air Brake Pfd.
Pacific Mail
Pittsburgh Coal Pfd.
Pressed Steel Car Pfd.
Pullman Co.
Railway Steel Spring Pfd.
Republic Iron & Steel Pfd.
Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Pfd.
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Standard Oil Subsidiaries
Texas Pacific
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FRISCO FIGURES NOT ALTERED BY SPEYER

C. W. Hillard Explains His Letter to President Winshell of September, 1919.

BANKERS NOTED ERRORS

Made Company Correct Its First Draft of a Prospectus for German Bonds.

C. W. Hillard, associated with H. H. Speyer & Co. for many years in the management of the St. Louis & San Francisco and now financial representative here of the receivers of that property, returned from St. Louis yesterday to his office in the International Banking Corporation.

Mr. Hillard explained that inquiries had been made to Speyer & Co. through the reading into the record of a portion of a letter written by Mr. Hillard which should be made in prospectus issued in connection with the Dutch issues which were erroneously broken or at the hearing on an unpaid report.

Counsel of Speyer & Company for examination, the action of Speyer & Co. in the matter was entirely satisfactory. Speyer & Co. and the old Central Trust Company had been kept informed of the progress of the road's affairs through direct reports which had maintained put to keep the bankers informed. Upon making the final report to the bankers, Mr. Hillard found that the bankers had been misled by the report of the receivers, and that the bankers had been misled by the report of the receivers, and that the bankers had been misled by the report of the receivers.

Mr. Hillard explained

IN THE BUSINESS WORLD

INQUIRY FOR EGG CORNER.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

NEW INCORPORATIONS.

WILL GIRDLE THE EARTH.

COMMERCIAL MARKETS

ARRIVAL OF WATER

BUSINESS NOTES.

Business Notices.

Bankruptcy Notices

Sticks and Reeds.

PROPOSALS.

The Tropical Land Co., Limited.

Bank of the Manhattan Company.

COTTONSEED OIL.

COTTON.

MISCELLANEOUS MARKETS.

SIDELIGHTS ON SELLING.

COURT CALENDARS

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Holt, J. Court opens in Room 43, P. O. Building, at 10:30 A. M. Jury calendar. Case on. 146—Blum v. Franklin Ins Co. No day calendar.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Mayer, J. Court opens in Room 72, P. O. Building, at 10:30 A. M. Equity and Admiralty calendar. 149—Weehawken D D Co v. City of N Y. 162—Hawley v. Yacht Albatross. 45—Rueb v. SS City of Montgomery.

STATE.

Court of Appeals.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 24—The Court of Appeals day calendar for Tuesday: 754—People v. Edgar R Jackson. 103—Curtis-Bleidell Co v. Francis H Chapman. 202—George Backer v. Bernard Rutkowsky. 203—Edgar B. Johnson and Lancelot Kenney, P. Reddington, Jr., and Lancelot Kenney, P. Reddington, Jr., v. Jay W Bishop et al. 206—James Mellott, Jr., v. Martin S Paine. 207—George Mane v. Erie R R Co. 208—Phoenix Construction Co v. Cornell S S Co. 210—Interborough Rapid Transit Co v. City of New York and others.

New York County.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Cohalan, S. Litigated motions. 1—Matter of Thrush, 2—McArdle v. Jankalson Realty Co. 3—Hallman v. Hallman. 4—Hallman v. N Y v. Macioni. 5—Auerbach v. European Feature Film Corp. 6—Auerbach v. Nusbaum. 7—Kocher & Son Co v. Loughran. 8—Wentworth v. Detroit Shipbuilding Co. 9—Trimble v. Fox. 10—Willard v. Gen'l Reduction Co. 11—Hoover v. Lewis. 12—Wade v. Wade. 13—Kraus v. Century Car & Elec Co. 14—Webb v. Webb. 15—Strettner & Steinfel v. Fokcosh. 16—Kaplan v. Luna Amusement Co. 17—Schneider v. Drellich. 18—Neukirch v. Mcllugh. 19—Matter of Rhee. (Truax.) 20—Shapiro v. Shapiro. 21—Sutphen & Holbrook-Hollins Corp. 22—Hooper v. Hooper. 24—Cooper v. A S Beans. 25—Badbiche v. Wells. 26—Matter of 440 Fourth Av. 27—Same v. Same. 28—Same. 29—Dallman Co. Edison Mfg Co. 30—John Jordis Iron Works v. Gallagher. 31—Connelly Auction Co v. Rao. 32—Simon v. Simon. 34—Elliot v. Tuttle. 35—Pfeifer v. Hillcrest Co. 36—Elliot v. Colby. 37—Driscoll v. Culley. 38—Semachowitz v. Cohen. 39—Durfy v. C. T. Wills. 40—Cotter v. Oscar Daniels Co. 41—Same v. Weinsoner Bros. 42—Same v. Same. 43—Schoenecult. 44—Matter of Tausig (Rohmer.) 141—Wright v. Pieper. 42—Knott v. Schiltt. 43—Seraphine v. Seraphine. 44—Englehart v. Englehart. 45—Cloak & Suit Co v. Bunnay Co. 47—Hame v. McKeon. 48—E S Kuh & Walk Co v. Southern Pacific Co. 49—Falkenburg v. Moore. 50—Klesk v. Heinz. 51—Adler v. Siedler. 52—Bell v. Southard. 53—Tuszo v. American Bonding Co of Baltimore. 54—Di Franco v. Di Franco. 55—Starnes v. Farrell. 56—O'Brien v. O'Brien. 57—Kaufmann v. Kaufmann. 58—People ex rel Freeman v. Purdy. 59—Webber v. Farley. 60—Matter of Isak. 61—Goebel v. Heathcleter. 62—Medley v. Ford. 63—Weinstein v. Cohen. 64—Cohen v. Cohen. 65—Roehn v. McSorley. 66—Kaiser v. Ochs. 67—Reilly v. Earley. 68—Wechsler v. Rinwak. 69—Combs v. Haebler. 70—Hoffman v. Hoffman & Sit Co. 71—Rosenthal v. Adolf Philipp Co. 72—Slavin v. Slavin. 73—Lacina v. Belsky. 74—Abramson v. Abramson. 75—Bacon v. Bacon. 76—Schwartzman v. Jetter. 77—Atlas Garage Realty Co v. Diamond. 78—Matter of Klein. 79—Coyle v. Lucey. 80—Bogert v. Mitchell. 81—Blackell v. Newman. 82—Matter of Solomon. 83—Valentine v. Lioch. 84—Marello v. same. 85—Copeland v. Denvin Realty Co. 86—Same v. Same. 87—Heyn v. N Y Times Co. 88—Lamb v. Same. 89—Woodward. 90—Matter of Dunkrof. 90—Wills v. Concealed Transom Lift Co. 91—Senegas v. Senegas. 92—N Y Braid Co v. Munser. 93—Albert v. City of N Y. 94—Kenny v. Kenny. 95—Matter of Grimaldi. 96—Carmody v. Carmody. 97—Brandt v. Ziegler. 98—Brennan v. Bassett. 99—Sierucki v. Goldring. 100—Alaimo v. Same. 101—Same v. Same. 102—Martens v. Martens. 103—Van Veen v. Strauss. 104—Reinhart v. Shea. 104—Ettin v. Engle. 105—Berry v. Berry. 106—Cohen v. Cohen. 107—Cohen v. Cohen. 108—Cohen v. Cohen. 109—Hotchelet Chemical Co v. Eagle Print. ing Co. 109—Williams v. Giebelhausen. 110—Natt Surety Co v. People ex rel. 111—White v. Shea. 112—Same v. Same. 113—Stern (Boston Road.) 115—Matter of Materne. (Boston Road.) 114—Matter of Da Marchi. (Maclay Av.) 115—Absalom v. N Y Edison Co. 116—Hultinger v. Kendall. 117—Aaron v. Metropolitan. 118—Mueller v. Mueller. 119—Mueller v. Wedut. 120—Muller v. same. 121—Matter of Brown. (Hess.)

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Part II. Seaburg, J. No day calendar.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Part III. Gisgerich, J. Motions. Preferred Causes. 850—Hass v. Hass. 687—Dixon Test Co v. Adion Const Co. 1234—South Amboy &c. Co v. Colonial Fuel & Ice Co. 1241—Colonial Fuel & Ice Co v. Maloney v. Oliver & Burr. 124—Star Co v. Press Pub Co. 736—Star Co v. Press Pub Co. 803—Coleman & Krause Co v. City of N Y. 937—Sachs v. Schwartz. 949—Norton v. Stimson. 1138—Becker v. Swinsker Bros. 1230—Atheria v. Kelayre. 1240—Echo Investing Corpn v. Cole. 205—Ney v. Fisher Co. 1—Kirtzer v. Kirtzer. 2—Rosenblum v. Rosenblum. 706—Motor Car Equipment Co v. Hollsberg. 482—Hart v. Grodzinsky. 23—Weingreen v. Michelbacher. 37—Meyer v. Meyer. 1236—Hoffer v. Brinckmann. 501—Congregation Kadisha v. Schiff. 1005—Schweiger v. Schweiger. 525—Interborough R T Co v. Litterield. 356—Kintner v. Lanyer. 1227

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Old American News Company Building Leased to the Martin B. Brown Company—Builder Buys Site for Upper West Side Apartment House—Bronx and Suburban Deals.

An important lease in the City Hall section was made yesterday when the Martin B. Brown Printing and Binding Company leased for a term of years the old American News Company Building at 39 and 41 Chambers Street, running through to 21 to 25 Read Street. The building has a frontage of 75 feet on each street by 151 deep, and is opposite the Hall of Records and also adjoins the Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank on the west.

The Brown firm, which prints the City Record, is one of the largest printing houses in the city, and has been located at 53 Park Place, on the southwest corner of West Broadway, for nearly half a century. The cause of the removal is due to the construction of the Subway down West Broadway, which, it was believed, would make the building untenable for the printing and publishing business. The American News Building in Chambers Street was vacated by that firm a few years ago, when it secured the property at 9 to 15 Park Place and 8 to 12 Murray Street for its new home.

Buys to Insure Apartment Light.

Arthur S. Luria purchased at auction yesterday the vacant lot, 25 by 100.11, on 116th Street, adjoining the seven-story Hillcrest apartment house at 430 West 116th Street. The lot was sold by Henry Brady in foreclosure proceedings, and Mr. Luria paid $12,625. He is the owner of the Hillcrest, west of the vacant plot.

Sale on St. Nicholas Place.

A plot, 75 by 160, on the east side of St. Nicholas Place, opposite 153d Street, has been purchased by the Dayton Realty Company, of which Harris Mavan is President, from Oscar Willgerodt. It will probably be improved with an apartment house.

Investor Buys on the Heights.

The Louis E. Bates Company has sold 611 West 170th Street, one of two five-story apartment houses recently completed, occupying a plot 46.6 by 87.8 by 100 feet. William Fischer, the buyer, paid all cash above the first mortgage on the property.

Buyers For Tenements.

Adelia J. Sparks has sold to a client of the Herman Arns Company for investment, 602 Eleventh Avenue, a five-story tenement with store on a lot 25 by 70.

William Hotter has sold to Lewine and Kempner 2,440 Eighth Avenue, a five-story four-family tenement, with stores, on lot 25 by 100, between 130th and 131st streets. Negotiations are said to be well advanced for a resale of the property.

New Harlem Flats Planned.

Plans are being prepared by the architects, Gronenberg and Leuchtag, for four five-story apartment houses on the south side of 111th Street, 100 feet east of Lenox Avenue, on plot 350 by 71.10 for the 111th Street Construction Company, Samuel Williams President. The cost will be $100,000.

Bronx Borough.

Eugene J. Busher has sold for George Schaefer, 353 East 138th Street, a five-story building with two stores, on lot 25 by 100; near the new subway station at Alexander Avenue, to an investor. This was an all cash transaction.

Alfred J. Madden, John Jervis and Charles F. Deshler sold for James T. Barry the five-story apartment house at 1,429 Bryant Avenue on lot 50 by 100.

Charles Lopard has sold 846-848 East 167th Street; a five-story modern flat, 50 by 161, for the Angel Construction Company, to the Hudson Realty Company.

S. H. Frankenheim sold, for Getrude Evelyn Mahoney to Louis A. Britt the three-story brick dwelling, 413 East 139th Street on plot 16.8 by 100.

Brooklyn.

At Brightwaters the J. B. Ackerson Company sold a plot 70 by 200 on Windsor Avenue, adjoining Moore plot to G. C. Perkinson of New York, also a plot 120 by 150 on South Bay Avenue, to H. L. Snodgrass of New York. Plot on West Lake Drive, 105 by 400, to R. W. Ince, whose architects are preparing plans of a colonial residence to be ready next Spring.

Wood, Harmon & Co. have sold at Hyde Park: one lot on East Fifty-first Street, near Avenue D, to C. E. Weiss; one lot on East Fifty-fourth Street, near Clarendon Road, to J. W. Lelke; one lot on East Fifty-first Street near Clarendon Road, to Miss A. K. Bannon; one lot on East Fifty-fourth Street, near Avenue D, to J. M. Frampton; one lot on East Fifty-first Street, near Clarendon Road, to A. F. Wille and one lot on East Fifty-fourth Street, near Avenue D, to E. P. Porcher.

New Jersey.

A plot of two acres on the southwest corner of Prospect and Springdale Avenues, East Orange, has been sold by Edward P. Hamilton & Co., to Harrison Hathaway.

Westchester County.

W. P. Smull has sold to Walter Gieb for occupancy, a frame dwelling occupying a plot 100 by 200 feet in Eleventh Court, Rochelle Park. The consideration was $10,500. The English stone dwelling at 33 Hamilton Avenue, Rochelle Heights, occupying a plot 100 by 125 feet, has been sold by A. Sundberg to Claire Phillips for $20,000.

Nichols & Hobbie have sold the estate of the late Leva A. Costello at Tarrytown, consisting of eight acres with a residence and other buildings, to Julian F. Detmer. The consideration was $46,100.

The residence at 109 Overlook Street, Mt. Vernon, has been purchased by Alma Gluch, the grand opera singer, from Louise E. Packer.

Leases Golf Links at Mt. Vernon.

The newly organized Sunnydale Country Club has obtained a three years' lease of the grounds and clubhouse formerly used by the Siwanoy Club, near Mt. Vernon. The Directors of the Sunnydale Club are: Isaac Gimbel, President; B. J. Greenhut, E. J. Bloomingdale, William Cardoza, Monroe Rothschild, B. F. Gimbel, and Richard Walach. The Siwanoy Club has acquired land for a large golf course in the Pelham locality.

Suburban.

Kenneth Ives & Co. have sold for Frederick Weaverson his residence at Shippan Point, Stamford, Conn., corner of Fairview Avenue and Ocean Drive West, to William T. Evans, Treasurer of Mills & Gibb of New York, for occupancy.

Receiver for Harry Schiff's Co.

J. Clarence Davies was appointed as receiver for the West Eighty-second Street Realty Company, a corporation of which Harry Schiff, the builder, is the head, by Judge Hough of the Federal District Court yesterday. Real estate in Manhattan and Richmond valued at $2,535,000, and mortgaged for $1,500,000, is controlled by the company.

The receiver, whose bond was fixed at $75,000, was appointed in a creditors' suit brought by the Otis Elevator Company on a claim of $8,000 for balance due on a contract amounting to $20,300 for installing elevators in the company's structures.

In addition to the balance alleged to be due and the mortgages, the Otis Elevator Company says that the West Eighty-second Street Realty Company owes other creditors $140,000, of which $90,000 is due to banks for money loaned and the remainder is unpaid on notes.

Recent Buyers.

Maurice Bowers is the buyer of the Misquelan, a six-story apartment, at 206 to 210 West Ninety-ninth Street, reported sold in THE NEW YORK TIMES of Sunday, Nov. 23.

In part payment the buyer gave Isaac Polstein, 109 West Forty-third Street, an old three-story dwelling, which had previously been sold for about $82,500.

East Side Moving Picture Theatre.

Plans are being prepared for a new six-hundred seat moving picture theatre at 238 and 240 East Third Street, on a plot 50 by 100. The structure will cost $10,000.

Mortgage Loan Placed.

Eugene J. Busher has placed a first mortgage loan of $11,000 at 5½ per cent. for three years, on the vacant plot 100 by 200 by 100, running through from Valentine to River Avenue, 210 feet north of 183d Street, to Hugh D. Smith.

St. Nicholas Avenue Apartment.

The only building plan filed yesterday in Manhattan was for a six-story flat with stores, on the southwest corner of St. Nicholas Avenue and 180th Street. The plot is 100 by 90, and the cost, as estimated by the architect, S. Nass, will be $100,000. The owners and builders are the Aldus Construction Company. No plans were filed in the Bronx.

Private Dwellings Leased.

The Clark Estates have leased for a term of years house 32 West Seventy-fourth Street to John W. Masury.

Pease & Elliman have leased for Frances C. Hyder to J. N. Rosenberg the four-story and basement house, 20.5 by 100 feet, at 449 West End Avenue, between Eighty-first and Eighty-second Streets.

A Varied Auction Offering.

Joseph P. Day will offer at public auction in the Vesey Street Salesroom at noon to-day a miscellaneous collection of private dwellings, tenements, business buildings and unimproved property in almost every section of the city and one parcel in Portchester. The principal offering is one involving 25 West Thirtieth Street, between Broadway and Fifth Avenue, a four-story brownstone front building, with stores, on a lot 20 by 98.9 feet.

Commercial Leases.

The McVickar-Gaillard Realty Company has leased the southerly store at 543 Fifth Avenue to the Keep Shirt Company for a term of years.

Sidney L. Walsawer has leased for a term of twenty-one years the four-story and basement building on a lot 25 by 110 feet on 21st West Thirty-seventh Street to the Columbia Transfer Company, who will occupy same after extensive alterations.

The Lewis H. May Company has leased for the S. & M. Construction Company, the building and casino under construction, adjoining the railroad station on Gaston Avenue, Arverne, L. I., to E. Spierman for a term of years.

Joseph F. Feist has leased the store and basement at 565 Ninth Avenue, for a term of years.

The Cross & Brown Company has leased for the American Locomotive Company to Peter J. Fischer the entire building 243-245 West Sixty-fourth Street; and for Klein & Jackson to the H. R. V. Company the store at the southwest corner of Broadway and Fifty-seventh Street.

Real Estate Notes.

A meeting of the United Real Estate Owners' Associations has been called for this evening at the Grand Union Hotel, Forty-second Street and Park Avenue.

RESULTS AT AUCTION.

The Auction Offerings of Real Estate Yesterday Were as Follows.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Henry Brady.

116th St, West, s s, 225 ft w of Morningside Drive, 25x100.11, vacant; David Lippmann against R. H. Meade and others; Harold Swain, attorney; J. D. Kelly, referee; due, $9,891.93; taxes, &c, $1,000; to Arthur S. Luria, an adjoining owner, for $12,625.

By Joseph P. Day.

Amsterdam Av, 1,414, s w corner of 130th St, 24.11x100x irregular; one three and one four-story tenements; Harlem Savings Bank against E. H. Larkin and others; E. S. Clinch, attorney; J. P. McDonough, referee; due, $12,712.85; taxes, &c, $5,277.54; adjourned sine die.

AT 3,208 THIRD AVENUE.
By J. H. Mayers.

215th St, 752 East, s s, 225 ft e of Holland Av, 25x125; H. F. Sugar against Filomena De Carlo and others; Cook & E., attorneys; T. M. Riehle, referee; due, $4,843.03; taxes, &c, $504.80; to the plaintiff for $5,500.

TO-DAY'S AUCTION SALES.

Local and Suburban Realty Offerings in the Salesrooms.

AT 14 VESEY STREET.
By Joseph P. Day.

30th St, 25 West, n s, 162.9 ft e of Broadway, 20x98.9, four-story building and stores; executor's sale, estate of Elizabeth Lapsley, deceased.

6th Av, 3, w s, 30.9 ft n of Carmine St, 20x70, three-story tenement and store; executors' sale; subj.

2d Av, 381, n w corner of 22d St, 24.5x64, four-story tenement and store; executors' sale, estate of Philip M. Smith, deceased.

137th St, 457 East, n s, 216.2 ft w of Brown Place, 16.8x100, three-story dwelling; voluntary sale.

80th St, 140 East, s s, 19.2 ft w of Lexington Av, 18.4x102.2, two-story dwelling; voluntary sale.

98th St, 127 West, n s, 201.2 ft w of Columbus Av, 24.9x100.11, five-story flat; executors' sale, estate of Karoline Frey, deceased.

112TH ST, 70 and 72 East, s s, 26.3 ft w of Park Av, two five-story tenements, each 26.3x75.11; voluntary sale.

First Chester, No. —214 to 218 Irving Av, three-story tenement and stores; assignee's sale.

Davidson Av, s w corner of Buchanan Place, 100x100; voluntary sale.

Brooklyn.—Grand Av, s w corner of Bergen St, 139.7x46.8 irregular, vacant; voluntary sale.

5th Av, 12, w s, 28.6 ft n of 8th St, 20.3x100, nine-story apartment house; Metropolitan Life Insurance Co. and others against W. N. Heard and others; Woodford, B. & B., attorneys; M. L. Stover, referee; due, $135,101; taxes, &c., $6,738.

Willett St, 90, e s, 200 ft n of Rivington St, 25x100, four-story tenement and stores and four-story tenement in rear; Minna Krueder, executrix, against Nathan Bloom and others; H. A. & C. E. Heydt, attorneys; J. M. Guedalla, referee; due, $20,715; taxes, &c., $860.

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Central Park West, 478-481, n w corner of 108th St, 100x100, two seven-story Melrose apartment houses; Hess Realty Co. against Frederick Tench et al.; M. G. Holstein, attorney; G. J. Gillespie, referee; due, $16,000.90; taxes, &c., $2,353; subject to first mortgage of $200,000.

By P. P. Ingraham & Co.

117th St, 15-17 West, n s, 205.7 ft w of 5th Av, 84.8x100.11, 6-story tenement; J. C. Rohn against Nelig Falk et al.; J. M. Hasler, attorney; Phoenix Ingraham, referee; due, $10,749.14; taxes, &c., $434.40.

By H. Mayers.

Eldridge St, 126-128, e s, 125 ft n of Broome St, 50x100, six-story tenement and stores; Diana Zipser against H. A. Rupp et al.; Feiner & St, attorneys; Morton Stein, referee; due, $9,104.90; taxes, &c., $540; subject to prior mortgages aggregating $85,639.90.

AT 3,208 3D AV.
By Henry Brady.

Paulding Av, e s, 125 ft s of 214th St, 25x103x irregular; Walter Wrightwell, executor, against Abraham Shatskin et al.; Clocke, K. & R., attorneys; M. B. Levine, referee; due, $198.90; taxes, &c., $65.

By Gustave Frye.

White Plains Road, 4,173-4,701, w s, 175 ft s of 242d St, w 128 ft to Richardson Av, x115x 100x n s s 98x185.5; H. F. Epple against C. J. Reinhardt et al.; L. S. French, attorney; Jacob Levy, referee; due, $10,785.05; taxes, &c., $9,550.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, NOV. 24.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. When attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, 41, n e s, 30.11x75.9 to alley x—x88.3; Arthur J. Gross and others to Clarence W. Seamens, 789 St. Mark's Av, Brooklyn, Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

BLEECKER ST, 41, n e s, 30.11x75.9 to alley x—x88.3; Bond St, 27, s w s, 25x114.4 to alley; West Broadway, 470, e s, 21.4x irregular; Edward De Witt, trustee, to Josephine Flament, 10 Rue de la Marie Boulogneseur, Seine, France, and others, April 8; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

CHRYSTIE ST, w s, 214.8 ft n e of Stanton St, 20x100; L. Frooks Engine Co. to Jacob Nussbaum, 225 Chrystie St, (mtg $30,000,) Nov. 22; attorney, D. A. Katske, 807 Fulton St, Brooklyn.....$100

LENOX AV, w s, 100.8 ft s of 123d St, 19x80; James M. Scofield to Henry Pressey, 207 Graham Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $20,000,) all liens, Jan. 10; attorneys, Marsh & Wever, 42 Broadway.....$100

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 145, e s, 82x100; Inner Circle Realty Corporation to Gardiner Sherart, 40 West 75th St, (mtg $65,000,) Nov. 21; attorneys, Earle & R., 105 Broadway.....$1

VESEY ST, n s, (184-85 Church farm,) 100 100; Vesey St, 55, n s, 24.10x irreg.x23.5x101.2; Howard St, 52½, n s, 14x57.7; Howard St, 52, n s, 14x57.6; Howard St, n s, 58.5 ft e of Mercer St, 20x78; Mercer St, e s, 58 ft n of Howard St, 21.5x58.7; 56th St, n s, 51.1 ft e of 6th Av, 20.10x100.5; 6th Av, n e corner of 50th St, 99.11x49.8x100.2x51.1; Adams Av, n corner of West Farms to Kingsbridge Road, n s, 100 ft e Jerome avenue 122.6x n w 127.6 to road x s e 179 to beginning, gore; Lot 40, map of Belmont Village, adjoining Lot 61, runs w along avenue 118.11 to Mapleton Av, n 67.3 x s e 100 x n e 148.7 to beginning; Jackson Av, n w s, adjoining Lots 79, 62, 63, 80, and 81, same map, 200x200; Jackson Av, s e s, adjoining Lots 90, 88, and 86, 100x200; Taylor Av, e s, Lot 170, same map, —x—; Taylor Av, w s, Lot 154, same map; Washington Av, s e s, adjoining Lot 191, 100x100; Washington Av, e s, adjoining Lot 188, 100x100; Washington Av, e corner of Columbus Av, 100x100; 6th Av, n e corner of 41st St, Brooklyn; also other land in Brooklyn, deed recorded in Kings County, Oct. 9, 1913; also land in Cayuga County, N. Y., and all other land in State of New York, wheresoever located of which Adam W. Spies died seized, (deed of trust,) Cornelia E. McDonald and others, heirs of Adam W. Spies, to Adam W. S. Cochrane, 44 Broadway, (mtg $2,000,) Joseph Kip, Rhinebeck, N. Y., trustees, in trust for A. De Witt Cochrane, Garrett B. Kip and others, all liens, Jan. 4; attorney, Frank L. Hall, 39 Broad St.....$100

11TH ST, 58 East, s s, 21.5x94.9, (foreclosure Nov. 21;) Samuel Strasbourger, referee, to Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., 1 Madison Av, all liens, Nov. 24; attorneys, Crawford, B & B, Madison Av.....$70,000

15TH ST, — East, (Hotel America;) L. A. Dodsworth to Blanch D., wife of John R. Van Ness, Westchester County, N. C., (mtg $45,000,) all title, Nov. 22; attorneys, Brasher & Black, Charlotte, N. C.....$6,839

36TH ST, n s, 85 f w of 2d Av, runs n 74.1x w 20x n 24.8x w 98.9 to street x s 100 to 40 to beginning; Roger S. Hart to Ellen F. H. Fogarty, 1,142 Franklin Av, B. & S., one-half part, (mtg $5,000,) all title, Nov. 24; attorney, John F. Yawger, 27 Cedar St.....$1

41ST ST, 351 East, n s, 20x98.9; Oscar R. Scheidenback and others to Edw. S. Scheidenback, 351 East 41st St, one-half part, all liens, Nov. 22; attorney, Edmund Bittner, 277 Broadway.....$100

54TH ST, n s, 75 ft w of 3d Av, runs n 25.5x w 20x n 75x w 25x s 100.5 to street x e 20 to beginning; Carmella R. Boyle, executrix of Dennis W. Buckley, to Josephine G. Buckley, 375 Park Av, Nov. 1, attorney R. P. Lydon, 35 Nassau St.....$35,000

80TH ST, s s, 448 ft e of Avenue A, 75x102.2; Dry Dock Realty Co. to Reed Realty Co., Inc., 99 Nassau St, (mtg $20,000,) all liens, Nov. 22; attorney, A. L. Phillips, 99 Nassau St.....$100

80TH ST, s s, 51.3 ft e of Lexington Av, 19.3x102.2; Edward G. Holtmann, trustee of Philip Wendland and others, to Philip Wendland and others, (mtg $16,000,) all liens, Nov. 24; attorneys, Stoddard & M., 128 Broadway.....$100

95TH ST, s s, 125 ft e of Amsterdam Av, 17x100.8; Esther Underhill to Julius Fishman & Sons, Inc., 299 Broadway, (mtg $10,000,) Nov. 24; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$1

116TH ST, 58, 58 East, s s, 20x100.11; Joseph K. Ellenbogen to the Saucon Realty Co., 220 Broadway, Nov. 21.....$1

102D ST, 302 West, s s, 25x250.11, (foreclosure Oct. 10;) John F. Farrell, referee, to Grace M. Birdsall, West Orange, N. J., (mtg $15,000,) Nov. 15; attorney, A. M. Birdsall, 115 Broadway.....$100

121ST ST, 240 West, n s, 16.8x100.11; James M. Scofield to Hy Presser, 207 Graham Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $8,500,) Aug. 2, 1912; attorneys, Marsh & Wever, 42 Broadway.....100

120TH ST, n s, 175.10 ft w of 5th Av, 17.1x irregular; Stuard Hirschman to Meta K. Oetjen, 1,205 Tinton Av, (mtg $7,000,) Nov. 15; attorney, New York Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

Bronx.

BRONX BOULEVARD, s w corner of Juliana St, 100x175; Alice G. O'Hara to Bronx Parkway Commission, 22 Pine St, Nov. 24.....$8,412

BRONX BOULEVARD, w s, 100 ft s w of Elizabeth St, 100x100; R. Parker Doak to Bronx Parkway Commission, 22 Pine St, Nov. 22.....$5,007

BRONX BOULEVARD, w s, 100 ft s of Rosewood St, 100x125; Emily R. Doak to R. Parker Doak, at Ossining, N. Y., May 16, quitclaim; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 100 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Mary J. Platt to same, July 10, quitclaim; attorney, same.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; Agnes M. FitzGerald to same, May 2, quitclaim; attorney, same..$1

SAME PROPERTY; Aline D. Doak and another, guardian, to same, Oct. 31; attorney, same.....$808

SAME PROPERTY; Catharine M. Rice to same, May 1, quitclaim; attorney, same..$1

SAME PROPERTY; Aline Doak to same, May 6, quitclaim; attorney, same.....$1

CLINTON AV, 1,353, w s, 24.9x87, Frederick B. Hohmann to Harry Reich, 125 West 101st St, (mtg $5,000,) Nov. 24; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.$100

HOE AV, 1,200, 109.9x—; Hoe Realty Co. to First Preferred Realty Corporation, 115 Broadway, Nov. 21, prior mtg $164,000; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

JEROME AV, w s, 400 ft n of 176th St, 75x100; James M. Scofield to Henry Presser, 207 Graham Av, Brooklyn, Feb. 27, 1911, (mtg $5,000,) attorneys, Marsh & W., 42 Broadway.....$100

LOT 119, map of Clasons Point; Clarence W. Beach to Henry A. Stadler, Jr., 1,350 Leland Av, Nov. 3; attorney, Lawyers Title Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

LOT 84, map of 107 lots of Hudson Park; Frances M. Collins to Louisa M. Ayerlee, 342 East 140th St, Nov. 24, (mtg $1,000;) attorney, E. Moore, 1 Liberty St.....$100

LOTS 324-326, map of 329 lots of F. P. & H. A. Forster; Arthur Weisbecker to Charles Weisbecker, Jr., 181 West 126th St, May 23; attorney, F. V. Mayforth, 99 Nassau St.$100

PARK AV, n w corner of 158th St, 87.6x 86.11; Robert J. Illwitzer to John Eggers, 2,073 Perry Av, July 21, (mtg $32,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

SAME PROPERTY; John Eggers to Alice A. Henry and another, 3,109 Park Av, (mtg $34,000,) Nov. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

TRINITY AV, 998, e s, 27.6x100; Mary E. Doyle to George W. McDermott, 980 Trinity Av, Nov. 24, (mtg $7,500;) attorney, F. V. Hirleman, 391 East 140th St.....$100

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 390 ft s of 171st St, 25x irregular to e s of Park Av x100x 290.10; Richard P. Otto to Lila O., wife of Carl O. Dels, 2,409 Broadway, (mtg $14,000,) Nov. 22; attorney, George W. Ellis, 149 Broadway.....$1

WASHINGTON AV, w s, 390 ft s of 171st St, 25x irregular to e s of Park Av x100x 290.10; Lila O., wife of Carl O. Dels, to Richard P. Otto, 600 East 170th St, (mtg $14,000,) Nov. 22; attorney, George W. Ellis, 149 Broadway.....$1

WASHINGTON AV, n w corner of 180th St, 50x91; William J. Ward to Lida J. Peat, 4,678 Park Av, Nov. 22, (mtg $12,000;) attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

WASHINGTON AV, n w corner of 180th St, 50x91; Lida J. Peat to Lillian A. Ward, 4,678 Park Av, (mtg $12,000,) Nov. 22; attorney, Title Guarantee Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

183D ST, s s, 75.6 ft e of Melrose Av, 37.6x 100; Mabel L. Kraft to Hy. C. Schilling, 1,170 Forest Av, Nov. 24; attorney, Robert H. Bergman, 3,219 3d Av.....$100

RECORDED MORTGAGES.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

Manhattan.

BLEECKER ST, 41, n e s, 30.11x75.9 to alley x—x88.3; Clarence W. Seamens to Arthur J. Gross, 700 West 179th St, and others, Nov. 20, due as per bond; attorney, Thomas O'Callaghen, 115 Broadway.....$15,000

8TH AV, 2,930, leasehold; Paul Babin to Melville H. Bearns, 95 Joralemon St, Brooklyn, Nov. 21, due, &c, as per bond; attorney, M. H. Bearns, 10 Hubert St.....$1,500

22D ST, 158 West, s s, 25x98.9; Cercle Francais de l'Harmonie, a corporation, to Ella A. Gray, 1,977 Broadway, Nov. 24, 5 years, 4½ B. & c; attorney, Charles P. Latting, 84 Pine St.....$20,000

45TH ST, 21 to 79 West, 97.6x100.5; Daniel S. McElroy to Joseph H. Hanigan, 51 West 58th St, Nov. 24, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, D. Daly, 32 Pine St.....$60,000

124TH ST, s s, 382.4 ft w of Lexington Av, 37.6x100.11; Gussie Deckiade to Harry E. Aronson, 319 125th St, Brooklyn, prior mtg $60,000, due 6P per bond, Nov. 1; attorneys, Brown & G., 135 Broadway.....$1,175

Bronx.

HOE AV, n s corner of Home St, 100.5x—; First Preferred Realty Corporation to Hoe Realty Co., 975 Home St, Nov. 21, due as per bond; attorneys, Wise & L., 40 Exchange Place.....$12,500

SAME PROPERTY; same to Central Mortgage Securities Co., 15 Broad St, prior mtg $104,000, Nov. 21, due May 21, 1914, 6 p. c.; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,500

HOE AV, w s, 276 ft s of 172d St, 50x100; Martin Tully Realty Co. to Stefan Pelger, 1,184 Fox St, prior mtg $30,000, Nov. 22, due Dec. 31, 1916, 6 p. c.; attorney, Joseph Heer, 891 East 149th St.....$6,000

HORTON ST, s e corner of City Island Av, 101x15.3x202x86.8; Annie Weaver to Grace D. Gaylor, Stamford, Conn., Nov. 22, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, B. L. Scott, 98 Nassau St.....$6,000

KELLY ST, w s, 100.5 ft s of 150th St, 25x 100; Richert Construction Co., Incorporated, to Jacob Mendelsohn, 98 Fort Washington Av, and another, Sept. 7, due as per bond; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$10,000

LOT 110, map of 300 lots, Pelham Point; Henry A. Stadler, Jr., to William Orgenpeter, West New Brighton, S. I., Nov. 3, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.$4,000

SAME PROPERTY; same to Clarence W. Beach, Clason's Point, Nov. 3, prior mtg $4,000, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$650

LOTS 51 and 52, map of North Melrose; Charles P. Conover to Mary A. Reehy, 1,451 East 42d St, Nov. 24, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Seybel & P., 41 Park Row.....$12,000

PLIMPTON AV, 1,625, w s, 22x100; Harry R. Van Demark to Frank Leslie or Mrs. Frank Leslie, 2,039 Broadway, Nov. 22, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance Co., 160 Broadway.....$6,000

VILLA AV, e s, 182.6 ft s of 204th St, 25x 130; Giuseppe Scatellaro to Frederick W. Van Slyck and another, administrators, Wappinger, N. Y., Nov. 22, 3 years, 6½ p. c; attorney, George Wood, Poughkeepsie.$5,000

150TH ST, 521 East, n s, 25x100.8x25.4x100; Meta Rugen to Bernheimer & Schwartz Pilsener Brewing Co., at Amsterdam Av and 125th St, Nov. 22, demand, 6 p. c.....$2,000

101ST ST, n s, 293.9 ft w of Elton Av, 50.11x 05.8; Charles P. Conover to Park Mortgage Co., 1 Park Row, Nov. 24, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Seybel & P., 41 Park Row.....$6,000

170TH ST, 612 East, 47.8x85.2; Adele E. Broomfield and another to Lawyers Mortgage Co., 59 Liberty St, Nov. 24, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$2,500

190TH ST, s s, 103 ft w of Webster Av, 27x 100; Fox Hall Realty Co. to Ruth Morgan, Stamford, Conn., Nov. 21, 3 years, 6 p. c.; attorney, B. Howle, 128 Broadway.....$2,500

RECORDED LEASES.

With name and address of lessee.

BROADWAY, s w corner of 80th St, all; Della Mason to Mason Realty Co., 200 West 42d St, 5 years from Nov. 1, 1913; attorney, E. J. Ludvigh, 31 Nassau St.....

CLASON POINT, known as Clason Point Baths, all; Clinton Stephens to Clason Point Baths Corporation, at Clason Point, N. Y., 5 years from July 16, 1913; attorneys, Thacher & W., 27 William St.....$8,000

EARTCHESTER ROAD, s w corner of Blondell Av, all; Salvatore Di Caprio to Joseph Marano, 1,634 Eastchester Road, 5 years from Jan. 1, 1913.....$1,200

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 354.5 ft s of Allus St, 14.1x irregular, Joseph Corn to Charles Friedman, 474 East 141st St, 10 years from March 1, 1914; attorney, Charles Frank, 27 Cedar St.....$5,000

207TH ST, 151 and 153 West, one store; Fabian Construction Co. to Edgar P. Lawson, on premises, 10 years from Jan. 1, 1914; attorney, J. G. White & Co., 814 Broadway.....$1,000

135TH ST, 602 to 608 West, also 609 to 619 West, all; Rosenthal & Grotta to Joseph Shenk, 601 West 107th St, 10 years from 1911.....$34,000 to $37,500

137TH ST, n s, 150 ft e of 5th Av, 25x99.10, the land; J. Sergeant Cram, trustee, to Gabriel Camposto, 345 East 119th St, 5 years from May 1, 1910.....$450

207TH ST, 552 West, all; Gustavus L. Lawrence to Jack T. Harris and another, 241 West 108th St, 10 years from Jan. 1, 1914; attorney, W. H. Freedman, 233 Broadway.

MECHANICS' LIENS.

BOWERY, 136; Philip Wiener against Julia A. Chase, owner; Leviton Gas and Light Company, contractor.....$69

BROADWAY, n e corner of 94th St, 99.6x 142.7; Selig Rosenberg against West 82d St, Realty Company, owner and contractor.....$4,990

BROADWAY, n s corner of 94th St, 99.6x 114.7; Otis Elevator Corpany against Harry Schiff, owner and contractor..$6,000

BROOK AV, 1,502; Davis Levin against Janee Levin, owner; J. Williams Bryant, owner and contractor.....$395

CASTLE HILL AV, 1,035; Abraham Mong against Anthony Buondiore, owner and contractor.....$60

PARK AV, 929 and 931; John H. Mork & Son against Nine Hundred and Twenty-nine Park Avenue Company, owner and contractor.....$245

PARK AV, s e corner of 103d St, 50x88; Houghtaling & Wittpenn against Kahn and Meyer Friedlander and Hulda Friedlander, owners; Supreme Building Company, contractor; Kahn & Frieder, sub-contractors, (renewal).....$513

PARK AV, 959; Acme Sanitary Safe Company, 929 Park Avenue Company, owner and contractor.....$60

SOUTH BOULEVARD, n corner corner of Baretto St, 200x95; Southern Boulevard, s w corner of Baretto St, 200x95; Adiletta & Dellacorte against Baronet Realty Company, owners; Austin Stone Works, Inc., contractor.....$85

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 157; Edward Lindhol against Bernard Rosenstock, owner; John R. Johnson, contractor.....$40

7TH AV, 2,420; Jacob Efron against Marion S. I. Martin, owner; Max Barth, contractor.....$483

36TH ST, 37 East; Harry E. Dashiell and others against Anna Moore, owner; George Mulligan Company, contractor.....$269

57TH ST, 44 and 46 West; Isidore Shkolnik against Mary A. Henshaw, trustee, et al.; Mary A. Henshaw, owners; Frank Krefetz, Inc., contractor.....$1,150

57TH ST, 500 West; Feinberg & Feinberg, Inc., against New York Ophthalmic & Aural Institute, owners; Willis & Marvin Company, contractor.....$18

94TH ST, 216 West; Brooklyn Foundry Company against Benton Hotel Company, owners; Kelly Iron Works, contractor.....$28

105TH ST, n s, whole front between Broadway and west End Av; same against same.....$4,760

106TH ST, n s, whole front between Broadway and West End Av, 192.3x109.4x150x irregular; Otis Elevator Company against West Eighty-second Street Company, owner and contractor.....$2,000

114TH ST, 83 East, Isidor Katzen and others against Charles S. Keyerson, owner; Henry Zack, contractor.....$45

121ST ST, 342 East; Hiller Slavin and others against Ruiseppo De Maria, owner and contractor.....$1,000

158TH ST, 310 East; Barnet Miller and others against Hoetzel Construction Company, owner and contractor.....$512

178TH ST, 508 West; Nathan Goden against Louis Ross, receiver, owner; Morris Winer, contractor.....$23

SATISFIED MECHANICS' LIENS.

29TH ST, 119 East; Frank C. Buckhout against Frederick L. Merriam and others, Oct. 28, 1913.....$48

173D ST, s s, whole front between Haven Av and Fort Washington Av; J. P. Duffy Co. against Fort Washington Avenue Realty Co. and others, Sept. 3, 1913.....$230

190TH ST, 607 West; Dellon Watnik Co. against Weber Turek Building Co., Inc., and others, Nov. 3, 1913.....$1,000

BUILDING LOAN CONTRACTS.

BLACKROCK AV, s s, 102.7 ft e of Virginia Av, 25x103.1; John Gallagher loans William Buhl, Inc.....$5,000

KELLY ST, w s, 100.5 ft s of 165th St, 25x 100; Jacob and Abraham Mendelsohn loan Keilbert Construction Co., Inc.....$19,000

LACOMBE AV, s s, 50 ft e of Beach Av, 25x100; William Grosspeter loans Henry A. Stadler, Jr.....$4,000

LIS PENDENS.

107TH ST, n s, 190 ft e of 5th Av, 40x100.11; Joseph Kendell against Joseph Solenke et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, A. A. Shlickerman.

VYSE AV, e s, 34 ft n of 179th St, 42x101.3; Norma Realty Co against Philip Sugarman et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, O. E. Davis.

2D ST, w s, 23 ft s of 20th Av, 23x102.6; Borth Bronx Realty Co against John J Reynolds et al., (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Kramer & Bourke.

LOT 143, map of Village of Wakefield, Bronx; Peter Duncan against Anna A. Owen et al., (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorneys, Kramer & Bourke.

MAPLE AV, n s, 50 ft w of 1st Av, 25x100; North Bronx Realty Co against William Moore et al., (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Kramer & Bourke.

116TH ST, 28 West; Sigmund Wechsler against Anna E. Jones et al., (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, R. V. Wechsler.

LOT 258, map of Tremont Terrace, Bronx; Aron Altman against Oscar L Lyons et al., (foreclosure of transfer of tax lien;) attorney, C. H. Schwartzman.

HAMILTON ST, 42 to 46, and property in Kings County; John E. Collins against Philip F. Collins et al., (partition;) attorneys, Bailey & Sullivan.

FOX ST, w s, 485 ft n of 163d St, 100x104.1; Abraham L. Kass against Rebecca Goldberg et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorneys, Horwitz & Feinberg.

136TH ST, s s, 287.6 ft w of Broadway, 43.9 x99.11; Stephen O Lockwood against Rosalia Noll et al., (amended foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, Crane & Lockwood.

50TH ST, s s, 250 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100.5; George H. Valentine et al. against John C. Maximos et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, R. C. Birkhahn.

BATHGATE AV, w s, 181.11 ft n of 3d Av, 25x105.6; Herman Kappes against Elise Heiss et al., (foreclosure of mortgage;) attorney, G. H. Hyde.

DALY AV, w s, 555.10

Real Estate

Real Estate—Out of City.

Don't pay rent; buy Southern land; buy all you can; prices from $15 an acre up; natural increase will return your money in a short time; well farmed, annual profits will run even more; dairying, live stock, poultry, fruit, and truck; these are a few of the big money-making lines; write now for "Southern Field" magazine and land lists. M. V. Richards, Land and Industrial Agent, Southern Railway, Room 219, Washington, D. C.

Real Estate for Exchange.

$4,500 PRESIDENT ST., near Albany Av.—New 2-family, stone, 13 rooms, every improvement. Driveway. For sale, exchange or to let. Also 691 ELMORE PL., (E. 22d St.,) cor. Farragut Road.—Doctor's detached residence, 10 rooms; plot 50x100; garage. Brokers paid. Open daily. Gilbert Elliott, 44 Court St., Brooklyn.

Real Estate Wanted.

AGENCY.—Management of property, economical, personal management; vacancies filled; experience; references. Bettmann, 1,122 Madison Av. Phone 1641 Lenox. 2,252 Seventh Av. Phone 3323 Morningside.

Mortgage Loans.

MORTGAGE MONEY.—Firsts, 5%; seconds, 6%. R. M. de Leeuw & Co., 15 Broad St.

City Houses to Let—Furnished.

Elegantly and completely furnished modern residences, 3 baths, finest section for select boarding place, or self furnishings; call quick. 512 West 149th, near Broadway.

To Let for Business Purposes.

SUPERIOR LOFTS, JAECKEL BUILDING, 16-18-20 West 32d St., near 5th Ave. High ceilings. Very light. Cheapest Fire Insurance in New York. Moderate Rent to Right Tenants.

86-90 Walker St.—Loft 25x90, rent $1,000; 50x90, rent $1,500; steam power, heat, automatic sprinkler, fire alarm, elevator. Inquire S. Hellinger, 309 Broadway. Phone 4945 Worth, or engineer on premises.

Attractive office or desk room in completely furnished suite in the Longacre Building, Broadway and 42d St. Apply J. W. Buckley.

26 Vesey St.—Exceptionally large, light lofts for rent. Apply to Superintendent Evening Post Building, 20 Vesey St.

278 10TH AV.—Large corner store and basement; adapted for any business; busy section; lease; moderate rent.

Office on Fifth Av., with partitions; rent $100; sublet May 1; $60. Apply Leslie, 128 Broadway.

Offices, very light, steam heated, 109 Broad St.; $15 per month up.

Wanted for Business Purposes.

Store for cafe between 34th and 59th, 5th to 8th Av. D 294 Times Downtown.

Apartments to Let

Furnished.

West Side.

A.—A.—CATHEDRAL PLAZA, 300 Cathedral Parkway, 110th, Columbus Av. 1, 2, AND 3 ROOMS.

Private bath, kitchenette, furnished, $30, $40, $50 up monthly; unfurnished, $25, $30, $40; elevator, hotel service; near 1, 9, and Subway; references; special rates on lease.

THE NEVADA, 70th St. and Broadway.

Seven light rooms, facing Broadway; exquisitely furnished; two baths. Apartment Phone, 684 Columbus.

HARPERLEY HALL.

N. W. Cor. Central Park West and 64th St. An exceptionally furnished apartment; 3 large rooms and kitchenette; rent, $1,600; refrigeration, restaurant; valet, maid service. Apply Superintendent. Phone 8500 Columbus.

TWO NEWLY FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO LET FOR THE SEASON; 8 LASCANNO COURT, 307 WEST 79TH ST. APPLY TO SUPERINTENDENT.

Apartment to sublet; three rooms, kitchen, bath; exclusive; admirable; lady or gentleman, bachelor, doctor, dentist; beautifully furnished or unfurnished. Appointment to view, R 41 Times.

Furnished apartments; short or long term leases, 2 to 12 rooms; $75 per month up. Slawson & Hobbs, 162 West 72d.

163d St., 100 West, (Near Ogden Av.)—Modern apartment; entire floor; seven large outside rooms.

101ST, 241 WEST.—EIGHT LARGE ROOMS, 2 BATHS, WELL FURNISHED, TO SUBLET. PHONE 3290 RIVER.—2 E.

39th St., 259 West.—Attractively furnished flats, 4 rooms, bath; steam; telephone; worth investigating.

85th, 1 West.—Beautifully furnished four rooms; high-class apartment, 3F. Phone Schuyler 8505.

61st.—High-class apartment, 7 rooms; $80. Phone 4008 Schuyler. Weaver.

Central Park West, (Nineties.)—Sunny, light rooms; two baths. Tel. 4901 Riverside.

East Side.

THE HAMPTON, 22 EAST 31ST. Exclusive, well-managed apartment, 2 to 4 rooms, with bath; furnished or unfurnished; table service optional; worth investigating.

Apartments Wanted—Furnished

Two women desire sublet furnished one-room apartment with kitchenette and bath; reasonable. L 103 Times.

Two rooms and bath below 59th St., east or west; $40-$50 per month. Address immediate, L 115 Times.

Wanted—Two or three room apartment; not over $50 per month. R 34 Times.

Apartments to Let

Unfurnished.

West Side.

$10 West 94th St., Near Riverside Drive.—Very desirable apartment of 8 rooms and 2 baths; very handsomely appointed; modern elevator building; will sublet to a desirable party unfurnished. Apply Janitor, on premises, or Pease & Elliman, 165 West 72d St., or 340 Madison Av.

411 West 114th St.—Very desirable apartment of eight rooms and two baths; very handsomely appointed; modern elevator building; will sublet to a desirable party unfurnished. Apply Supt. on premises, or Pease & Elliman, 165 West 72d St., or 340 Madison Av.

THE JEFFERSON.

324-328 West 51st St.

Very attractive apartments, four, seven rooms; elevator service; all improvements. Apply premises, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

311 WEST 128TH ST.,

northeast corner St. Nicholas Av.; very desirable corner apartment, six rooms, bath; all improvements; suitable doctor, dentist, or dressmaker. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

THE LINCOLN,

306-310 West 51st St.

Attractive apartment, four and five large, light rooms, bath; elevator; all modern improvements. Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

93D ST., 46 AND 48 WEST.

Seven and eight large rooms, bath; all light; fine location; half block from Park entrance and "L" express station; $50 to $62.50.

West 77th St.—Manhattan Square Hotel; two rooms and bath; SUBLET AT ONCE; big reduction. Address W. A. Rogers, Apartment 87.

NEW MARKEEN APARTMENTS,

156th STO West; finest; elevator; Washington Heights; mail chute; four, five rooms; moderate.

80th St., 160 West.—Single apartment house; eight rooms, bath; newly decorated. Janitor.

38-40 West 98th St.—Five light, large rooms; cheap rent; newly decorated. Janitor.

Five rooms, all improvements; very choice; owner premises, $45. 420 West 118th St.

East Side.

APARTMENTS TO LET.

UNFURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING.

Two rooms and bath, private $28.00
Four rooms and bath, front $34.00
Excellent meals served in handsome dining room if preferred. One dollar dinners for 50c.
THE HILLHURST, 124-160 East 91st St.

COR. MADISON AV. and 92D ST.—7 rooms and bath; all outside rooms, and convenient; reasonable rent. 1,202 Madison Av.

LEXINGTON AV., 75.—Bachelor's apartment; unusually attractive; three rooms, bath; services housekeeper.

SEVEN LARGE, LIGHT, AIRY ROOMS. All improvements; $50-$55. Inquire 175 East 95th St.

East 70th, 112.—Top floor private housekeeping apartment; desirable locality. 0863 Lenox.

Ideal apartment two rooms, bath and kitchenette. 12 East 30th St.

Brooklyn.

Elegant, all improvements, new apartment, rooms, bath; fronting Prospect Park; $35 to $45; two blocks Woodruff Avenue Brighton L station. 127 Parkside Avenue.

Storage.

AMERICAN STORAGE CO.—Store your furniture, $3; moving, $3 vanload; also boxing and shipping at moderate charges; send postal. American Storage Co., 501-505 West 52d St. Telephone 2917 Bryant.

ANSONIA STORAGE.

Moving, packing, and shipping; automobile vans for long-distance moving; let us estimate. Send postal. 137-139 West 98th St., or 3052 or 3053 Riverside.

Lost

LOST—Gold bar pin with circle, set with pearls and turquois, on 5th Av., between 56th and 59th Sts., or in Central Park, Sunday afternoon, Nov. 23. Suitable reward if returned to Mr. N. F. Read, 11 East 56th St.

LOST—Diamond and pink sapphire pendant set in platinum at Century Opera House or neighborhood 56th St. and 7th Av. Saturday; reward. Theo. B. Starr, Inc., 47th St. and 5th Av.

LOST—Raccoon neckpiece, taken by mistake at Horse Show Friday night; advertiser has yours. Call Deremeaux, phone 6458 Columbus. Address 939 8th Av.

LOST—A pair of tortoise-shell rimmed spectacles, in case, in 10:24 train from Rye last Thursday; reward. Notify M. S. Key, Kirkland, Rye, N. Y.

LOST—Umbrella, Sunday evening, at Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre, first balcony, man's umbrella with alligator head, bone handle; reward. H. Hommel, 113 4th Av.

LOST—Sunday, 5th Av., between 37th-39th, blue leather bag containing keys and money; reward. Phone 714—Plaza.

LOST—Metropolitan Opera House, matinee, Nov. 22, lady's umbrella, silver handle; suitable reward. R 20 Times.

LOST—Feb. initial "H. C."; reward for return. Harry Cohn, 50 East Morningside Av.

LOST—Pearl and diamond oval-shaped brooch; liberal reward. Mrs. Hull, 27 East 62d St.

LOST—8 A. E. fraternity pin; initial "C." on back. R 33 Times.

LOST—Reward to finder of money, 116th St., Monday. K Times Harlem.

$500 REWARD

FOR RETURN OF THE FIVE STAMPS (1869 INVERTS) THAT DISAPPEARED FROM THE INTERNATIONAL STAMP EXHIBITION, NEW YORK, NOV. 1, 1913; NO QUESTIONS ASKED. C. E. CHAPMAN, 2 WALL ST.

Lost and Found, Cats and Dogs.

LOST—Sunday morning, from 52 East 74th, white West Highland terrier; answers to the name of Bonnie. Liberal reward if returned to L. V. Froment.

LOST—Boston bulldog, brindle, white markings, white breast; green collar, brass trimmings; very liberal reward. Return 149 West 64th.

LOST—Small black and tan dog, 99th St. and Broadway; answers to the name of Monty; reward. 6139 Riverside.

LOST—Tiger cat; blue collar. More, 159 West 92d St.

Public Notices

I HEREBY GIVE NOTICE THAT I WILL not be responsible for any debts contracted by my wife, Mrs. Ida Lewis, she having left my bed and board. TOM LEWIS.

Business Opportunities

Capital (European) for sound enterprises; mining, electric railways, timber, &c., procured; underwriting and sale of BONDS and stocks; no connection with any other firm. Address Cooke & Byrne, 1 and 2 Molesworth St., Dublin, Ireland.

LIVE BUSINESS MAN with $15,000, can buy control in going manufacturing proposition; ready market; enormous return on investment; owner professional man without time for active management; references required. Y 330 Times.

Furnished house; three baths; furnishings, elegant and practically new, costing recently $2,000; great location for high-class boarding place; take $1,250 part cash, or lease house furnished; call at once. 512 West 149th St., near Broadway.

DENMARK.—Energetic agent, well introduced, wants representations of good American articles, (machines and technical goods;) first-class references. Knud Salomon, Nytorv, Copenhagen.

UNUSUAL INVESTMENT.

Wanted, party with $25,000 to purchase interest in well established retail business of ladies' high-class dresses, furs and hats. Apply Charles F. Warnock, 290 5th Av.

Allotment of stock dividend, payer 25 years; fully secured; would sell whole or part to immediate purchasers at par. Address Hall, R 20 Times.

New Coney Island Carousel Company, having new patents, offers ground floor opportunity for few investors. A 175 Times Downtown.

Motion picture theatre, 600 seats, newly built; exceptional proposition. Pitzer & Smith, 32 Union Square, and 1,480 Broadway.

Have honest business proposition; large profits; little cash needed; investigation invited. Box 150 Times.

Responsible party may secure a house, furnished and nearly filled with boarders, on easy terms. L 118 Times.

Active partner wanted by established export and import house. D 200 Times Downtown.

Drug store for sale; good business. Address Smith, Station B, Jacksonville, Florida.

I want to buy profitable business or partnership; have $7,500. P 98 Times.

Business Notices.

$3 buys the best written circular letter any one in New York can produce; any business; best advice; suggestions free. Call No. 1 Advertising Service, 1,182 Broadway, at 28th St.

Smokestacks and ventilating sheet metal work in all branches, light or heavy. J. Schumacker, 408 East 151st St. Tel. 6664 Melrose.

Accountant, 8 South William. Telephone 404 Broad. Books opened, disentangled; terms moderate; references.

Multigraphed letters, 300, $1.30; 1,000, $1.75; 10,000, $12; prompt. 'Phone Beekman 5350. G. B. Weatherford, 110 Nassau, Room 1,018.

Merchants in need of ready cash can have their account financed. Security Finance Company, 135 Broadway.

Boarders Wanted

East Side.

A.—47 5TH AV.—Handsome steam heated rooms, singly, en suite; table board; references.

117TH, 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large, small rooms; excellent board; table guests; telephone.

60TH, 126 EAST.—Well furnished rooms; good table; refined Jewish family; select neighborhood.

63D ST., 23-30 EAST.—Large rooms; private bath; other rooms; fine table.

IRVING PLACE, 70.—Desirable single rooms, with board; private family.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Desirable single rooms; excellent board; steam, telephone; table guests.

39TH ST., 49 WEST.—One room and bath, with or without board.

40TH, 68 WEST.—Established 25 years; rooms, suites; baths, telephones; superior table.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.—ROOMS; FIRST-CLASS; REFERENCE.

56TH ST., 63 WEST.—Desirable rooms; superior board; references.

57TH, 411 WEST.—THE LA GRANGE. TROUVILLE.

Accommodation unsurpassed. Double rooms, $16; single, $8. Steam Heated; Superior table; Southerners.

57TH ST., 351 WEST.—First-class large room; southern exposure; board; reference; telephone.

66TH, 56 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, exceptionally well-appointed house, for one or two persons desiring superior accommodations.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Desirable double, single rooms; private baths; Southerners accommodated; reasonable.

68TH, 72 WEST.—Comfortable room; a call may be to your advantage.

60TH ST., 103 WEST.—Large and small rooms; steam heat; table board optional.

70TH, 32 WEST.—Large, medium rooms; all conveniences; parlor dining; excellent table.

71ST, 135 WEST.—Exceptional course dinner, 50 cents; table board day, week; beautifully furnished double, single rooms; reasonable.

112ST ST., 120 WEST.

ATTRACTIVE ROOMS.

72D, 203 WEST.—Handsome rooms; private baths; beautiful, homelike house; white service; board optional.

72D, 117 WEST.—Suite of three rooms; all improvements; parlor dining room; telephone.

72D, 157 WEST.—Large room; southern exposure; well-appointed house.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—19th year; sunny rooms; baths; excellent table; references.

74TH, 127-129 WEST.—Large and medium sized rooms; home cooking; reasonable; table guests.

117TH, 104 WEST.—Pleasant, large room; private bath; hall room; telephone; references.

77TH, 102 WEST.—Well-furnished, medium room; heated; bath adjoining; private house.

77TH, 121 WEST.—Desirable warm single room, adjoining bath; gentlemen; private home.

70TH ST., 114 AND 132 WEST.

Homelike, unusual; private telephone; steam heat.

70TH ST., 102 WEST.—NEATLY FURNISHED ROOMS, COZY, COMFORTABLE; REFERENCES.

Boarders Wanted

West Side.

106-110 WEST 60TH.

THE HOUSE RICHARDS,

can accommodate a few table guests who appreciate pure, wholesome, well-balanced meals with refined surroundings.

82D, 52 WEST.—Large room, adjoining bath; board optional. Telephone Schuyler 8397.

82D, 55 WEST.—Large, desirable second floor front; hall room; baths; conveniences.

84TH, 55 WEST.—Magnificent second floor room; extension bath; parlor dining; references.

86TH ST., 114 WEST.—Large second-story front room; refined home; references.

89TH, 276 WEST.—Attractive double, single rooms; steam heat; electricity; table specialty.

94TH, 148 WEST.—Double, single rooms; running water; Southern cooking; table guests.

94TH, 14 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining. Telephone 3371 Riverside.

94TH, 16 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms with board; also back parlor; reference.

103D ST., 252 WEST, (Near West End.)—Bachelors, couples; excellent table board; references.

113TH, 625 WEST.—Large, front, southern rooms; unsurpassed table; quiet; efficient service.

121ST ST., 148 WEST.—Beautiful large room; excellent table; refined locality; American family.

123D, 23 WEST.—Large room, beautifully furnished; steam, electricity, telephone; reasonable; references. Cairo.

130TH, 250 WEST.—Large, sunny room to let, with good board.

140TH, 455 WEST.—Large room; electricity; well heated; large closets; private bath.

140TH ST., 540 TO 558 WEST.

Main entrance at 544 Convent.

Near B'way Subway and beautiful Riverside. Select, nicest and healthiest section.

"THE AUDUBON,"

select place, catering to refined people. Among 100 bright, clean, and newly decorated rooms, we offer the following vacancies:

Large rooms, electricity, 'phone, bath, $10, $12, $14 for one;
$15, $18, $20 for two.
Smaller rooms, $8 to $10.
Entire floor of two or three rooms and private bath, $20 up.
German kitchen.

Deliciously prepared meals; parlor dining rooms; separate tables; sitting rooms; every comfort; a home.

Telephone 2757 Audubon. Vondrann.

A BEAUTIFUL ROOM or suite, with bath; food wholesome and nourishing; vegetables fresh from the farm, and eggs, milk, and cream and butter; nuts and fruit; cooking that is homelike in its dainty ness and deliciousness; the cheerful company of refined people; attendance that is unobtrusive yet untiring; service solicitous yet not servile; immaculately clean and comfortable beds that invite sleep; a place for clean, refined people wishing to avoid the annoyances, worries, and cares of housekeeping and desiring a permanent home are invited; moderate rates. Telephone Audubon 2758 or call at 512 West 149th St.

Charming Permanent Home,

Away from city dust and noise, yet within 20 minutes from Manhattan; grand location, overlooking city, country, sea; cool in summer, warm in Winter.

"THE EVELYN LODGE."

Lovely, sunny rooms, suites, all outside, beautifully furnished, magnificent dining room, excellent chef and service; separate tables, everything sweet and clean, very attractive. Single, from $9; two, from $17; with meals. Take boat at Battery; fare 5 cents, 11 Cents. Central Av., Tompkinsville, S. I.

REFINED people looking for a home may find one at 2092 West 118th St.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE.—American aristocratic family; man paying guest; large, well-furnished room; private bath; meals served. 9411 Morningside.

THE HOUSE RICHARDS.

106-108-110 West 80th St.—A satisfactory home for permanent, refined people; all new, high-type furnishings; cuisine food; wholesome, generous, well-balanced meals; parlor dining room; table guests; reasonable.

THE WOODBURY,

Riverside Drive, 855, two blocks north 157th Subway; country house; wonderful grounds.

WEST END AV., 906, (103d St. Subway.)—Pleasant room; excellent table; refined home; parlor, dining.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST. 76 and 81, (Near Subway.)—Attractive rooms; good table. Phone 1159-W Main.

Board Wanted

BOARD and room, either furnished or unfurnished, wanted by woman going to business during the day; girl of 4½ years to be cared for in mother's absence. L 116 Times.

Refined young Spaniard seeks home with cultured American family, congenial and young people; references exchanged. B 18 Times Downtown.

BOARD WANTED in private family by young lady, west side. E. Opper, 311 West 112th St.

Furnished Rooms

East Side.

17TH, 130 EAST.—Desirable furnished large and small rooms; private house; reasonable.

24TH ST., 120 EAST.—Two-room suite; private bath; $7; smaller rooms; moderate.

28TH ST., 109 EAST, (Subway.)—Handsome; quiet, well-kept house; private baths; telephone; $2.50-$7.

34TH, 56 EAST.—Large, comfortably furnished, clean rooms; twin beds; suitable one or two gentlemen; $6, $7.

38TH, 8 EAST.—STUDIO AND SMALL ROOMS; REASONABLE.

44TH ST., 145 EAST.—Large and single room, neatly furnished; private house; gentleman.

45TH, 10 EAST.—Medium-size room, bath; gentleman; reference; $4.50.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Rooms, with or without private bath; gentlemen; references.

53D ST., 37 EAST.—ROOMS, WITH TABLE BOARD; REFERENCES.

90TH ST., 70 EAST.—Attractive rooms; private house; modern conveniences; scrupulously clean; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Front rooms; box spring beds; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness.

LEXINGTON AV., 586, (52d.) — Homelike room, back parlor; breakfast; telephone; references; select.

MADISON AV., 943.—Doctor would share a perfectly equipped office with another doctor; also a large front room and bath; electric light; steam heat; private house. Phone 96 Lenox.

MADISON AV., (84th St.)—Attractively furnished large, small rooms; neat; private bath; refined neighborhood; references.

West Side.

8TH ST., 26 WEST.—Gentlemen; beautifully furnished double, single rooms; adjoining bath, $25 upward; famous private residence. Telephone 3644 Spring.

9TH ST., 17 WEST.—Private residence; two charming rooms; gentlemen; conveniences; electricity; telephone; references.

22D, 209 WEST.—Single, double; private bath; electricity, steam; house quiet, select; good service.

23D ST., 423 WEST.—Large and small rooms; select house; electricity; bathrooms; Summer rates; also suite of rooms.

40TH, 36 WEST.—Comfortable large room, running water, bath; refined surroundings; gentleman; $8.

46TH, 28 WEST.—Bachelor apartment; private bath; small rooms.

47TH ST., 1 WEST.—Splendid room; bath, steam, electricity; suitable gentleman.

47TH, 53 WEST.—Large single rooms; private bathes; board optional. 4583 Bryant.

49TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large, sunny room, adjoining bath; gentlemen only; modern improvements.

53D, 62 WEST.—Small, cozy single room; southern exposure; quiet house.

55TH ST., 329 WEST.—Nice, comfortable rooms; running water; clean, quiet; telephone; references.

56TH, 63 WEST.—Steam-heated suites, rooms; private baths; newly decorated; moderate.

56TH, 351 WEST.—Large, single rooms; also front, rear parlor; shower; telephone.

56TH ST., 53 WEST.

Large room; references.

57TH ST., 411 WEST. (The La Grange.)—Several desirable vacancies; double rooms, $10; single, $8; superior cuisine.

58TH ST., 17 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable rooms, suites; private baths; board optional; references.

58TH ST., 360 WEST.—Two rooms, kitchen, for housekeeping; piano; telephone; elevator. Edwards.

68TH, 71 WEST.—Beautiful, sunny rooms, (or floor;) perfectly kept house; highest references.

68TH, 62 WEST.—Commodious room, en suite or separate; private bath; references.

60TH ST., 110 EAST.—Two large rooms, newly decorated; every convenience.

64TH ST., 155 WEST.—Attractively furnished large, small rooms; worth investigating; Winter rates one-half.

70TH, 272 WEST.—Two elegant, sunny rooms, adjoining bath; electricity; single or en suite; strictly private house; for gentlemen; references.

70TH, 61 WEST.—Exclusive rooms; gentlemen; must be seen to be appreciated; telephone.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

70TH ST., 136 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny rooms, well furnished; private bath optional; $8-$10.

71ST ST., 151 WEST.—Front, back parlor for doctor or studio; also large room; southern exposure; Subway "L"; telephone; reference.

71ST ST., 147 WEST.

Large, small rooms; hot water, heat; private house; gentlemen or married couples.

71ST, 308 WEST.—Newly furnished front, suitable two, $6. 9987 Columbus. Subway.

72D, 123 WEST.—Private family will rent rooms select bachelors only; furnished, unfurnished rooms; en suite; "L," Subway.

73D, 103 WEST.—Beautiful large, medium rooms; one or two; telephone; reference; reasonable.

73D, 160 WEST.—Pleasant front room in private house, suitable for two.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—19th year; sunny rooms; baths; excellent table; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; private baths; reasonable; references.

75TH ST., 111 WEST.—Elegant sunny rooms, with and without private bath; also hall room; conveniences; homelike; excellent table; references. Telephone Schuyler 1017.

76TH ST., 303 WEST.—Room; bath, electricity; parquet floors; private house; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 171 WEST.—Rooms, single or en suite; hot, cold water; moderate.

77TH ST., 126 WEST.—Large room; exceptionally handsomely furnished; dressing room; refined; moderate.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable small room; references; reasonable; gentlemen.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Two delightful sunny rooms; private bath; single, en suite; kitchenette; privileges. Reasonable to permanent party.

80TH ST., 159 WEST.—Bedroom, sitting room, adjoining bath; telephone, running water; no other roomers; gentlemen. Barnett.

82D, 70 WEST.—Sunny, cheerful, double, single rooms; baths; homelike; board optional.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large, small; reasonable; private house; telephone; references.

84TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large, light room, running water; handsomely furnished; "L." Lartigue.

85TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large rooms, handsomely furnished; well kept private house; telephone; reference.

85TH ST., 134 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with baths; heat; central; phone; private house.

86TH, 101 WEST.—Newly furnished room; telephone; breakfast optional; Subway, "L." Kuntz.

86TH ST., 302 WEST.—Attractively furnished suite; first flight; continuous hot water; references.

86TH, 310 WEST.—Attractive room; excellent location; conveniences; Subway, "L"; references.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, cheerful room; private bath; select house; telephone.

93D ST., 19 WEST.—Exceptionally well-furnished front room; running water, heat; reasonable.

93D ST., 27 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; "L," Subway; refined home; reasonable; telephone.

94TH ST., 122 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, with front sleeping room. Mrs. Kaspis.

94TH ST., 116 WEST.—Excellent furnished rooms; private house; telephone; Subway, elevated convenient; moderate.

94TH ST., 136-138 WEST. (The La Grand.)—Large front parlor; doctor or dentist; single room; excellent meals.

94TH ST., 34 WEST.—Large, desirable room; private bathroom; refined surroundings. Owner's reference.

95TH, 122 WEST.—Elegantly furnished front room; every convenience; private phone; great bargain.

95TH, 145 West.—Exceptional room, strictly private house; telephone; gentlemen; subway, "L."

96TH, 104 WEST.—Small, sunny room, bath adjoining; 2d floor; no other roomers; gentleman; references. Mrs. A. McManus.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; bath; dressing rooms; large closets; strictly private.

102D, 254 WEST.—Private house; refined environment; small, attractive room, adjoining bath.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house; near Riverside Drive; nicely furnished room; piano; telephone.

102D, 303 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Large front room; southern exposure; private house, desirable for man and wife; references.

103D ST., 128 WEST.—Trained nurse, seldom home, would share room, adjoining bath; private house; 'phone, Subway, elevated.

103D ST., 145 WEST.—Large front room; running water; private house; telephone; references.

107TH, (2,783 Broadway.)—Large sunny parlor, bedroom; handsomely furnished; piano. Apartment 6A.

107TH, 220 WEST.—Large parlor, bedroom; high-class apartment; business woman. Smith.

108TH ST., 211 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; bath, steam heat; two blocks Subway and "L"; use kitchen. Williams, 3802 Riverside.

112TH, 504 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, adjoining bath; modern elevator apartment; restaurant in building; telephone; reference. Hubbell.

112TH, 601 WEST.—Lady would rent large, beautiful room, facing Broadway. Mathilson.

113TH, 541 WEST, Apt. 24.—Desirable room, suitable two gentlemen; lavatory.

115TH ST., 606 WEST.—Large, medium, newly furnished; cleanliness; comforts; conveniences; one block subway express; near Riverside Drive; breakfast or board optional; Southern cooking. ROTHWELL.

115TH ST., 419 WEST.—Large, light room, adjoining bath; shower, elevator, telephone; vicinity of Columbia University. Lyman.

115TH ST., 403 WEST.—Elevator apartment; very desirable room; references. Apt. 22.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Attractive double room, overlooking park; exceptional table; moderate. Apt. 5.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Several excellent rooms, double, single; elevator, electricity. Apartment 41.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Nicely furnished single rooms; elevator; shower. Apt. 32.

119TH ST., 430 WEST.—Large, attractive room, near Columbia; reasonable. 3350 Morningside. Hammond.

122D ST., 540 WEST. (Broadway.)—Pleasant outside rooms; elevator, telephone, steam heat. Apply directly to Apartment 51.

124TH ST., 510 WEST.—Front rooms; single or en suite, with piano; housekeeping or for gentlemen. Robertson.

124TH ST., 510 WEST.—Beautiful, light, heated rooms, $2.50 up; elevator; telephone. Miller.

136TH (587 Riverside Drive).—Beautiful rooms, modern elevator apartment, overlooking Hudson; bus, subway transportation; board optional; reasonable. Apt. 4 A.

138TH ST., 608 WEST.—Two beautifully furnished, large rooms, with private bath; optional; absolutely private family; every convenience.

ALLERTON HOUSE, 300 WEST 22D ST. (For Bachelors Only.)

Hotel and club conveniences at rooming-house prices; new fireproof building; elevator; hot and cold running water in every room; tub and shower baths; all outside single rooms, $4 to $7 weekly; rooms for two, $3 to $3.50 weekly each.

BROADWAY, 3,301, (133d.)—Attractive room; heated; suitable two; board optional; modern. Mahrer.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 620 (corner of 139th St.).—Single or double, handsomely furnished room; adjoining bath, with shower; business gentleman; references. Avery.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 421, (corner 115th.)—Parlor bedroom; overlooking Hudson; meals. Apartment 27.

THE CLARKSON.

Elegantly furnished rooms, single, suites; private baths; weekly, $3.50 and up; monthly; transient; overlooking Hudson; 181st; Restaurant. Call 33 Apt. Phone 2473 Audubon.

WEST END AV., 841.—Two beautifully furnished outside rooms with private family; all modern conveniences. Mrs. Bailey.

Brooklyn.

WILLOW ST., 76 (Heights).—Large, comfortable room, with private family; adjacent bridge and Subway, $4. Telephone 6895 Main.

CRANBERRY ST., 13.—Lovely, well-heated rooms; homelike surroundings; all conveniences.

Rooms Wanted—Furnished

WANTED by gentleman, room with, or near bath; with private family preferred; must be convenient to Subway or elevated trains. Write, giving full information. R 42 Times.

Help Wanted Female

A NORWEGIAN servant girl to go South. Albert Petersen, the Norwegian Emigrants' Home.

Furnished Rooms

West Side.

707H ST., 136 WEST.—Comfortable, sunny rooms, well furnished; private bath optional; $8-$10.

71ST ST., 151 WEST.—Front, back parlor for doctor or studio; also large room; southern exposure; Subway "L"; telephone; reference.

71ST ST., 147 WEST.

Large, small rooms; hot water, heat; private house; gentlemen or married couples.

71ST, 308 WEST.—Newly furnished front, suitable two, $6. 9987 Columbus. Subway.

72D, 123 WEST.—Private family will rent rooms select bachelors only; furnished, unfurnished rooms; en suite; "L," Subway.

73D, 103 WEST.—Beautiful large, medium rooms; one or two; telephone; reference; reasonable.

73D, 160 WEST.—Pleasant front room in private house, suitable for two.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—19th year; sunny rooms; baths; excellent table; references.

74TH ST., 149 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; private baths; reasonable; references.

75TH ST., 111 WEST.—Elegant sunny rooms, with and without private bath; also hall room; conveniences; homelike; excellent table; references. Telephone Schuyler 1017.

76TH ST., 303 WEST.—Room; bath, electricity; parquet floors; private house; references.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; refined neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

76TH ST., 171 WEST.—Rooms, single or en suite; hot, cold water; moderate.

77TH ST., 126 WEST.—Large room; exceptionally handsomely furnished; dressing room; refined; moderate.

77TH ST., 111 WEST.—Desirable small room; references; reasonable; gentlemen.

79TH ST., 213 WEST.—Two delightful sunny rooms; private bath; single, en suite; kitchenette; privileges. Reasonable to permanent party.

80TH ST., 159 WEST.—Bedroom, sitting room, adjoining bath; telephone, running water; no other roomers; gentlemen. Barnett.

82D, 70 WEST.—Sunny, cheerful, double, single rooms; baths; homelike; board optional.

82D, 140 WEST.—Furnished rooms, large, small; reasonable; private house; telephone; references.

84TH ST., 66 WEST.—Large, light room, running water; handsomely furnished; "L." Lartigue.

85TH ST., 128 WEST.—Large rooms, handsomely furnished; well kept private house; telephone; reference.

85TH ST., 134 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with baths; heat; central; phone; private house.

86TH, 101 WEST.—Newly furnished room; telephone; breakfast optional; Subway, "L." Kuntz.

86TH ST., 302 WEST.—Attractively furnished suite; first flight; continuous hot water; references.

86TH, 310 WEST.—Attractive room; excellent location; conveniences; Subway, "L"; references.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, cheerful room; private bath; select house; telephone; references.

93D ST., 19 WEST.—Exceptionally well-furnished front room; running water, heat; reasonable.

93D ST., 27 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; "L," Subway; refined home; reasonable; telephone.

94TH ST., 122 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, with front sleeping room. Mrs. Kaspis.

94TH ST., 116 WEST.—Excellent furnished rooms; private house; telephone; Subway, elevated convenient; moderate.

94TH ST., 136-138 WEST. (The La Grand.)—Large front parlor; doctor or dentist; single room; excellent meals.

94TH ST., 34 WEST.—Large, desirable room; private bathroom; refined surroundings. Owner's reference.

95TH, 122 WEST.—Elegantly furnished front room; every convenience; private phone; great bargain.

95TH, 145 West.—Exceptional room, strictly private house; telephone; gentlemen; subway, "L."

96TH, 104 WEST.—Small, sunny room, bath adjoining; 2d floor; no other roomers; gentleman; references. Mrs. A. McManus.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; bath; dressing rooms; large closets; strictly private.

102D, 254 WEST.—Private house; refined environment; small, attractive room, adjoining bath.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house; near Riverside Drive; nicely furnished room; piano; telephone.

102D, 303 WEST, (near Riverside.)—Large front room; southern exposure; private house, desirable for man and wife; references.

103D ST., 128 WEST.—Trained nurse, seldom home, would share room, adjoining bath; private house; 'phone, Subway, elevated.

103D ST., 145 WEST.—Large front room; running water; private house; telephone; references.

107TH, (2,783 Broadway.)—Large sunny parlor, bedroom; handsomely furnished; piano. Apartment 6A.

107TH, 220 WEST.—Large parlor, bedroom; high-class apartment; business woman. Smith.

108TH ST., 211 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; bath, steam heat; two blocks Subway and "L"; use kitchen. Williams, 3802 Riverside.

112TH, 504 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, adjoining bath; modern elevator apartment; restaurant in building; telephone; reference. Hubbell.

112TH, 601 WEST.—Lady would rent large, beautiful room, facing Broadway. Mathilson.

113TH, 541 WEST, Apt. 24.—Desirable room, suitable two gentlemen; lavatory.

115TH ST., 606 WEST.—Large, medium, newly furnished; cleanliness; comforts; conveniences; one block subway express; near Riverside Drive; breakfast or board optional; Southern cooking. ROTHWELL.

115TH ST., 419 WEST.—Large, light room, adjoining bath; shower, elevator, telephone; vicinity of Columbia University. Lyman.

115TH ST., 403 WEST.—Elevator apartment; very desirable room; references. Apt. 22.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Attractive double room, overlooking park; exceptional table; moderate. Apt. 5.

118TH ST., 400 WEST.—Several excellent rooms, double, single; elevator, electricity. Apartment 41.

118TH, 419 WEST.—Nicely furnished single rooms; elevator; shower. Apt. 32.

119TH ST., 430 WEST.—Large, attractive room, near Columbia; reasonable. 3350 Morningside. Hammond.

122D ST., 540 WEST. (Broadway.)—Pleasant outside rooms; elevator, telephone, steam heat. Apply directly to Apartment 51.

124TH ST., 510 WEST.—Front rooms; single or en suite, with piano; housekeeping or for g

TIMES SQ. STATION NOW BEFORE BOARD

Plans to Care for Dual Subway Traffic Offered by Broadway Association's Engineer.

ANSWERS TO OBJECTIONS

Commission's Engineers Working on Plans Which Would Divide Two Express Stations.

The Times Square problem was taken up yesterday by the Public Service Commission for final study and determination. It had before it the suggestions of its own engineers, which have met with great opposition from a number of the residents, business men and property owners of the neighborhood, and also the proposals of the Broadway Association and the Forty-second Street Subway Association, as reduced to the form of a plan by Henry C. Opdycke, consulting engineer of the former body.

The point of issue is one of great importance to the city at large, as well as to those who have their places of business in Times Square, as the traffic returns of the present Subway show that there is no point now served by a local station which has anything like as many passengers starting from it as Times Square. Moreover, at Broadway and Forty-second Street the two great new rapid transit systems come closest to each other, and a natural point of transfer is formed. On the decision now taken by the commission as to the arrangement of stations at this point depends the convenience of travel of a large section of the population of the city for as long as the subway system lasts.

The view put forward by Mr. Opdycke was that the commission should recognize frankly that there would be daily a great stream of traffic to and from the southern end of Times Square, and that in order to avoid the congestion on the streets above the subway lines and in order to facilitate the transfer from the Eighth Avenue to the Seventh Avenue lines it would be necessary to bring the two stations as near together as possible, and connected by subways. Moreover, the Broadway Association had in one of its reports to the traveling public urged that the Seventh Avenue station should be made a "machine for distribution" rather than a "machine for collection," and that the Eighth Avenue station should be made a "machine for collection" rather than a "machine for distribution."

Mr. Opdycke's plan was to place the Seventh Avenue station under the Times Building, with a subway under Forty-second Street to the Eighth Avenue station, which would be placed under the Hotel Astor. The Seventh Avenue station would have a platform 600 feet long, with a width of 60 feet, and the Eighth Avenue station a platform 600 feet long and 40 feet wide. Mr. Opdycke proposed that the Seventh Avenue station should be used for the discharge of passengers, and the Eighth Avenue station for the reception of passengers.

Mr. Opdycke's plan was criticised by the engineers of the commission, who said that it would be impossible to keep the two streams of traffic separate, and that the Seventh Avenue station would be overcrowded. They proposed that the Seventh Avenue station should be placed under Seventh Avenue, between Forty-second and Forty-third Streets, and the Eighth Avenue station under Eighth Avenue, between Forty-second and Forty-third Streets, with a subway under Forty-second Street between the two stations. The Seventh Avenue station would have a platform 600 feet long and 60 feet wide, and the Eighth Avenue station a platform 600 feet long and 40 feet wide.

Mr. Opdycke objected to this plan on the ground that it would be impossible to keep the two streams of traffic separate, and that the Seventh Avenue station would be overcrowded. He said that the Seventh Avenue station should be placed